

## **ISLAMIC STUDIES**

### PROPHET MUHAMMAD (SAW)

- Holy Prophet was born in 571 A.D 22nd April.
- Father's name, Hazrat Abdullah.
- Mother's Name, Hazrat Amna.
- Maternal Grand Father's name Wahib bins Abdul Munnaf.
- Maternal Grandmother, Batarah.
- Real name of Abdu Mutalib was Shaba.
- Grandmother name, Fatima.
- 10 is the number of Uncles and 6 aunts.
- Prophet journeyed to Syria with Abu Talib at 12 years.
- At 25 Prophet married to Hazrat Khadija.
- Hazrat Khadija accepted Islam first in Women and in all.
- Hazrat Abu Bakar accepted first in Men.
- Hazrat Ali accepted first in Children.
- Varqa Bin Naufal verified Prophet for the first time.
- Holy prophet had 4 daughters and 3 sons.
- At age of 40 holy Prophet received first Wahy.
- Hazrat Zubaida (RA) was the second wife of Holy Prophet.
- In 622 A.D Holy Prophet migrated to madina.
- Hazrat Haleema was the foster mother of Holy Prophet.
- Besides Hazrat Haleema (RA) Holy Prophet (PBUH) said that Umme-e-Aemon is also my mother.
- Name the foster mother(s) of the Holy Prophet (SAW) Hazrat Halema (RA), Hazrat Sobia (RA) and Hazrat Khola (RA)
- How many years after the birth of Holy Prophet (SAW), Hazrat Aamina died? Six years
- Sheema was the foster sister of Holy Prophet.
- Abduallah Bin Abu Sheema was the foster brother of Prophet.
- Hazrat Haleema looked after the holy prophet for 4 years.
- 35 was the age at the time of Hajr-i-Aswad incident.
- Hazrat Bilal Habshi was the first slave to accept Islam.
- Wife of Abu Lahab used to spread throne in the way of prophet in 4th year of prophethood.
- Home of Hazrat Arqam (RA) used as the centre of secret preaching by the holy prophet.
- In 7th Nabvi boycott of Banu Hashim began.
- Hazrat Adam met with Holy Prophet on the first heaven.
- Hazrat Isa and Hazrat Yahya on 2nd.
- Hazrat Yaqub on 3rd.
- Hazrat Idrees on 4th.
- Hazrat Harron on 5th.
- Hazrat Musa on 6th.
- Hazrat Ibraheem on 7th.
- Al-Kaswa is the name of Camel on which prophet traveled.
- Prophet purchased mosque land at medina from two orphans.
- 45 Companions were with Prophet in migration to madina.
- Charter of Madina was issued on 1 A.H it had 53 Articles.
- Transfer of Qibla was ordered in 2nd A.H.

- 27 total no of Ghazwas.
- First Ghazwah of Islam was Widan, fought in 12th month of First Hijrah.
- Jang Badr occurred in 2 A.H. 313 Muslims fought in battle.
- Types of Hadith are 10.
- Imam Zuhri (RA) became the first to consolidate Ahadith.
- No of Hadith Collected by Abu Huraira (RA) 5374.
- Prophet hazrat Noah (AS) known as Shaikh al Anbiya
- Aby Ubaiduh Bin J iirah was entitled Ameen-ul Ummat.
- Hazrat Umar proposed Azan for the first time.
- The dome over the sacred Grave of the holy prophet is known as Dunbade-Khizra.
- Baitul Mamur is a place where seventy thousand angles were circumambulation during the Holy Ascension.
- Baitul Mamoor is on 7th Heaven.
- 4 kings accepted Islam when holy prophet sent them letters.
- Mosque of Zarar was demolished by prophet.
- Ume Salma was present at the time of the battle of Khyber.
- Hazrat Ali Conquered the fort of Qamus.
- Lady named Zainab tried to pois on the Holy Prophet.
- Prophet recited surah Al-Fatha at the conquest of Makkah .
- Hashim was grand father of prophet & brother of Muttalib.
- The name Muhamammad was proposed by Abdul Muttalib while the name Ahmed was proposed by Bibi Aminah.
- Migration from Mecca to Abyssinia took place in the 7th month of the 5th year of the mission i.e 615 A.d. The total number of migrated people was 15
- Second migration to Habsbah took place in 616 A.D.
- Second migration to Abyssinia 101 people with 18 females.
- After Amina's death, Ummay Aimen looked after Prophet.
- After Harb-e-Fajjar, Prophet took part in Halaf-ul-Fazul.
- Prophet made second business trip to Syria in 24th year of elephant.
- Friend of Khadija Nafeesa carried message of Nikah.
- Surname of Haleema Sadia was Ummay Kabtah.
- Surname of Prophet was Abu-ul-Qasim.
- Da'ia of the Prophet was Shifa who was mother of Abdul Rehman bin Auf.
- Abdul Mutalib died in 579 A.D.
- Masaira a slave of Khadija accompanied Prophet to Syria.
- Foster mothers of Prophet were Haleema, Sobia & Khola.
- First forster mother was Sobia who was mother of Hamza.
- For six years Haleema took care of Prophet.
- For two years Abdul Mutalib took care of Prophet.
- Prophet had two real paternal uncles i.e Zubair & Abu Talib.
- Zubair died before Prophethood.
- After 7 days the Aqeeqa ceremony of Prophet was held.
- Prophet belonged to Banu Hashim clan of Qurais h tribe.
- Among uncles Abbas & Hamza embraced Islam.
- Amina was buried at Abwa b/w Makkah & Madina.
- Six months before the Prophet's birth his father died.
- Prophet had no brother and no sister.
- Abdullah died at Madina.
- Prophet had six aunties.
- Foster father of Prophet was Haris.

- At the age of 15, Herb-e-Fajjar took place.
- Herb-e-Fajjar means war fought in the prohibited months.
- First father-in-law of Prophet was Khawalid.
- Aamina belonged to Bani Zohra tribe.
- Umar accepted Islam in 616 A.d.
- Social boycott of Banu Hashim took place in 7th Nabvi.
- Shi'b means valley.
- Social boycott continued for 3 years.
- A group of Madina met Prophet in 11th Nabvi.
- Uqba is located near Makkah.
- The group of Madinites belonged to Khazraj tribe.
- Accord of Uqba took place in 13th Nabvi.
- On 27th Rajab, 10 Nabvi the event of Miraj took place.
- 10th Nabvi was called Aam-ul-Hazan (year of grief).
- Name of the camel on which Prophet was riding in migration was Qaswa.
- Omaar bin Hisham was the original name of Abu Jehl.
- Abu-al-Hikm is the title of Abu Jehl.
- When did Hazrat Hamza (RA) embrace Islam Fifth Nabavi
- Persons included in Bait-e-Uqba Oola 12 and in Bait-e-Uqba Sani 75.
- Cave of Hira is 3 miles from Makkah.
- Hijra took place in 13th Nabvi.
- Second convent of Al-Aqba arrived at Makkah in 12th Nabvi.
- Medina is 448 Km from Makkah. (250 miles)
- Makkah conquest occurred in 8th year of Hijra.
- Prophet performed Hajj in 10th Hija.
- Prophet was buried in the hujra of Ayesha.
- Prophet was born in 1st Year of Elephant.
- Ambassadors sent to Arab & other countries in 7th Hijra.
- King of Iran tore away the message of Prophet.
- King of Byzantine in 7th Hijra was Hercules.
- After 6 years of the birth of Holy prophet Bibi Aamna died.
- After 8 years of the birth of Prophet Abdul Muttalib died.
- 632 A.D Charter of Madina.
- Holy Prophet demised at the age of 63.
- Hijrah year began with 14th Nabvi.
- 10th year of prophet hood is known as year of grief.
- First Azan was called out in 1. A.H.

#### UMMUL MOMINEEN(R.A)

- Umat-ul-Momineen is called to Wives of Holy prophet.
- Zainab bint Khazeema is known as Ummal Masakeen.
- Hazrat Umme-e-Salma the wife of holy prophet died in last.
- Abu Bakar gave the collection of Quran to Hazrat Hafsa.
- Khadija died on the tenth of Ramadan 10 Nabvi.
- Khadija was buried in Hujun above Makka
- In the Cottage of Hazrat Ayesha, prophet spent his last days.
- Khadija died at 65 years age.
- Last wife of Prophet Um Maimoona. (chk: J averia)
- Khadija belonged to the tribe of Banu Asad.
- First woman to lead an Islamic army Ayesha (J ange J amal)
- Ayesha narrated maximum number of ahadith.

- The second wife named Sauda.
- Zainub bint J aish (Surah Ahzab) was married to the Prophet though Allah's revelation or will.
- Daughter of Umer who married to Prophet was Hafsa.
- Ummul momineen died last was Umaay Salma.
- Hazrat Khadija was the first person to read Namaz amongst the Ummah of the Prophet.
- Umm-e-Salma was alive at Karbala tragedy. She was the last of the wives of Prophet to die.
- Ummul Momineen Ummay Habiba was daughter of Abu Sufyan.
- Ummul Momineen Ummay Habiba migrated to Abyssinia and Madina as well.
- Ummul Momineen Hazrat Safia was the progeny of Hazrat Haroon.
- After the victory of Khyber, Prophet married Hazrat Safia.
- Hazrat Maria Qibtiya gave birth to Hazrat Ibrahim, son of Prophet.
- Hazrat Khadija was buried at J annat-e-Moalla in Macca.
- Najashi was the king through which Prophet married to Ummay Habiba.
- The Umm-ul-Momineen J averia's actual name was Barrah.
- Hazrat Khadija received salutation from Allah.
- Third wife of Prophet was Hazrat Ayesha.
- Sauda said about Ayesha "My soul might be in her body"
- Hazrat Khadija was the only Ummul Momineen who was not buried in J annatul Baqi.
- Prophet not offerd funeral prayer of Khadija due to Allah's will.
- Ayesha is called Al-Tayyabeen.
- The eldest daughter of Prophet was Zainab.
- Grand daughter of Prophet was Ummamah.
- Hazrat Ruqia died on the day of the victory of battle of Badr she was the wife of Usman.
- After Ruqia's death Ummay Kalsoom married Usman.
- Qasim was born in 11 years before Prophethood.
- Hassan is known as Shabbar which means handsome.
- For 14 months Hasan remained Khalifa.
- Hasan is buried at J annat-ul-Baq'ee.
- Total number of sons of Prophet was 3.
- Eldest son of the Prophet Qasim.
- Third son-in-law of Prophet was Abul A'as.
- Hazrat Asad died first among the Sahabah.
- Hamza & Hussain are known as leader of Martyrs.
- Hazrat Usman Bin Talha was the Key holder of Kaaba.
- Hazrat Saad bin Ubi waqas conquered Persia firstly.
- Qabeela bin Qais is known as cup bearer of Zam Zam.
- Abbas was instrumental in bringing abu Sufiyan in Islam.
- Periods of Caliphs
- Abu Bakar 632-634
- Hazrat Umar 634-644
- Hazrat Usman 644-656
- Hazrat Ali 656-661
- Abu Bakar 2y 3m
- Hazrat Umar 10y 5m 21d.
- Hazrat Usman 12y.
- Hazrat Ali 4y 9m.
- Hazrat Abu Bakar was the merchant of cloth.
- Real name of Hazrat Abu Bakar was Abdullah.
- Apostasy movement took place in the khilafat of Abu Bakar.
- Hazrat Abu Bakar died in 22nd of J amadi-us-Sani 13 AH.

- Hazrat Umar embraced Islam at the age of 33 or 27.
- Abu Lulu Feroz, the slave martyred Hazrat Umar Farooq.
- Hazrat Umar Farooq was martyred on 1st Muharram 24 A.H.
- Hazrat Umar introduced Hijra Calender.
- Hazrat Usman is known as Zul Noorain because he wedded with two daughters of Prophet: Rukya+Umme Qulsoom.
- Usman accepted Islam at the instigation of Abu Bakar.
- Asadullah & Haider-e-Karar were the epithets of Hazrat Ali.
- Ali married Fatima in 2nd Hijra.
- Hazrat Ali was born at Khane-e-Kaaba.
- Hazrat Ali was martyred on 21st Ramzan 40 A.H.
- In Ghazwa Uhad Hazrat Ali was awarded with Zulifqar.
- Hazrat Umer accepted Islam in 616 A.D.
- Hazrat Umar established the office of Qazi.
- Hazrat Umar added As Salato Khairum Min Noum.
- Hazrat Umar embraced the Islam at the age of 34.
- Usman migrated to Habs ha
- Hazrat Usman participated in all battles except Badr.
- In the reign of Usama, Muwawiah established naval fleet.
- Only Sahabi without seeing Prophet Awaiz Kami.
- Umar levied zakat on horses.
- Ali lifted zakat on horses.
- Abu Bakr had knowledge of dreams.
- Usman added 2nd Azan for Friday prayers.
- Atique is the title of Hazrat Abu Bakr.
- Hazrat Umar established Department of Police.
- Hazrat Umar formed a parliament, namely Majlis-e-Aam.
- Ghani was the title of Hazrat Usman (RA).
- Hazrat Ali has the title the gateway to knowledge.
- Hazrat Ali remained Caliph for 4 years and 9 months.
- Hazrat Ali is buried at Najaf.
- Ameer Mavia established the postal system.
- Amer bin Aas embraced Islam in 7th Hijra.
- Khalid bin Waleed embraced Islam in 7th Hijra.
- First Moazin of Islam, Hazrat Bilal.
- The home of Hazrat Abu Ayub Ansaari was the first place where the Prophet stayed in Madina Shareef.
- The first person sent to spread Islam under the instructions of the Prophet was Mus'ab bin Umair who was sent to Madinah.
- The first person to make Ijtihad was Abu Bakr Siddique
- Hazrat Abu Zirr Ghaffari is known as the first Dervish.
- Abdullah ibn Maz'oom: first person buried in Jannatul Baqi.
- Hazrat Umar was the first person to perform Janazah Salaah in Jamaat with four Takbeers.
- First census of Islamic world in Umer's period.
- The first person to become murtad (out of the folds of Islam) was either Muqeem bin Khubaaba or Ubaidullah bin Jahash.
- Salah-udin Ayubi conquered Bait ul Muqadas.
- Shaikh Abdul Qadir Jilani is buried at Baghdad.
- Shah Jahan Mosque is at Thatta.
- Indonesia is the biggest Islamic Country Population wise.

- Maldives is the smallest Islamic country area wise.
- Hazrat Data Ganj Bux is buried in Lahore.
- Abyssinia is an old name of Ethiopia.
- Mesopotamia is the old name of Iraq.
- Constantinople is an old name of Istanbul.
- Persia is an old name of Iran.
- Albania is Europe's only Islamic country.
- Sinai Peninsula is only land bridge between Asia and Africa.
- Egypt connects Africa with Europe continent.
- Al Azhar University is in Cairo.
- Shah Faisal Mosque is in Islamabad.
- Jibraeel will be first person questioned on Day of Qiyamah.
- From amongst the animals, the first animal to be brought back to life will be the Buraaq of Prophet Muhammad.
- The first meal in Jannah will be fish liver.
- The first Ibaadat on earth was Tauba (repentance).
- The first Mujaddid of Islam is Hazrat Umar bin Abdul Aziz.
- First book of Hadith compiled was Muata by Imam Malik.
- Mosque of Prophet was damaged due to fire in the reign of Mutasim Billah.
- Jamia mosque of Damascus was built by Walid bin Malik.
- Badshahi mosque Lahore was built by Shah Jahan.
- Faisal mosque was opened for public in 1987.
- Umm-us-Saheehain is Imam Malik: Mauta.
- Mohd: bin Ismael Bukhari comprised of 4,000 hadiths
- Bukhari Sharif & Muslim Sharif are called Sahihain.
- Imam Tirmazy was a student of Abu Dawood.
- Imam Nisai=Ahmed bin Shoaib.
- Kitab-ul-Kharaj was written by Imam Abu Yousuf.
- Mahmood Ghaznavi called kidnapper of scholars.
- Dara Shakoh was a mystic.
- Mullana Nizam-ud-Din founded the school of Dars-e-Nizamia.
- Rabia Basry was born in 95 A.H.
- Baqee Billah revolted against Akbar's deen-e-Ilahi firstly.
- Shaikh Ahmed Sirhandi was given the title of Mujaddid alf Sani by Mullana Abdul Hakeem.
- Baba Fareed Ganj Shakr married to the daughter of Balban.
- Toosi built Margha astronomical observatory.
- Mamoon of west is al-Zahrawi.
- Shah Waliullah wrote Mawahb-ur-Rehman.

#### Al-Quran A

- Kalima Tayyaiba is mentioned in Quran for 2 times.
- The word Quran means "read one".
- 114 total number of Surah
- Surah means city of Refuge.
- 86 Makki Surah.
- 28 Madine Surah.
- 558 Rukus.
- Al-Baqrah is the longest Surah.
- Al- Kausar is the shortest Surah.
- Al-Nass is the last surah.
- 14 bows are in Quran.

- First bow occurs in 9th Para i.e Al-Inaam Surah.
- Al-Faitha is the preface of the holy Quran.
- Five verses were revealed in the first wahy.
- Namaz commanded in quran for 700 times.
- Al-Imam is the surah in which Hajj is commanded.
- Al-Mudassar-2nd Revealed Surah.
- Al-Muzammil- 3rd Revealed Surah.
- Al-Tauba does not start with Bismillah.
- Al-Namal contains two Bismillahs.
- Three surah starts with curse.
- 6666 is the number of Ayats.
- 29 total number of Mukata't.
- Hazrat Usman was the first Hafiz of the Holy Quran.
- Hazrat Khalid Bin Saeed, the first writer of Wahy.
- Gap between first wahy and second wahy was 6 months.
- 12 Ghazawahs described in Holy Quran.
- Abdullah Ibn Abbas, the first commentator of the Quran and also known as interpreter of the Quran.
- In surah Al-Saf, Hoy prophet is addressed as Ahmed.
- Ghar-e-Sor is mentioned in Surah Al-Tauba.
- 4 Surhas start with Qul. (chkd)
- Hazrat Umar proposed the compilation of Holy Quran.
- Al- Nasr is known as Surah Widah.
- First annulled order of holy quran was the transfer of Qibla.
- The word Islam occurs 6 times in the Quran.
- Abdul Malik Marwan applied the dots in the Holy Quran.
- Hajjaj bin yousuf applied diacritical points in Quran.
- 8 Siparas starts with Bismillah.
- 37 total number of surah in last parah.
- Al- Baqrah and Surah Al-Nissa is spread over 3 Parahs.
- Al-Falq and Al-Nas revealed at the same time.
- 3 Surah stats with "Ya Ayananabiyau".
- City of Rome is mentioned in Holy Quran.
- Surah Yaseen is known as Heart of Quran.
- Suran Rehman is known as beauty of Quran.
- Tafseer Ibn Kaseer was written by Hafiz Ismaeed Bin Umar-Imam Ud Din.
- First revealed surah was Al Alaq, 96 in arrangement
- Complete revelation in 23 years.
- Subject of Holy Quran is Man.
- Last Surah reveled in Al-Nasr.
- Risalat means to convey message.
- 25 prophets mentioned in holy Quran.
- Holy Quran consist 105684 words and 3236700 letters.
- Longest Ayat of Holy Quran is Ayatul Kursi.
- 6 Surah start with the name of prophets.
- Surah maryam wholly revealed for a woman.
- In Bani Israeel and Al-Najaf the event of Miraj is explained.
- Last revelation descended on 3rd Rabi-ul Awal and it was written by Abi- Bin Kab. (chk)
- Language of Divine Books.
- Taurat Hebrew

- Injil Siriac
- Zubur Siriac
- Holy Quran Arabic.
- Taurat was the first revealed book.
- Holy Quran was revealed in 22y 5m 14 days.
- There are 7 stages in Holy Quran.
- Abdullah Ibn Abbas is called as leader of commentators.
- Apollo 15 placed the copy of the Holy Quran on the moon.
- Tarjama-ul-Quran is written by Abdul-Kalam Azad.
- Theodore Bailey in 1143 translated Holy Quran in Latin, for the first time.
- First Muslim interpreter of Quran in English is Khalifa Abdul Hakeem.
- Shah Waliullah Translated Holy Quran in Persian and Shah Rafiuddin in Urdu in 1776.
- Hafiz Lakhvi translated Holy Quran in Punjabi.
- Ross translated the Holy Quran in to English.
- Surah Alaq was revealed on 18th Ramzan.(contradictory)
- Number of Aayats in al-Bakar is 286.
- Longest Makki Surah is Aaraf.
- Second longest Surah is Ashrah/ Al-Imran.
- Surah Kausar has 3 Aayats.
- First Surah compilation wise is Surah Fatiha.
- Fatiha means opening.
- Fatiha contains 7 aayats.
- Fatiha is also called Ummul Kitab.
- First surah revealed in Madina was surah Fatiha.
- Surah Fatiha revealed twice-in Makkah & Madina.
- Angles mentioned in Quran are 7.
- Meaning of Aayat is Sign.
- Meaning of Hadith is to take.
- Stone mentioned in Quran is ruby (Yaakut).
- First Sajda occurs in 9th Para, Al-Inaam Surah.
- Longest Surah (al-Bakr) covers 1/12th of Quran.
- Madni Surahs are generally longer.
- Madni Surahs consist of 1/3rd of Quran.
- Makki Surahs consist of 2/3rd of Quran.
- Surah Ikhlas is 112 Surah of Quran.
- First complete Madni Surah is Baqarah.
- Names of Quran mentioned in Quran is 55.
- Surahs named after animals are 4 in number.
- Namal means Ant.
- Surah Inaam means Camel.
- Surah Nahl means Honey bee.
- Surah Ankaboot means spider.
- The major part of Quran is revealed at night time.
- Generally aayats of Sajida occur in Makki Surahs.
- 10 virtues are blessed for recitation of one word of Quran.
- Surah Anfal means Cave.
- In Namal two bismillah occur (2nds one is at aayat no:30)
- Surah Kahf means the cave.
- Muzammil means Wrapped in garments.
- Kausar means Abundance.



- Nasr means Help.
- Ikhlas means Purity of faith.
- Falak means Dawn.
- Un-Nass means Mankind.
- Al-alq means Clot of blood.
- Alm Nashrah means Expansion.
- Uz-zukhruf means Ornaments.
- Surah Rahman is in 27th Para.
- Bride of Quran is Rahman Surah.
- Surah Yasin is in 22nd and 23rd Para.
- Present shape of quran is Taufeeqi.
- Quran is the greatest miracle of Prophet.
- Word surah has occurred in Quran 9 times.
- First seven aayats of quran are called Tawwal.
- The alphabet Alf comes most of times and Alf, Zuwad Alphabet comes least number of times.
- Quran is written in Prose & Poetry.
- Quran is also regarded as a manual of Science.
- Surah Alq is both Makki and Madni.
- Name of Muhammad is mentioned in Quran for 4 times.
- Adam is mentioned in Surah Aaraf.
- first Sindhi translation of Quran by Aakhund Azizullah Halai
- Torat means light.
- Zaboora means Pieces/ Book written in big letters.
- Injeel means Good news.
- 99 number of aayats describe Khatam-e- Nabuwat.
- Command against J uva & amputation of hands came 8th A.H
- Laws about orphanage revealed in 3 A.H.
- Laws about Zina revealed in 5 A.H.
- Laws about inheritance revealed in 3 A.H.
- In 4th A.H wine was prohibited.
- The order of Hijab for women revealed in 4th A.H.
- Ablution made obligatory in 5th A.H.
- In Surah Al-Nisa the commandment of Wuzu is present.
- Procedure of ablution is present in Surah Maidah.
- In 4 A.H Tayammum was granted.
- Interest was prohibited in 8th A.H.
- The order of Hijab revealed in 8th Hijrah. (chk)
- During ghazwa Banu Mustaliq the command of tayamum was revealed.
- Quran recited in Medina firstly in the mosque Nabuzdeeq.
- Quran verse abrogating a previous order is called Naasikh.
- First man to recite Quran in Makkah: Abdullah bin Masood.
- Forms of revelation granted to Prophet were 3 (wahi, Kashf, dream)
- First method of revelation of Quran Wahi.
- Kashf means Vision.
- Initially Quran was preserved in memory form.
- After Umar's death, copy of quran was passed on to Hafsa.
- Only Sahabi mentioned in Quran Zaid bin Haris. (surah ahzab)
- Paradise is mentioned in Quran for 150 times.
- Section of Paradise in which Prophets will dwell Mahmood.
- Doors of Hell are 7.

- Subterranean part of hell is Hawia.
- Number of angles of hell 19.
- Gate-keeper of hell Malik.
- Gate-keeper of heaven Rizwan.
- Place of heaven at which people whose good deeds equal bad deeds will be kept in Aaraf.
- A tree in hell emerging from its base is Zakoon.
- Name of the mountain of hell is Saud.
- Heaven on earth was built by Shadad.
- The word Islam has been used at 92 places in the holy quran.
- First revelation written by Khalid bin Saeed
- Last wahi written by Abi Ibn Kaaf.
- Last wahi came on 3rd Rabiul Awal 11 A.D
- In 15th Para the event of Miraj is mentioned.
- Except the name of Maryam the name of no other woman has come explicitly in the Quran.
- Iblees will not be punished with fire but with cold.
- Iblees's refusal to prostrate before man is mentioned in Kuran for 9 times.
- Iblees means "disappointed one".
- Al-Kausar relates to death of Qasim and Hazrat Abdullah
- Jibrail came 24 000 times into the court of the Prophet.
- Quran has been translated into fifty languages to date.
- If a woman marries the second time, she will be in Jannah with the second husband. (Hadith)
- The Earth and the Heaven were created by Allah in 6 days, it is described in Surah Yunus.
- Zaid bin Thabit collected the Quran in the form of Book.
- Tarjumanul Quran Abdullah bin Abbas.
- In Surah Muzzamil verse 73 reading quran slowly and clearly is ordained.
- 4 Mosque mentioned in Holy Quran.
- Jibraeel is referred in Quran as Ar-rooh.
- In Quran Rooh-al-Qudus is Jibrael it means holy spirit.
- In Quran Rooh-al-Ameen is Jibrael.
- Incharge of Provisions is Mekaeel.
- The angel who was sent to Prophets as a helper against enemies of Allah was Jibraeel.
- The Angel who sometimes carried Allah's punishment for His disobedients was Jibraeel.
- Jibrael is mentioned in Quran for three times.
- Old Testament is the Torait.
- New Testament is Injeel.
- Psalms is Zuboor.
- Gospel is Injeel.
- Prophet is called Farqaleet in Injeel.
- Taharat-e-Sughra is Wuzu.
- There are two types of Farz.
- Saloos-ul-Quran is Surah Ikhlas.
- Aroos-ul-Quran i.e bride of Quran is Al-Rehman.
- Meaning of Baqarah: The Goat
- In Surah Waqiya the word Al-Quran ul Hakeem is used.
- First Wahi was revealed on 17 Ramzan.
- Two Surahs are named with one letter heading.
- Surah Baqara & Ale Imran are known as Zuhraveen.
- Wine is termed in Quran as Khumar.
- The first authority for the compilation of Ahadis is .
- Sahih Bukhari contains 7397 ahadis.

## PROPHETS OF ISLAM

- Adam was created on Juma day.
- Adam landed in Sri Lanka on Adam's Peak Mountain.
- Adam is a word of Syriani language.
- Adam had 2 daughters.
- Kabeel killed Habeel because he wanted to marry Akleema.
- The first person to be put into Hell will be Qaabil.
- Adam had 3 sons.
- Shees was youngest son of Adam.
- Age of Adam at Sheesh's birth was 130 years.
- Adam walked from India to Makkah and performed forty Hajj.
- Adam knew 100 000 languages. (Roohul Bayaan)
- Abul Basher is called to Hazrat Adam.
- Hazrat Adam built first mosque on earth.
- Height of Adam was 90 feet.
- Age of Adam at the time of his death 950 years.
- Hazrat Adam's grave is in Saudi Arabia.
- Second prophet is Sheesh.
- Sheesh passed away at the age of 912 years.
- Noah got prophethood at the age of 40
- Noah's ark was 400 x 100 yards area.
- Ark of Noah stopped at Judi Mountain (Turkey).
- Noah preached for 950 years.
- Nation of Noah worshipped 5 idols.
- Nation of Noah was exterminated through the flood.
- Pigeon was sent for the search of land by Hazrat Nooh.
- Noah was sent to Iraq.
- 2242 years after Adam, Toofan-e-Noah occurred.
- About 80 people were with him in the boat.
- Duration of storm of Noah was for 6 months.
- Noah lived for 950 years.
- Nooh is called predecessor, Naji Ullah; Shaikh ul Ambiya.
- Abu ul Bashr Sani is title of Noah.
- After toofan-e-nooh, the city establish was Khasran
- Ibrahim was thrown into the fire by the order of Namrud.
- Hazrat Ibraheem intended to sacrifice Ismaeel at Mina.
- Ibrahim was born at Amer near Euphrate (Iraq)
- Ibraheem was firstly ordered to migrate to Palestine.
- First wife of Ibraheem was Saarah.
- Second wife of Ibraheem was Haajirah.
- Azaab of mosquitoes was sent to the nation of Ibrahim
- Abraham is called khalilullah, father of prophets and Idol Destroyer.
- Age of Abraham at the time of his death 175 years.
- Grave of Abraham is in Israel.(Syria chk it).
- Ibrahim is buried at Hebron in Jerusalem.
- Abraham invented comb.
- Hazrat Loot was contemporary of Hazrat Ibraheem
- Abraham remained in fire 40 days.
- Terah or Aazer was the father of Ibraheem.

- Grave of Lut is in Iraq.
- Luut died at Palestine and is buried at Hebron.
- Ibraheem was the uncle of Luut.
- Loot was maternal grandfather of Ayub.
- Hazart Loot was the first to migrate.
- Luut resided at Ur near Mesopotamia.
- Luut migrated to Sodom and Gomorrah
- Ismaeel is called Abu-al-Arab.
- Mother of Ismaeel was Haajrah.
- Ishaq built boundaries of Masjid-e-Aqsa.
- Ishaq was sent to Jews.
- At Muqam-e-Ibraheem, there are imprints of Ibraheem.
- Ibrahim was first person to circumcise himself and his son.
- Sara wife of Ibrahim and mother of Ishaq was sister of Loot.
- Hajra the wife of Ibrahim was daughter of Pharaoh of Egypt.
- Ibrahim was 86 years old when Ismael was born.
- Ibrahim was ordered to migrate along with family to valley of Batha meaning Makkah.
- Ibrahim was sent to Jordan after leaving Haajrah and Ismaeel
- Age of Ibraheem at the birth of Ishaq was 100 years and of Saarah was 90 years.
- First wife of Ibrahim resided at Palestine.
- Ibrahim intended to sacrifice Ismaeel at Mina on 10th Zul Hajj.
- As a result of sacrifice of Ismael, Ibrahim was gifted a baby from Saarah named Ishaq.
- Zam Zam emerged from beneath the foot of Hazrat Ismaeel in the valley of Batha (Makkah).
- Hazrat Ismail discovered Hajar-e-Aswad.
- Ismaeel had 15 sons.
- Zabeeullah and Abu al Arab are called to Hazrat Ismaeel.
- Ismael divorced his wife being discourteous.
- Jibrael brought sacred stone to Ismael.
- Original colour of the sacred stone was white.
- Gabriel gave the news of Ishaq to Ibrahim.
- Ishaq married Rebecca.
- Old name of Makkah was Batha.
- Hazrat Idrees was expert in astronomy.
- Uzair became alive after remaining dead for one hundred years.
- Whale Swallowed Hazrat Younus (AS).(chk)
- Hazrat Yaqub has the title of Israel
- 1 Lac 24 thousand- total number of prophets.
- Hazrat Idrees was the first who learnt to write.
- How many Sahifay were revealed to Hazrat Idrees (AS)? 30
- Prophet Yahya A.S was sent to people of Jordan.
- Hazrat Idrees (A.S) set up 180 cities.
- Prophet Ishaq A.S lost his eye sight in old age.
- Hazrat Dawood could mould iron easily with his hand.
- The event of ring is related to Hazrat Sulaiman.
- Hazrat Moosa(A.S) had impediment in his tongue
- Moosa was granted 9 miracles.
- Musa crossed the Red Sea.
- The prophet mentioned in Quran for most of times is Moosa.
- Ten commandments were revealed on Moosa.
- Moosa died on Abareem mountain.

- Grave of Musa is in Israel.
- Teacher of Moosa was Shoaib.
- Moosa was brought up by Aasia Bint Mozahim.
- Elder brother of Moosa was Haroon.
- Moosa had only one brother.
- In Toowa valley Moosa was granted prophethood.
- An Egyptian was killed by Moosa.
- Haroon was an eloquent speaker.
- Haroon is buried at Ohad.
- Haroon & Musa both were prophets and contemporaries.
- Prophet Ayub suffered from Skin Disease.
- Hazrat Ayub was famous for his patience.
- The miracle of Dromedary (camel) is concerned with Saleh
- 4 prophets were sent to Bani Israeel.
- 722 languages were understood by Hazrat Idrees.
- Hazrat Saleh invented Soap.
- Kalori: hill, from where Isa was lifted alive.
- Zikraiya was carpenter.
- Harzat Zikraiya was cut with the Saw.
- Adam & Dawood are addressed as Khalifa in Quran.
- Sulaiman & Dawood understood language of the birds.
- The tree of date palm grew on the earth for the first time.
- At Hanif mosque at Mina almost 70 prophets are buried.
- Prophets attached with the profession of weaving are Adam, Idrees & Shaeet.
- Hazrat younus was eaten by shark fish.
- Yunus prayed LAILAH ANTA SUBHANAK INI KUNTUM MINAZALIMIN in the belly of fish.
- Grave of Dawood is in Israel.
- Yahya's tomb is in Damascus.
- Bilal Habshi is buried in Damascus.
- Prophet with melodious voice Dawood.
- Alive prophets are Isa & Khizr.

#### ISLAM

- Istalam is kissing of Hajr Aswad.
- Islam has 2 major sects.
- There are 5 fundamentals of Islam.
- 2 types of faith.
- 5 Articles of faith.
- Tehlil means the recitation of Kalima.
- Deen-e-Hanif is an old name of Islam.
- First institution of Islam is Suffah.
- Haq Mahar in Islam is fixed only 400 misqal.
- Ijma means ageing upon any subject.
- Qayas means reasoning by analogy.
- There are four schools of thought of Islamic Law.
- Janatul Baki is situated in Madina.
- Masjid-e-Hanif is located in Mina.
- JANATUL MOALA is a graveyard in MECCA.
- Qazaf: false accusation of adultery punishable with 80 lashes.
- Lyla-tul-Barrah means the Night of Forgiveness.
- Karam-un-Katibin means Illustrious writers.

- Oldest mosque on earth is Kaabatullah.
- 1st Kalima=Tayyab, 2nd =Shahadat, 3rd =Tamjeed, 4th =Tauheed, 5th =Astaghfar, 6th =Rad-e Kufar
- Qiblah means anything in front.
- Saabi is one who changes his religion.
- Sidrat-ul-Mantaha means last tree of the Eternity.
- Jaabi is one who collects Zakat.
- First collection of Ahadith is Sahifah-e-Saadiga.
- Saying of Prophet are called Wahi Ghair Matlooh.
- In iman-e-Mufassal essential beliefs are 7 in number.
- The most exalted angels are four.
- Greatest angel as per Islam is Jibra'eel.
- Each human being is attended permanently by two angels.
- Barzakh: time period between death and Day of Judgment.
- Another name of surah Ali-Isra is bani Israel.

#### NAMAZ

- 48 total numbers of Rakats are in Farz prayer.
- Namaz-e-Khasoof is offered for Moon Eclipse.
- Namaz-e-Kasoof is offered for Solar Eclipse.
- Namaz-e-Istasqa is offered for Rain.
- Holy Prophet offered Jumma Prayer in 1. A.H.
- Namaz-e-Istasqa is offered with backside of hands upward.
- Holy prophet offered first Eid Prayer in 2. A.H.
- Eid Namaz is Wajib.
- Madurak is the person who starts prayer with Immam.
- Musbaq is the person who comes after one rakat.
- Fajar and Isha were essential in the early period of Islam.
- Tahajud mean abandon sleep.
- Qaada is to sit straight in Salat.
- Jasla is short pause between two sajdas.
- Qaumaa is standing straight during Rukus.
- A person who performs prayer alone is Munfarid.
- Farz in wuzu=4, Sunats=14.
- Farz in Ghusual=3, Sunats=5
- Types of Sunnah prayer are of two types.
- In Fajr, Maghrib & witr no change in farz rakaat in case of Qasr.
- Takbeer-e-Tashreeq is recited in Eid-ul-Uzha.
- Jumma prayer is Farz salat.
- Conditions of Salat are Seven.
- takbeer-e-Tehreema are to be said in the salat: one.
- Jasla is wajib.
- To sit straight in Salat is called Qa'ada.
- Qa'ada is farz.
- Two persons are required for a Jamat prayer.
- Salat Juma became Farz in Madina.
- Five salat made compulsory in 10th Nabvi.

#### ZAKAT

- Zakat means to purify.
- Zakat was made obligatory in 2. A.H.
- 7-1/2 is the nasab of gold and 52-1/2 tolas for silver.

- Injunction of utilization of zakat is in Surah-al Tauba.
- Number of heads for distribution of zakat are 8.
- Zakat mentioned along with Namaz in the Quran 22 times.
- 5 Camels, 40 goats, 3 cows and buffaloes is nisab for zakat.
- 1/10 is the nisab of irrigated produce.
- Zakat is treasure of Islam; it is the saying of holy prophet.
- Usher means 1/10.
- Khums means 1/5.
- Word Zakat occurs in Quran for 32 times.
- In 2nd A.H the rate and method of distribution of Zakat was determined at Madina.
- Kharaj is spoils of war.
- Fay is income from town lands.
- Zakat on produce of mines is 1/5th.
- Ushr on artificially irrigated land is 1/20th.
- Al-Gharmain means debtors.
- There are two types of zakat.
- FASTING
- Fast means to stop.
- Fasting made obligatory in 2nd A.H.
- Fasting is commanded in al-Bakarah.
- Feed 60 people is the atonement for breaking the fast or sixty continuous fasts..
- Bab-ul-Riayn is the door for fast observing people.
- Tarawih means to rest.
- Battle of Badr was fought in very first of Ramzan on 17th.
- Umar arranged the Namaz-e-Tarawih.
- Month of Ramzan is known as Sayeed us Shahoor.
- Five days are forbidden for fasting throughout the year.
- Wajib means ordained.
- 1st Ashra of Ramzan=Ashra-e-Rehmat.
- 2nd Ashra=Ashra-e-Maghfirat.
- 3rd Ashra=Ashra-e-Nijat.
- HAJJ
- Hajj means to intend.
- Hajj made compulsory in 9 A.H.
- First Hajj offered in 9 A.H.
- Hajj ordained in Surah Bakr.
- The holy prophet performed only 1 Hajj in 10th A.H.
- There are 3 types of Hajj.
- One tawaf of Kaaba is known as Shoot.
- Tawaf begins from Shoot.
- Number of J amarat is 3.
- Mosque located in Mina is Kheef.
- At Meekat, Hujjaj assume the state of Ihram.
- Kalima Tauheed is recited during Hajj.
- At Mina the ritual of offering sacrifice is performed
- J amarat-throwing of pebbles, it is performed on 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th of Zul Hajj.
- Maghrib and Isha both prayers are offered together at Muzdalifa on 9th Zil Hajj.
- Yome-Afra is called to Hajj day.
- Name of the place where the pilgrims go from Arafat: Muzdalfa.
- First structure of Kaaba was built by Adam.

- Ibrahim & Ismail rebuilt Kaaba 4500 years ago.
- Yum-e-Nahar is called to the Day of Sacrifice.
- Yum e Arafat is 9th Zul Hajj.
- One khutba is recited during Hajj.
- Al-Imam is the surah in which Hajj is commanded.
- Holy prophet sacrificed 63 camels during hajj.
- Adam and Hazrat Hawa performed the first ever Hajj.
- Running b/w Safa & Marwa seven times is called Sayee.
- Most important step of Hajj after assuming Ahram is Wuquf.
- Waqoof-e-Arafah is the Rukn-e-Azam of Hajj
- With the performance of Rami on the 10th Zil-Hajj, the most of the bindings of Hajj on the pilgrim are released.
- Three upright stones are called J amarat.
- After Waquf the most important step is Tawaf.
- In Hajj there are three obligations (Farz).
- Umrah can be performed at any time throughout the year except 9th to 11th Zil-Hajj.
- Hujjaj stay at Mina for one day, the second day at Arafat and the final day, encampment is done for a night at Muzdalfah, it is called Wuquf.
- Who said that Hajj is greatest of all worships: Imam Malik.
- How many undesirable acts of Ihraam are there: six.
- How many permitted acts of Ihraam are there: Four.
- Prohibitions and restrictions of Ihram are 8.
- The first and the foremost Farz of Hajj and Umrah is Ihram.
- The first and inner most circle around Ka'ba is Masjid-e-Haram.
- The second circle around Kaba is Makkah Mukaramah.
- The third circle around Kaba is Haram.
- Who firstly fixed boundaries of Haram, the third circle around Kaaba: Adam.
- The fourth circle around Kaba is Mowaqeet.
- The place where no one can advance without putting on Ihram is Mowaqeet.
- Two thousand years before the creation of Adam, Kaba was constructed.
- Angels built Kaba firstly in the universe.
- During the Noah's time Kaaba disappeared due to flood.
- The gate which is the best for the pilgrims to enter in Kaba is Bab-e-Salam.
- Hajr-e-Aswad means black stone.
- Actual color of Hajr-e-Aswad was white.
- The small piece of land b/w Rukn-e-Islam and Rukn-e-Yamani is called Hateem.
- The place where offering prayer is just like offering prayer inside Kaba is Hateem.
- There are five types of Tawaf.
- Hajji go to Al-Multazim after completing the seven rounds.
- Al-Multazim means the place of holding.
- The portion of the wall of Kaba which is b/w its door and Hajr-e-Aswad is called al-Multazim.
- Sayee is commenced from Safa and ends at Marwa.
- After performing Say'ee Hujjaj go to Mina.
- Muzdalfa is a plain.
- Muzdalfa is located b/w Mina & Arafat.
- Muzdalfa is located six miles from Makkah.
- From Mina Muzdalfa is three miles away.
- Muzdalfa is called Sacred Monument in Quran.
- At Muzdalfa Maghrib & Isha prayers are offered together.
- Pebbles are collected from Muzdalfa.



- J amarat which is nearest to Makkah is called J amarat-ul-Uqba.
- Smallest J amarat is J amarat-al-Sughra.
- Rami is held at Mina.
- Talbiah is stopped after Rami.
- Afrad, Qar'ran and Tamatae are the types of Hajj.
- Dhulhulaifah is the Meeqat for the people of Pakistan.
- Dhulhulaifah is a point six mile from Madina.

# **EVERY DAY SCIENCE**

(1) Person with following blood group are considered to be universal recipient.

- a. A+
- b. B+
- c. AB+
- d. O+
- e. None of these**

*The AB+ group is considered to be universal recipient*

(2) Study of life in outer space is known as:

- a. Endobiology
- b. Exobiology**
- c. Enterobiology
- d. Neobiology
- e. Micro biology

(3) The name of the common mineral salt present in seat is:

- a. Calcium Oxalate
- b. Potassium Sulphate
- c. Sodium Chloride
- d. Iron Sulphate
- e. None of these

(4) Sensitive layer of the eye is:

- a. Choroids
- b. Sclerotic
- c. Retina**
- d. Cornea
- e. None of these

(5) Laughing gas has chemical composition of following two elements.

- a. Nitrogen + Hydrogen
- b. Nitrogen + Carbon
- c. Nitrogen + Oxygen**
- d. Oxygen + Carbon
- e. None of these

(6) Dr. Abdus Salam of Pakistan was one of the contributors of the unification of:

- a. Electromagnetic force and gravitational force
- b. Electromagnetic force and weak nuclear force**
- c. Gravitational force and weak nuclear force
- d. Weak nuclear force and strong nuclear force
- e. None of these

(7) Which triplet in DNA codes for valine:

- a. CTT
- b. AGU
- c. CAT
- d. AAT
- e. None of these**

(8) What is the chance of diabetic baby born to parents both heterozygous normal ?

- a. Zero
- b.  $\frac{1}{4}$
- c.  $\frac{1}{2}$
- d.  $\frac{3}{4}$
- e. None of these

(9) Which of the following is not a part of Darwinism:

- a. Over production**
- b. Natural selection
- c. Inheritance for acquired characters
- d. Competition for survival
- e. None of these

(10) Role of biotechnology in the production of food based on:

- a. Decomposition
- b. Respiration
- c. Digestion
- d. Fermentation**
- e. None of these

(11) Which form of drug abuse involves most risk of infection with the HIV (AIDS) virus:

- a. Cigarette smoking
- b. Using alcohol
- c. Injection of heroine
- d. Taking too much aspirin
- e. None of these

(12) Founder of modern astronomy was:

- a. Archimedes
- b. William Gilbert
- c. Nicolas Copernicus**
- d. Michael Faraday

(13) The instrument which measures very high temperature is:

- a. Manometer
- b. Thermostat
- c. Chronometer
- d. Pyrometer**
- e. None of these

(14) The science which deals with study of manners and customs of people is:

- a. Ethnology** (branch of anthropology)
- b. Morphology
- c. Ethics
- d. Genetics
- e. None of these

(15) Chemical used to kill rats and mice are:

- a. Insecticides
- b. Rodenticides**
- c. Fungicides
- d. Herbicides
- e. None of these

(16) Dry ice is:

- a. Methane hydrate
- b. Liquid Nitrogen
- c. Solid Carbon dioxide**
- d. Frozen Water
- e. None of these

(17) Chemical name of vinegar is:

- a. Sodium Nitrate
- b. Dilute acetic acid**
- c. Chloride of lime
- d. Calcium
- e. None of these

(18) Deficiency of following vitamin decreases hemoglobin production:

- a. Biotin
- b. Thiamine
- c. Niacin
- d. Pyridoxine** (known as Vitamin B6, causes anemia i.e. deficiency of hemoglobin)
- e. None of these

(19) Hygrometer is used for measuring the:

- a. Speed of sound
- c. Humidity of air**

(20) Bronze is an alloy of:

- a. Copper and Zinc
- b. Tin and Zinc
- c. Copper and Tin**
- d. Iron and Zinc
- e. None of these

(21) Which of the following is most elastic ?

- a. Steel**
- b. Rubber
- c. Glass
- d. Sponge
- e. None of these

(22) Orbital period of the planet Mercury around the sun is:

- a. 88 days**
- b. 365 days
- c. 2 years
- d. 98 days
- e. None of these

(23) The most splendid and the most magnificent constellation on the sky is:

- a. Orion**
- b. Columbia
- c. Canis Major
- d. Taurus
- e. None of these

(24) "Black holes" refer to:

- a. Hole occurring in heavenly bodies
- b. Bright spots on the sun
- c. Collapsing objects of high density**
- d. Collapsing of low density
- e. None of these

(25) Eugenics is the study of:

- a. Altering human beings by changing their genetic components** (close to the actual definition)
- b. People of European region
- c. Different races of mankind
- d. Genetic of plants
- e. None of these

*Eugenics: study of the possibility of racial improvement through selective breeding and other methods*

(26) The position of earth in its orbit, when it is at its greatest distance from the sun causing northern summer is called:

- a. **Aphelion**
- b. Perihelion
- c. Perigee
- d. Apogee
- e. None of these

(27) Diamond is a very expensive ornament. It is composed of a single element:

- a. **Carbon**
- b. Gold
- c. Silver
- d. Platinum
- e. None of these

(28) Which of the following layers make radio transmission possible?

- a. Troposphere
- b. **Ionosphere**
- c. Mesosphere
- d. Stratosphere
- e. None of these

(29) Which of the following explains the reason why there is no total eclipse of the sun?

- a. Size of the earth in relation to that of moon
- b. Orbit of moon around earth
- c. Direction of rotation of earth around sun
- d. **Area of the sun covered by the moon**
- e. None of these

(30) Television signals are converted into light signals by:

- a. Optical fiber
- b. Transistor
- c. Decoder
- d. **Photo diode**
- e. None of these

(31) Where do most of Asteroids lie?

- a. **In asteroid belt between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter**
- b. In asteroid belt between the orbits of Mars and Venus
- c. In asteroid belt between the orbits of Jupiter and Venus
- d. Everywhere in the sky
- e. None of these

(32) The number of spark plugs needed in a diesel engine is:

- a. 2
- b. 3
- c. 0
- e. **None of these**

(33) The half life of a radioactive element is 8-days. How long it take to reduce it from 10 mg to 5 mg?

- a. 4 days
- b. 12 days
- c. 16 days
- d. 8 days**
- e. None of these

(34) The term 'Blue Shift' is used to indicate:

- a. Doppler effect in which an object appears bluer when it is moving towards the observer or observer is moving towards the object.**
- b. Turning a star from white to blue
- c. In future sun would become blue
- d. Black hole was blue at its start
- e. None of these

*The opposite is the famous red shift which indicated the universe is expanding away from us.*

(35) Kilowatt-hour is a unit of:

- a. Power
- b. Electric Current
- c. Energy**
- d. Time
- e. None of these

(36) Fuel used in a Fast Breeder Reactor is:

- a. Uranium Oxide
- b. Uranium Plutonium carbide
- c. Uranium Plutonium Oxide**
- d. Uranium thorium Oxide
- e. None of these

FBRs usually use a mixed oxide fuel core of up to 20% plutonium dioxide ( $\text{PuO}_2$ ) and at least 80% uranium dioxide ( $\text{UO}_2$ ).

(37) Monsoon is caused by:

- a. Seasonal reversal of winds
- b. Revolution of earth**
- c. Movement of clouds
- d. Rise in temperature
- e. Rain forests

(38) Which of the following atmospheric layers help in radio communication?

- a. Exosphere
- b. Ionosphere**
- c. Troposphere
- d. Stratosphere
- e. Ozone layer

(39) A moderator is used in nuclear reactor in order to:

- a. Accelerate the neutrons
- b. Slow down the speed of the neutrons**
- c. Increase the number of electrons
- d. Decrease the number of electrons
- e. None of these

(40) Sedimentary rocks are:

- a. Porous
- b. Hard
- c. Rough
- d. Brittle
- e. Volcanic

(41) Which one of the following is a non-metallic mineral?

- a. Manganese
- b. Magnesium
- c. Gypsum**
- d. Bauxite
- e. None of these

(42) Ozone layer prevents the following radiation from entering the atmosphere:

- a. Infra-red
- b. Ultraviolet**
- c. X-rays
- d. Gamma rays
- e. None of these

(43) The phenomenon of Aurora Borealis, the display of red and green lights in northern hemisphere is due to radiations from:

- a. Ionosphere
- b. Troposphere
- c. Mesosphere
- d. Stratosphere
- e. None of these**

*Radiations are originally from Magnetosphere which collide with the atoms and molecules in the upper atmosphere, however, Aurora Borealis occurs in the ionosphere*

(44) Yeast is used in making bread because it produces:

- a. Carbon dioxide** (not sure if this is the reason but yeast does produce carbon dioxide)
- b. Sugar
- c. Bacteria
- d. Oxygen
- e. None of these



(45) Oasis is associated with:

- a. Glaciers
- b. Desert
- c. Islands** or Last Island 😊
- d. Volcanoes
- e. Fertile land

(46) Quartz crystal in quartz watches work on the principle called:

- a. Photoelectric effect
- b. Stark effect
- c. Thermionic effect
- d. Piezo-electric effect**
- e. None of these

***Piezo-electric effect***

*electric polarization produced in certain crystals by the application of mechanical stress.*

(47) The fruits without seed, like banana, are called:

- a. seedless fruits
- b. parthenogenesis fruits
- c. parthenocarpic fruits**
- d. placental fruits
- e. Organic fruits

***parthenocarp*** (literally meaning virgin fruit) is the natural or artificially induced production of fruit without fertilization of ovules. The fruit is therefore seedless

(48) Animal which captures and readily kills living animals for its food is called:

- a. Parasite
- b. Scavenger
- c. Predator** – not our moderator 😊
- d. Mammal
- e. None of these

(49) In a railway track, two rails are joined end to end with a gap tin between them because:

- a. Steel can be saved
- b. Accidents due to contraction in winter can be avoided**
- c. Air gaps are necessary for bearing the weight of running train
- d. Accidents due to expansion in summer can be avoided**
- e. All of these

(50) Name the famous book of Ibn-Sina in which he discussed human physiology and medicine:

- a. Al-Qanoon
- b. Al-Masudi
- c. New Renaissance
- e. None of these** (I think it was "The Canon of Medicine")

Spheroidal Earth

Horticulture: the art or practice of garden cultivation and management.

Entomology study of insects

gall bladder is part of digestive system

hair is grow from skin

Fat contain A,D,E,K (all) vitamins

Vitamin C causes scurvy

Ready source for athlete is Carbohydrates

Protein contain of egg is something like this

Asthma by allergy

Substance use for coloring dye

Doppler effect for moving object

soft drink contain CO<sub>2</sub>

Fuel of rocket contain both ( Liquid methane USSR used, Liquid hydrogen USA)

Serial pin minimum 3

Cyclone is circular moving tomado

ball of sun contain 92.1 percent hydrogen (H<sub>2</sub>) and 7.8 percent helium (He)

X-rays were dis covered in 1895 by Wilhelm Conrad Roentgen

Green House gases called green gases

Stream is contain water from mountain

jelly fish looks like Umbrella.

Who proposed the concept "All motion is relative"?

- a. Albert Einstein
- b. J ohn Kepler
- c. Galileo Galilie
- d. None

2. The field of specialization of famous Muslim scientist Abu Usman Aljahiz was:

- a. Botany
- b. Zoology
- c. Astronomy
- d. None

3. Albatros is:

- a. A sea bird
- b. A beetle
- c. A fruit
- d. None

4. The sunlight can reach a depth of ..... meters in the ocean:

- a. 100
- b. 80
- c. 120
- d. None

5. The biggest planet in our solar system is:

- a. Venus
- b. Pluto
- c. J upiter
- d. None

6. The biggest species of the cat family is:

- a. Tiger
- b. Lion
- c. Leopard
- d. None

7. Which group of animals has heterogametic females?

- a. Domestic fowl
- b. Earthworm
- c. Rabbit
- d. None

8. The dominant phase of life cycle in these organisms is haploid:

- a. Mosses
- b. Bacteria
- c. Protozoa
- d. None

9. The atmosphere of moon consists of:

- a. 90% Hydrogen, 10% Nitrogen
- b. 80% Nitrogen, 20% Hydrogen
- c. 60% Nitrogen, 40% inert gases
- d. None

10. The chemical name of quartz is:

- a. Silicon Dioxide
- b. Stannous Oxide
- c. Aluminium Oxide
- d. None

11. Which month of calendar year can lack a new moon?

- a. December
- b. February
- c. May
- d. None

12. Deuterium differs from Hydrogen in having:

- a. Different atomic number but same atomic weight
- b. Different atomic number and different atomic weight
- c. Same atomic number and different atomic weight
- d. None

13. One of the following is a water soluble vitamin:

- a. Vitamin A
- b. Vitamin D
- c. Vitamin K
- d. None

14. Coulomb is the scientific unit to measure:

- a. Velocity
- b. Temperature
- c. Mass
- d. None

15. Equator passes through one of these countries:

- a. Saudi Arabia
- b. Italy
- c. Japan
- d. None

16. Anti Diuretic hormone is secreted by one of the following glands:

- a. Pituitary
- b. Pancreas
- c. Thyroid
- d. None

17. Basha Dam is to be constructed on:

- a. River Sutlaj
- b. River Jhelum
- c. River Chenab
- d. None

18. UV light falls in the category of:

- a. Ionizing Radiations
- b. Non Ionizing Radiation
- c. Visible light
- d. None

19. The earth's .....is divided into 15 major plates of various sizes:

- a. Mesosphere
- b. Stratosphere
- c. Lithosphere
- d. None

20. One of these scientists formulated basic laws of Geometry:

- a. Pythagorus
- b. Archimedes
- c. Aristotle
- d. None

21. Phosphorus is an essential component of one of the following biological molecules:

- a. Amino acids
- b. Nucleic acids
- c. Carbohydrates
- d. None

22. He was the first scientist to prove that plants move around the sun:

- a. Archimedes
- b. Galileo Galilei
- c. John Kepler
- d. None

23. Atom is made up of ..... different kinds of subatomic particles:

- a. Three
- b. Two
- c. Four
- d. None

24. Uranium is best used as nuclear fuel in one of the following forms:

- a. U 235
- b. U 237
- c. U 238
- d. None

25. The alpha particles are compact clusters of:

- a. Electron and Proton
- b. Two Protons and two Neutrons
- c. Three protons and three Neutrons
- d. None

26. The Beta particles are fast moving

- a. Protons
- b. Electrons
- c. Neutrons
- d. None

27. One of the following countries produces maximum energy from atomic reactors:

- a. France
- b. USA
- c. UK
- d. none

28. The unit to measure the quantity of Ozone in atmosphere is

- a. Dobson
- b. Dalton
- c. Cuolomb
- d. none

29. The severity of 2005 earthquake in Pakistan on Richter scale was

- a. 6.9
- b. 7.6
- c. 7.1
- d. none

30. Geiger-Muller counter is used to detect:

- a. Protons
- b. Neutrons
- c. Photons
- d. none

31. Vacuum tubes have been replaced by:

- a. Conductors
- b. Diodes
- c. Transistors

32. Dacron is

- a. Polyethylene
- b. Epoxy
- c. Polyamide

33. It is a secondary plant nutrient:

- a. Nitrogen
- b. Phosphorus
- c. Sulphur
- d. none

34. An area of microbiology that is concerned with the occurrence of disease in human population is

- a. Immunology
- b. Paracitology
- c. Epidemiology
- d. none

35. The number of electrons of a neutral atom is automatically known if one knows the:

- a. Atomic number
- b. Atomic weight
- c. Number of orbitals
- d. none

36. Which of the following is not an enzyme?

- a. Chemotrypsin
- b. Secretin
- c. Pepsin
- d. none

37. It is impossible for a type of O+ baby to have a type of ..... mother:

- a. AB-
- b. O-
- c. O+
- d. none

38. Serum is blood plasma minus its:

- a. Calcium ions
- b. Clotting proteins
- c. Globulins
- d. none

39. The autonomic nervous system innervates all of these except:

- a. Cardiac muscles
- b. Skeletal muscles
- c. Smooth muscles
- d. none

40. The damage to the ..... nerve could result in the defect of the eye movement:

- a. Optic
- b. Trigeminal
- c. Abducens
- d. none

41. Which of these is not a region of the spinal cord?

- a. Thoracic
- b. Pelvic
- c. Lumbar
- d. none

42. The shape of the external ear is due to:

- a. Elastic cartilage
- b. Fibrocartilage
- c. Articular cartilage
- d. none

43. The external surface of the stomach is covered by

- a. Mucosa
- b. Serosa
- c. Parietal peritoneum
- d. none

44. Which of the following is not a human organ system?

- a. Integumentary
- b. Muscular
- c. Epithelial
- d. none

45. Which of the following does not vary predictably with the depth of the aquatic environment?

- a. Salinity
- b. Temperature
- c. Penetration by sunlight
- d. none

46. The quantity of available nutrients .....from the lower levels of the energy pyramids to the higher ones.

- a. Increases
- b. decreases
- c. remains stable
- d. none

47. Which of the following is not a major sub division of the biosphere?

- a. Hydrosphere
- b. Stratosphere
- c. Lithosphere
- d. none

48. Vaccination is synonymous with ..... immunity.

- a. Natural active
- b. Artificial passive
- c. Artificial active
- d. none

49. When a patient's immune system becomes reactive to a drug, this is an example of:

- a. Super infection
- b. Drug resistance
- c. Allergy
- d. none

50. What is the smallest unit of heredity?

- a. Chromosomes
- b. Gene
- c. Nucleotides
- d. none

A SCIENTIFIC METHOD WILL SEEK TO EXPLAIN NATURAL EVENTS AND MAKE USEFUL PREDICTION IN

- A) A HAPHAZARD MANNER
- B) A MANNER DESIGN TO FIT THE THEORIST,S OR EXPERIMENTER,S BIAS
- C) A CONSISTENTLY REPRODUCIBLE MANNER
- D) NONE OF THESE

2) "TRUTH IS THE SOUGHT FOR ITS OWN SAKE. AND THOSE WHO ARE ENGAGED UPON THE QUEST FOR ANYTHING FOR ITS OWN SAKE ARE NOT INTERESTED IN OTHER THINGS. FINDING THE TRUTH IS DIFFICULT AND THE ROAD TO IT IS ROUGH." THIS WAS STATED BY WHICH KEY FIGURE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF SCIENTIFIC METHOD IN THE 11TH CENTURY?

- A) ARISTOTLE
- B) IBN AL HAYTHAM
- C) PLATO
- D) NONE OF THESE

3) ABU ABDULLAH MUHAMMAD BIN MUSA AL-KHWARIZMI IS FAMOUS FOR WRITING THE "KITAB AL JABER WAL MUQABLA" IN WHICH HE

- A) PRESENTED THE FIRST SYSTEMATIC SOLUTION OF LINEAR AND QUADRATIC EQUATIONS
- B) DELINEATED METHODS OF OPPRESSION & COMPETITION
- C) WROTE THE LAWS OF OPTICS
- D) NONE OF THESE

4) GALLIEO GALLIES WAS PERSECUTED BY THE CATHOLIC CHURCH FOR SUSPICION OF HOLDING THE VIEW THAT:

- A) OBJECTS OF DIFFERENT MASSES FELL AT THE SAME VELOCITY
- B) THE SUN REVOLVES AROUND THE MOON
- C) THE EARTH WAS PROBABLY NOT THE CENTRE OF THE UNIVERSE
- D) NONE OF THESE

5) THE PROLIFERATION OF EDUCATION AND DISSEMINATION OF KNOWLEDGE IN THE LAST TWO CENTURIES HAS LED TO A FAITH IN SCIENCE THAT:

- A) CAUSES HUMAN BEINGS TO TURN ON OTHER HUMAN BEINGS
- B) IS THE MAIN CAUSE OF POVERTY AND WAR
- C) LEADS TO OPPRESSION OF EDUCATION
- D) NONE OF THESE

6) SCIENCE ATTEMPTS TO:

- A) EXPLAINS HOW THE UNIVERSE WORKS BY DISCOVERING THE LAWS REGULATING EVERYTHING AROUND US
- B) USE DISCOVERED LAWS TO ENGINEER NEW DEVICES
- C) BOTH A & B
- D) NONE OF THESE

7) IBN ZUHR, THE AUTHOR OF AL TAISIR, IS KNOWN AS:

- A) THE FATHER OF EXPERIMENTAL SURGERY
- B) THE FOUNDER OF CALCULUS
- C) A BIOGRAPHER OF PROVINCIAL GOVERNORS
- D) NONE OF THESE



- 8) IBN KHALDUN'S MUQQADIMAH IS REGARDED BY MANY AS:  
A) THE FIRST WORK DEALING WITH A PHILOSOPHY OF HISTORY  
B) A MINOR FOOTNOTE IN HIS WRITINGS  
C) A WELL DOCUMENTED TALE OF HIS TRIAL  
D) NONE OF THESE
- 9) A PHYSICAL, MATHEMATICAL OR LOGICAL REPRESENTATION OF A NATURAL PHENOMENON IS CALLED  
A) PHENOMENAL  
B) A SCIENTIFIC MODEL  
C) A THEORITICAL POSTULATE  
D) NONE OF THESE
- 10) ISSAC NEWTON AND GOTTFRIED LEIBNIZ WORKING INDEPENDENTLY IN THE 17TH CENURY LAID THE FOUNDATION OF CLASSICAL PHYSICS AND ARE KNOWN AS FATHERS OF  
A) ASTROLOGY  
B) RELATIVISTIC THEORY  
C) INTEGRAL & DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS  
D) NONE OF THESE
- 11) A LIGHT YEAR IS  
A) A YEAR DEVOID OF HEAVY RAINFALL  
B) THE TIME TAKEN BY LIGHT TO BE GENERATED & PROPAGATED FROM THE CENTRE OF THE SUN TO OUR EARTH  
C) THE DISTANCE COVERED BY LIGHT IN ONE OF OUR SOLAR YEARS  
D) NONE OF THESE
- 12) OUR SUN IS CLASSIFIED AS  
A) A BLUE GIANT  
B) A YELLOW DWARF  
C) SUPERNOVA  
D) NONE OF THESE
- 13) THE SUN PRODUCES MOST OF ITS ENERGY BY:  
A) NUCLEAR FUSION WHICH INVOLVES CONVERTING "H" TO "He"  
B) NUCLEAR FISSION INVOLVING THE BURNING OF URANIUM & PLUTONIUM  
C) NUCLEAR FISSION INVOLVING THE COMBINING OF URANIUM AND PALLADIUM  
D) NONE OF THESE
- 14) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS THE CORRECT ORDERING OF THE INNER PLANETS ACCORDING TO THEIR ROXIMITY TO THE SUN  
A) J UPITER,SATURN,URANUS,NEPTUNE  
B) PHOBOS,DEIMES,EUROPE,TIAS  
C) MERCURY,VENUS,EARTH,MARS  
D) NONE OF THESE
- 15) HOWLONG DOES OUR EARTH TAKES TO TURN ABOUT ITS AXIS  
A) ONE HOUR  
B) 23 HOURS  
C) 24 HOURS  
D) NONE OF THESE

16) TIDES ARE GENERATED BY

- A) THE MOVEMENTS OF SHIPS IN THE OCEANS
- B) THE GRAVITATIONAL EFFECT OF MOON AND SUN ON OUR EARTH
- C) THE MOVEMENTS OF THE EARTH AROUND THE SUN
- D) NONE OF THESE

17) SEASONS ARE GENERATED BY

- A) THE MOVEMENT OF SUN AROUND GALAXIES OF THE MILKY WAY
- B) THE MOVEMENT OF THE EARTH AROUND THE SUN
- C) RELATIVISTIC QUANTUM
- D) NONE OF THESE

18) ALTHOUGH THE MASS OF A MAN ON MOON REMAINS SAME AS ON THE EARTH, HE WILL

- A) BE MUCH HAPPIER THERE
- B) WEIGH ONE SIXTH AS MUCH
- C) WEIGH TWICE AS MUCH
- D) NONE OF THESE

19) IF WE ARE AT SEA LEVEL OUR ATMOSPHERE PRESSES DOWN ON US WITH A PRESSURE OF:

- A) 1 FPS
- B) 14.3 FPS
- C) 35.8 FPS
- D) NONE OF THESE

20) THE EFFICIENCY OF A MACHINE IS

- A) ALWAYS GREATER THAN 100%
- B) ALWAYS LESS THAN 100%
- C) ALWAYS 100%
- D) NONE OF THESE

21) A MATERIAL WITH HIGH ELASTICITY

- A) DOES NOT RETURN TO ITS ORIGINAL SHAPE UPON BEING STRETCHED AND THEN RELEASED
- B) RETURNS AS CLOSE AS POSSIBLE TO ITS ORIGINAL SHAPE UPON BEING STRETCHED AND THEN RELEASED
- C) CAN BE STRETCHED TO INFINITE DISTANCES
- D) NONE OF THESE

22) MATTER AND ENERGY

- A) CAN BE CONVERTED FROM ONE TO THE OTHER
- B) WHEN TAKEN TOGETHER, CONVERTED IN ALL PROCESSES IN A CLOSED SYSTEM
- C) BOTH A & B
- D) NONE OF THESE

23) ELECTRIC CURRENT

- A) FLOWS FROM A HIGHER POTENTIAL TO LOWER POTENTIAL
- B) IS CAUSED BY FLOW OF ELECTRONS
- C) BOTH A & B
- D) NONE OF THESE

24) ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM ARE

- A) TWO FACETS OF SAME FORCE
- B) ALWAYS OPPOSED TO EACH OTHER
- C) BOTH A & B
- D) NONE OF THESE

25) BALL BEARING HELP WHEELS AND OTHER ROTATING OBJECTS

- A) MOVE WITHOUT CONSUMING ANY ENERGY
- B) ROTATE MORE EASILY AND WITH LESS FRICTION
- C) BOTH A & B
- D) NONE OF THESE

26) PHOTOGRAPHY WORKS BY

- A) CAPTURING THE SOULS OF THE OBJECTS BEING PHOTOGRAPHED
- B) CAPTURING LIGHT REFLECTED FROM THE OBJECT BEING PHOTOGRAPHED
- C) BOTH A & B
- D) NONE OF THESE

27) ARTHUR C. CLARKE, THE FAMOUS SCIENCE FICTION AUTHOR, WHILE WORKING AS A RADIO OPERATOR IN THE BRITISH ARMY IN WORLD WAR-II

- A) PROPOSED BUILDING A SPACE ELEVATOR FROM CARBON MONO-FILAMENTS
- B) POSTULATED THE EXISTENCE OF EXTRA-TERRESTRIAL ARTIFACTS ON THE MOON
- C) PROPOSED THAT A NETWORK OF SATELLITES IN STATIONARY ORBIT AT VERY HIGH ALTITUDES AROUND THE EARTH BE USED TO BOUNCE COMMUNICATION SIGNALS ALL OVER THE WORLD
- D) NONE OF THESE

28) THE SINO PAKISTANI J F-17 THUNDER AIRCRAFT:

- A) IS A COMMERCIAL TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT
- B) IS NEITHER BUILT NOR ASSEMBLED IN PAKISTAN
- C) HAS NO STEALTH FEATURES IN ITS ENGINE INLETS OR ELSEWHERE
- D) NONE OF THESE

29) COMMUNICATION SATELLITES ARE IN

- A) GEOSTATIONARY ORBIT
- B) GEOSYNCHRONOUS ORBIT
- C) SEMISYNCHRONOUS ORBIT
- D) NONE OF THESE

30) RAM OF A COMPUTER IS REFERS TO :

- A) READ ACCESS MEMORY
- B) RIGHT ACCESS MEMORY
- C) RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY
- D) NONE OF THESE

31) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS RESPONSIBLE FOR TRANSPORTING OXYGEN IN THE BLOOD

- A) WHITE BLOOD CELLS——WBC
- B) NEUTROPHILLS
- C) RED BLOOD CELLS——RBC
- D) NONE OF THESE

32) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS TRUE FOR HORMONES?

- A) ALL PROTEINS ARE HORMONES
- B) ALL HORMONES ARE PROTEINS
- C) ALL HORMONES ARE AMINO ACIDS
- D) NONE OF THESE

33) PROKARYOTES HAVE WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING STRUCTURES?

- A) NUCLEUS
- B) MITOCHONDRIA
- C) CHLOROPLAST

34) DIVERSITY IN WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING GROUPS IS NOT DUE TO ARTIFICIAL SELECTION?

- A) WHEAT
- B) DOGS
- C) \_\_\_\_\_
- D) NONE OF THESE

35) ARACHNOPHOBIA IS REFER TO A FEAR OF

- A) SPIDERS
- B) SNAKES
- C) BATS
- D) NONE OF THESE

36) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS A PART OF DNA?

- A) dGTP
- B) dADP
- C) dTMP
- D) NONE OF THESE

37) IN HUMANS THE “Y” CHROMOSOME IS PASSED TO THE NEXT GENERATION FROM

- A) FATHER TO SON
- B) MOTHER TO SON
- C) FATHER TO DAUGHTER
- D) NONE OF THESE

38) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS A MAMMAL?

- A) BLUE TUNA
- B) SWORD FISH
- C) WHALE

39) FEMALE OVA ARE:

- A) HAPLOID
- B) DIPLOID
- C) TRIPLOID
- D) NONE OF THESE

40) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS NOT A PART OF DNA?

- A) THYMINE
- B) ADENINE
- C) RIBOSE
- D) NONE OF THESE

41) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS A LABELED AS “GOOD CHOLESTEROL” FOR HUMANS?

- A) HIGH-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN———HDL
- B) LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN——— LDL
- C) VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN ——VLDL
- D) NONE OF THESE

42) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS A INFECTIOUS DISEASE

- A) DEAFNESS
- B) BLINDNESS
- C) BALDNESS
- D) NONE OF THESE

43) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS A NON ESSENTIAL AMINO ACID?

- A) ALMINE
- B) METHENAMINE
- C) TYROSINE
- D) NONE OF THESE

44) STARTING FROM HIGHER CHOOSE THE CORRECT SEQUENCE OF MOLECULES IN ORDER OF ENERGY YEILDING

- A) SUGAR,FATS,PROTEIN
- B) PROTEIN,SUGAR,FATS
- C) FATS,SUGAR,PROTEIN
- D) NONE OF THESE

45) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS NOT A PART OF PROTEIN?

- A) GLUTAMIC ACID
- B) SULPHURIC ACID
- C) ASPARTIC ACID
- D) NONE OF THESE

46) THE HIGHEST SOURCE OF OMEGA-3 FATTY ACID IS

- A) FISH OIL
- B) CORN OIL
- C) SUNFLOWER OIL
- D) NONE OF THESE

47) WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING GAS IS ESSENTIAL FOR HUMAN

- A) CARBON DIOXIDE
- B) NITROGEN
- C) OXYGEN
- D) NONE OF THESE

48) PROTEINS ARE MADE UP OF

- A) POLYNUCLEOTIDE
- B) POLYPEPTIDE
- C) POLYACETYLENE
- D) NONE OF THESE

49. Schezophrenia is a  
Mental desease

50. Which of the following are founded in the nucleus?

- a) lysosomes
- b) |chromosomes
- c) ribosomes
- d) none of these

The planet of the solar system which has maximum numbers of Moon is:

- a) J upiter
- b) Venus
- c) Satum
- d) Uranus
- e) None of these

2. Sun is a:

- a) Planet
- b) Comet
- c) Satellite
- d) Aurora
- e) None of these

3. the age of the solar system is

- a) 4.5 billion years
- b) 5.5 billion years
- c) 6.5 billion years
- d) 7.5 billion years
- e) None of these

4. A unit of length equal to the average distance between the earth and sun is called

- a) Light year
- b) Astronomical unit
- c) Parsec
- d) Parallax

5. An eclipse of the sun occurs when

- a) The moon is between the sun and the earth
- b) The sun is between the earth and the moon
- c) The earth is between the sun and the moon
- d) The earth casts its shadow on the moon
- e) None of these

6. The ozone layer protects the earth from rays sent by the sun:

- a) Ultraviolet rays
- b) Infrared rays
- c) Gamma rays
- d) radioactive rays
- e) None of these

7. The ozone layer is present about 30miles (50km) in atmosphere above earth. The stratum (layer) of atmosphere in which ozone layer lies is called as:

- a) Exosphere
- b) Mesosphere
- c) Stratosphere
- d) ionosphere
- e) Troposphere

8. Which rocks are formed by the alteration of pre-existing rocks by great heat or pressure

- a) Igneous rocks
- b) Sedimentary rocks
- c) Metamorphic rocks
- d) Acid rocks
- e) Basic rocks

9. The most abundant natural Iron oxides are

- a) Magnetite and Pyrite
- b) Magnetite and Bauxite
- c) Hematite and Pyrite
- d) Hematite and Magnetite
- e) Hematite and Bauxite

10. The most abundant elements in sea water are

- a) Sodium and Potassium
- b) Sodium and Calcium
- c) Sodium and Chlorine
- d) Chlorine and Iodine
- e) Magnesium and Sulphur

11. An electric current can produce

- a) Chemical effect
- b) Magnetic effect
- c) Heating effect
- d) All of these three
- e) None of these

12. The unit of home electricity energy consumption is:

- a) Watt hour
- b) Kilowatt hour
- c) Joule hour
- d) Kilojoule hour
- e) None of these

13. The magnet always points in the same direction, if move freely i.e. towards north and south poles, because of:

- a) Gravitational field
- b) A lot of metals deposits on north and south poles
- c) Due to attraction of north pole and repulsion of Western pole
- d) Earth is a huge magnet
- e) None of these

14. When sound is reflected from floor, ceiling or a wall, it mixes with the original sound and change its complexion, it is called as

- a) Sound
- b) Echo
- c) Reverberation
- d) noise
- e) None of these

15. the speed of sound in dry air at 20 C is about

- a) 130 meters per second
- b) 230 meters per second
- c) 330 meters per second
- d) 430 meters per second
- e) None of these

16. The speed of light in vacuum is about

- a) 300 Million meters per second
- b) 300 Million meters per hour
- c) 300 Million kilometers per second
- d) 300 Million kilometers per hour
- e) None of these

17. The time light takes from Sun to reach Earth is:

- a) 8 minutes
- b) 25 minutes
- c) 45 minutes
- d) 60 minutes
- e) None of these

18. Light from Sun travels a distance before it reaches Earth:

- a) 50 Million Km
- b) 100 Million Km
- c) 150 Million Km
- d) 200 Million Km
- e) None of these

19. the most suitable thermometer for measuring the boiling point of water is:

- a) Mercury thermometer
- b) Alcohol thermometer
- c) Bimetallic thermometer
- d) Liquid crystal thermometer
- e) None of these

20. The density of water is greatest at:

- a) 32°C
- b) 0°C
- c) 4°C
- d) 100°C
- e) None of these

21. Which one of the following statements is true:

- a) Gases do not conduct heat
- b) The best conductors are non-metals
- c) Conduction currents occur only in liquids
- d) A vacuum can not conduct heat



22. Ice can be changed to water by:

- a) Adding more water molecules
- b) Changing the motion of the water molecules
- c) Rearranging the atoms in water molecules
- d) Destroying the atoms in water molecules
- e) None of these

23. The building blocks of elements are called:

- a) Atoms
- b) Molecules
- c) Compounds
- d) Isotopes
- e) None of these

24. Boiling of an egg is a change which is:

- a) Physical
- b) Chemical
- c) Physiological
- d) Morphological
- e) None of these

25. The temperature of liquid nitrogen is:

- a)  $-32^{\circ}\text{C}$
- b)  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$
- c)  $-100^{\circ}\text{C}$
- d)  $-196^{\circ}\text{C}$
- e) None of these

26. Which one of the following is an alkali?

- a) water
- b) vinegar
- c) lemon juice
- d) slaked lime
- e) None of these

27. If an alkali is slowly added to an acidic solution, the pH of the acidic solution will:

- a) Increase
- b) Decrease
- c) Increase to 7 and then decrease
- d) Decrease to 7 and then increase
- e) Will remain same

28. The usual raw material for ceramics, generally found beneath the top soil is?

- a) Sand
- b) Slit
- c) Clay
- d) Plaster of Paris
- e) Melamine

29. Polyamides are synthetic polymers commonly known as:

- a) Synthetic rubber
- b) Nylon
- c) Cellulose
- d) Protein
- e) None of these.

30. Telephone was invented in 1876 in America by:

- a) Marconi
- b) Galileo
- c) John Beard
- d) Edison
- e) Graham Bell.

31. Information can be sent over long distances in the form of:

- a) Electrical signals through wires
- b) Light signals through optical fibres
- c) Radio waves through air
- d) Any combination of these three.
- e) None of these

32. Information can be stored in:

- a) Audio and video cassettes
- b) Floppy and compact discs
- c) Hard disks
- d) Laser and optical disks
- e) All of these four

33. Computers can:

- a) Add and subtract information only.
- b) Add subtract and sort information only.
- c) Add subtract sort and classify information.
- d) Add and subtract but cannot sort information.
- e) Add subtract and sort but cannot classify information.

34. IBM stands for:

- a) International Business Machines
- b) International Big Machines
- c) Interrelated Business Machines
- d) Interrelated Big Machines

35. Chemicals used to kill weeds are called as:

- a) Insecticides
- b) Fungicides
- c) Herbicides
- d) Fumigants
- e) None of these.

36. The cytoplasm consists of several types of structures, which are called:

- a) Protoplasm
- b) Nucleus
- c) Cytochromes
- d) Organelles
- e) None of these.

37. The structure of DNA was elaborated by Watson and Crick in:

- a) 1909
- b) 1923
- c) 1945
- d) 1953
- e) None of these.

38. In a DNA molecules, the rule for base pairing is:

- a) Adenine always bound with thymine and cytosine with guanine
- b) Adenine always bound with cytosine and thymine with guanine
- c) Adenine always bound with guanine and cytosine with thymine
- d) Adenine always bound with uracil and cytosine with guanine
- e) None of these.

39. Man belongs to the family:

- a) Felidae
- b) Hominidae
- c) Mammalia
- d) Primataceae
- e) None of these.

40. Deficiency of vitamin C in human body causes a deficiency disease called:

- a) Beriberi
- b) Night blindness
- c) Rickets
- d) Scurvy
- e) None of these.

41. To measure the specific gravity of milk, the instrument used is:

- a) Hygrometer
- b) Barometer
- c) Lactometer
- d) Hydrometer

42. one of the fundamental characteristics of living organisms is:

- a) Photosynthesis
- b) Digestion
- c) Excretion
- d) Metabolism
- e) None of these.

43. Plants growing on other plants are called as:

- a) Saprophytes
- b) Parasites
- c) Epiphytes
- d) Pathogens
- e) None of these.

44. As per eating habit, squirrels are:

- a) Frugivorous
- b) Herbivorous
- c) Carnivorous
- d) Omnivorous
- e) Insectivorous.

45. Water loss from leaves through stomata is called as:

- a) Evaporation
- b) Transpiration
- c) Evapo-Transpiration
- d) Respiration
- e) None of these.

46. the study of how plants and animals interact with one another and with the non-living environment is called as:

- a) Ecosystem
- b) Sociology
- c) Ecology
- d) Habitat
- e) None of these.

47. The number of bones in human body is:

- a) 200
- b) 202
- c) 204
- d) 206
- e) None of these.

48. Nervous system in human consists of:

- a) Brain and spinal cord.
- b) Brain and nerves.
- c) Spinal cord and nerves.
- d) Brain, spinal cord and nerves.

49. In human eye, the light sensitive layer made of specialized nerve cells, rods and cones is called as:

- a) The pupil
- b) The cornea
- c) The sclera
- d) The iris
- e) The retina.

50. Erythrocytes are also called as:

- a) Red blood cells
- b) White blood cells
- c) Platelets
- d) Plasma
- e) None of these

Water is heated in a kettle. The inside water is heated by convection. A person sitting near the fire receives heat by :

- a) Conduction
- b) Convection
- c) Radiation
- d) Reflection
- e) None of these

2. A time can come when we will be able to design a machine which can go on working for ever without the expenditure of energy. Is it possible ?

- a) No
- b) Yes
- c) In due course time
- d) Very soon
- e) None of these

3. The measurement of rainfall is made by an instrument known as :

- a) Hydrometer
- b) Barometer
- c) Hygrometer
- d) Pedometer
- e) None of these

4. Light year is a unit of :

- a) Distance
- b) Time Period
- c) Light intensity
- d) Time
- e) none of these

5. Three elements needed for the healthy growth of plants are :

- a) N,P,K
- b) N,C,P
- c) N,K,C
- d) N,S,P

6. Copper can be converted into gold by :

- a) Heating
- b) Artificial Radioactivity
- c) Electroplating
- d) Chemical reaction
- e) None of these

7. In winter an iron pipe feel colder than a wooden window . This is because wood is :

- a) Conductor
- b) non-Conductor
- c) Semi- Conductor
- d) Not a solid while iron is a solid
- e) None of these

8. The echo (reflected sound) will be distinctly heard only at ordinary temperatures if the distance of the reflecting surfaces from the source of sound is at least :

- a) 1120 ft
- b) 120 ft
- c) 56ft
- d) 100 ft
- e) None of these

9. It is possible to recognize a person in the dark by simply hearing his unique voice . It is because of the:

- a) pitch
- b) Frequency
- c) Time period
- d) Quality
- e) None of these

10. When a ray of sunlight enters a dark room , its straight path become visible because of dust particles hanging in the air. It is because light is :

- a) Visible
- B) Transparent
- c) Invisible
- d) opaque
- e) None of these

11. A six feet tall lady wants to see her full image in a plane mirror . The minimum length of the mirror will be :

- a) 6 feet
- b) 12 feet
- c) 4 feet
- d) 3 feet
- e) None of these

12. The principle used in radar is the same as that of Sonar. In radar we use radio waves ; whereas in sonar we use :

- A) red waves
- b) Infrared waves
- c) Ultrasonic
- d) supersonic
- e) None of these

13. In a fission nuclear reaction , a heavy nucleus breaks up into smaller nuclei whereas in another nuclear reaction two or more than two possibly nuclei are fused to form a heavy nucleus This nuclear reaction is called :

- a) Chemical Reaction
- b) Nuclear reaction
- c) Fission nuclear reaction
- d) Fusion nuclear reaction
- e) None of these

14. Parsec is a unit of :

- a) Energy
- b) Time
- c) Power
- d) Distance

15. German Silver is an alloy of:

- A) Zn + Ni
- b) Cu + Zn
- c) Cu + Ni
- d) Cu + Sn
- e) None of these

16. The Continent Antarctica lies at the:

- a) North pole
- b) South pole
- c) middle of the earth
- d) Equator
- e) None of these

17. The temperature of the dead body is:

- a) 0 °C
- b) 37 °C
- c) room temperature
- d) temperature of the place where it is kept
- e) None of these

18. Lactometer is a type of Hydrometer which is used to measure the specific gravity of :

- a) Honey
- b) Water
- c) Milk
- d) olive oil
- e) None of these

19. Cusec is a unit of :

- a) Area
- b) Time
- c) Distance
- d) mass
- e) None of these

20. The deepest place on earth is :

- a) Trench
- b) Mariana Trench
- c) Mangrove
- d) Groove
- e) None of these

21. Twinkling of stars is caused by :

- a) Reflection of light
- b) Polarization of light
- c) refraction of light
- d) Interference of light

22. Magnifying power of a simple microscope can be increased by :

- a) increasing focal length of the lens
- b) Decreasing focal length of the lens
- c) Lens of large aperture
- d) lens of short aperture
- e) None of these

23. Bronze medal is made up of metal :

- a) Copper , Zinc
- b) Copper , Nickle
- c) Coppe4r , Tin
- d) Sopper , Silver

24. One of the countries through which equator passes is :

- a) Kenya
- B) Pakistan
- c) Malaysia
- d) Malta
- e) None of these

25. A very important practical application of properties of matter is hoeing or "godi" practiced by the farmers. This property of matter is called :

- a) Elasticity
- b) Stress
- c) Capillarity
- d) Strain
- e) None of these



26. It is observed that the total pressure exerted by air on the man of average size is around 14.7 lb wt. per square inch. But the man feels quite comfortable. It is because of :

- a) An equal and opposite pressure acts from inside
- b) of the height of a man
- c) of gravity
- d) Earth pulls the man upward
- e) None of these

27) A nuclear reactor is a device used to carry out controlled nuclear reaction whereas GM counter is a device used to detect :

- a) Current
- b) Voltage
- c) nuclear Radiation
- d) power
- e) None of these

28. A body can escape the gravitational pull of the earth if it is thrown up with a velocity of:

- a) 25 miles per sec
- b) 60 miles per sec
- c) 7 miles per sec
- d) 10 miles per sec
- e) None of these

29. Night vision is possible with the help of :

- a) Red light
- b) Violet light
- c) Infrared Rays
- d) Ultra violet Light
- e) None of these

30. Myopia is a defect of human eye. it can be corrected by using a lens called :

- a) Convex lens
- b) Concave lens
- c) Cylindrical lens
- d) Plano convex lens
- e) None of these

31. Walnuts can be broken in the hand by squeezing two together but not one. It is because of :

- a) Work done
- b) Power
- c) Energy
- d) Volume
- e) None of these

32. The instrument which is specially design for recording earth quake wave is called seismograph which measure earth quake waves on a

- a) Diatonic scale
- b) Fahrenheit Scale
- c) Richter scale
- d) Celsius Scale
- e) None of these

33. The planet Mercury completes one rotation around the sun is

- a) 88 days
- b) 365 days
- c) 98 days
- d) 60 days

e) None of these

34. Fossils found in the lowest geological strata are generally most :

- a) Advance
- b) Complex
- c) Primitive
- d) Specialized
- e) None of these

35. Evolution can be described as :

- a) A continuing process
- b) A catastrophic event in the past
- c) Static
- d) The attaining of an ideal type
- e) None of these

36. What is the only source of new alleles?

- a) Crossing over
- b) independent assortment
- c) Mutation
- d) Fertilization
- e) None of these

37. Polygenic characteristic are controlled by :

- a) Dominant genes
- b) Recessive genes
- c) Multiple genes
- d) Mutated genes
- e) None of these

**38. Which of the following , lists the four stages of food processing in order?**

- a) ingestion , digestion , absorption , elimination
- b) digestion , ingestion , absorption , elimination
- c) ingestion , absorption , elimination , digestion
- d) absorption , digestion , ingestion , elimination
- e) None of these

39. In humans , most nutrient molecules are absorbed by the :

- a) small intestine
- b) stomach
- c) liver
- d) large intestine
- e) None of these

40. The energy needed to fuel essential body processes is called :

- a) Essential nutrient level
- b) Basal metabolism
- c) None of these
- d) recommended daily allowance
- e) Optimum energy intake

41. Which of the following is an organic molecule needed by the body in small amounts ?

- a) Protein
- b) Vitamin C
- c) Zinc
- d) Monosaccharide
- e) None of these

42. Inhaled air passes through which of the following in the last?

- a) Bronchiole
- b) Larynx
- c) Pharynx
- d) Trachea
- e) None of these

43. Which of the following is a form of sexual reproduction?

- a) Hermaphroditism
- B) Fission
- c) Fragmentation
- d) Budding
- e) None of these

44. Cobalt is a material which is :

- a) Strongly attracted by a magnet
- B) Not attracted by a magnet
- c) not a magnet
- d) Weakly attracted by a magnet
- e) None of these

45. Laughing gas has chemical composition of the following two elements which are :

- a) Nitrogen + Hydrogen
- b) Nitrogen + Carbon
- c) Nitrogen + oxygen
- d) Oxygen + Carbon

46. Hepatitis A is transmitted to different individuals by :

- a) Water
- b) Sneezing
- c) Spit
- d) Faeces
- e) None of these

47. The unit that coordinates different devices of the computer system is :

- a) ALU
- b) Register
- c) Control unit
- d) Logical instruction
- e) None of these

48. The most abundant element present in the human body is :

- a) Nitrogen
- b) Oxygen
- c) Carbon
- d) Hydrogen
- e) None of these

49. Cancer can be treated by :

- a) Antibiotics and vaccines
- b) Radiotherapy and antibodies
- c) Chemotherapy and radiotherapy
- d) Antibodies and chemotherapy
- e) None of these

50. Animals obtain carbon dioxide mainly from :

- a) Starch
- b) Sucrose
- c) Glucose
- d) Glycogen
- e) None of these

Persons with following blood group are considered to be universal recipient.

- a. A+
- b. B+
- c. AB+
- d. O+
- e. None of these**

*The AB+ group is considered to be universal recipient*

(2) Study of life in outer space is known as:

- a. Endobiology
- b. Exobiology**
- c. Enterobiology
- d. Neobiology

(3) The name of the common mineral salt present in seat is:

- a. Calcium Oxalate
- b. Potassium Sulphate
- c. Sodium Chloride
- d. Iron Sulphate
- e. None of these

(4) Sensitive layer of the eye is:

- a. Choroids
- b. Sclerotic
- c. Retina**
- d. Cornea
- e. None of these

(5) Laughing gas has chemical composition of following two elements.

- a. Nitrogen + Hydrogen
- b. Nitrogen + Carbon
- c. Nitrogen + Oxygen**
- d. Oxygen + Carbon
- e. None of these

(6) Dr. Abdus Salam of Pakistan was one of the contributors of the unification of:

- a. Electromagnetic force and gravitational force
- b. Electromagnetic force and weak nuclear force**
- c. Gravitational force and weak nuclear force
- d. Weak nuclear force and strong nuclear force
- e. None of these

(7) Which triplet in DNA codes for valine:

- a. CTT
- b. AGU
- c. CAT
- d. AAT
- e. None of these**

(8) What is the chance of diabetic baby born to parents both heterozygous normal ?

- a. Zero
- b.  $\frac{1}{4}$
- c.  $\frac{1}{2}$
- d.  $\frac{3}{4}$
- e. None of these

(9) Which of the following is not a part of Darwinism:

- a. Over production**
- b. Natural selection
- c. Inheritance for acquired characters
- d. Competition for survival

(10) Role of biotechnology in the production of food based on:

- a. Decomposition
- b. Respiration
- c. Digestion
- d. Fermentation**
- e. None of these

(11) Which form of drug abuse involves most risk of infection with the HIV (AIDS) virus:

- a. Cigarette smoking
- b. Using alcohol
- c. Injection of heroine
- d. Taking too much aspirin
- e. None of these

(12) Founder of modern astronomy was:

- a. Archimedes
- b. William Gilbert
- c. Nicolas Copernicus**
- d. Michael Faraday
- e. None of these

(13) The instrument which measures very high temperature is:

- a. Manometer
- b. Thermostat
- c. Chronometer
- d. Pyrometer**
- e. None of these

(14) The science which deals with study of manners and customs of people is:

- a. Ethnology** (branch of anthropology)
- b. Morphology
- c. Ethics
- d. Genetics
- e. None of these

(15) Chemical used to kill rats and mice are:

- a. Insecticides
- b. Rodenticides**
- c. Fungicides
- d. Herbicides
- e. None of these

(16) Dry ice is:

- a. Methane hydrate
- b. Liquid Nitrogen
- c. Solid Carbon dioxide**
- d. Frozen Water

(17) Chemical name of vinegar is:

- a. Sodium Nitrate
- b. Dilute acetic acid**
- c. Chloride of lime
- d. Calcium
- e. None of these

(18) Deficiency of following vitamin decreases hemoglobin production:

- a. Biotin
- b. Thiamine
- c. Niacin
- d. Pyridoxine** (known as Vitamin B6, causes anemia i.e. deficiency of hemoglobin)
- e. None of these

(19) Hygrometer is used for measuring the:

- a. Speed of sound
- b. Density of milk
- c. Humidity of air**
- d. Specific gravity of liquids
- e. None of these

(20) Bronze is an alloy of:

- a. Copper and Zinc
- b. Tin and Zinc
- c. Copper and Tin**
- d. Iron and Zinc
- e. None of these

(21) Which of the following is most elastic ?

- a. Steel**
- b. Rubber
- c. Glass
- d. Sponge
- e. None of these

(22) Orbital period of the planet Mercury around the sun is:

- a. 88 days**
- b. 365 days
- c. 2 years
- d. 98 days
- e. None of these

(23) The most splendid and the most magnificent constellation on the sky is:

- a. Orion**
- b. Columbia
- c. Canis Major
- d. Taurus

(24) "Black holes" refer to:

- a. Hole occurring in heavenly bodies
- b. Bright spots on the sun
- c. Collapsing objects of high density**
- d. Collapsing of low density
- e. None of these

(25) Eugenics is the study of:

- a. Altering human beings by changing their genetic components** (close to the actual definition)
- b. People of European region
- c. Different races of mankind
- d. Genetic of plants
- e. None of these

*Eugenics: study of the possibility of racial improvement through selective breeding and other methods*

(26) The position of earth in its orbit, when it is at its greatest distance from the sun causing northern summer is called:

- a. Aphelion**
- b. Perihelion
- c. Perigee
- d. Apogee
- e. None of these

(27) Diamond is a very expensive ornament. It is composed of a single element:

- a. Carbon**
- b. Gold
- c. Silver
- d. Platinum
- e. None of these

(28) Which of the following layers make radio transmission possible?

- a. Troposphere
- b. Ionosphere**
- c. Mesosphere
- d. Stratosphere
- e. None of these

(29) Which of the following explains the reason why there is no total eclipse of the sun?

- a. Size of the earth in relation to that of moon
- b. Orbit of moon around earth
- c. Direction of rotation of earth around sun
- d. Area of the sun covered by the moon**
- e. None of these



(30) Television signals are converted into light signals by:

- a. Optical fiber
- b. Transistor
- c. Decoder
- d. Photo diode**
- e. None of these

(31) Where do most of Asteroids lie?

- a. In asteroid belt between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter**
- b. In asteroid belt between the orbits of Mars and Venus
- c. In asteroid belt between the orbits of Jupiter and Venus
- d. Everywhere in the sky
- e. None of these

(32) The number of spark plugs needed in a diesel engine is:

- a. 2
- b. 3
- c. 0
- d. 4
- e. None of these**

(33) The half life of a radioactive element is 8-days. How long it take to reduce it from 10 mg to 5 mg?

- a. 4 days
- b. 12 days
- c. 16 days
- d. 8 days**
- e. None of these

(34) The term 'Blue Shift' is used to indicate:

- a. Doppler effect in which an object appears bluer when it is moving towards the observer or observer is moving towards the object.**
- b. Turning a star from white to blue
- c. In future sun would become blue
- d. Black hole was blue at its start
- e. None of these

*The opposite is the famous red shift which indicated the universe is expanding away from us.*

(35) Kilowatt-hour is a unit of:

- a. Power
- b. Electric Current
- c. Energy**
- d. Time
- e. None of these

(36) Fuel used in a Fast Breeder Reactor is:

- a. Uranium Oxide
- b. Uranium Plutonium carbide
- c. Uranium Plutonium Oxide**
- d. Uranium thorium Oxide
- e. None of these

FBRs usually use a mixed oxide fuel core of up to 20% plutonium dioxide (PuO<sub>2</sub>) and at least 80% uranium dioxide (UO<sub>2</sub>).

(37) Monsoon is caused by:

- a. Seasonal reversal of winds
- b. Revolution of earth**
- c. Movement of clouds
- d. Rise in temperature
- e. Rain forests

(38) Which of the following atmospheric layers help in radio communication?

- a. Exosphere
- b. Ionosphere**
- c. Troposphere
- d. Stratosphere
- e. Ozone layer

(39) A moderator is used in nuclear reactor in order to:

- a. Accelerate the neutrons
- b. Slow down the speed of the neutrons**
- c. Increase the number of electrons
- d. Decrease the number of electrons
- e. None of these

(40) Sedimentary rocks are:

- a. Porous
- b. Hard
- c. Rough
- d. Brittle
- e. Volcanic

(41) Which one of the following is a non-metallic mineral?

- a. Manganese
- b. Magnesium
- c. Gypsum**
- d. Bauxite
- e. None of these

(42) Ozone layer prevents the following radiation from entering the atmosphere:

- a. Infra-red
- b. Ultraviolet**
- c. X-rays
- d. Gamma rays
- e. None of these

(43) The phenomenon of Aurora Borealis, the display of red and green lights in northern hemisphere is due to radiations from:

- a. Ionosphere
- b. Troposphere
- c. Mesosphere
- d. Stratosphere
- e. None of these**

*Radiations are originally from Magnetosphere which collide with the atoms and molecules in the upper atmosphere, however, Aurora Borealis occurs in the ionosphere*

(44) Yeast is used in making bread because it produces:

- a. Carbon dioxide** (not sure if this is the reason but yeast does produce carbon dioxide)
- b. Sugar
- c. Bacteria
- d. Oxygen
- e. None of these

(45) Oasis is associated with:

- a. Glaciers
- b. Desert
- c. Islands** or Last Island 😊
- d. Volcanoes
- e. Fertile land

(46) Quartz crystal in quartz watches work on the principle called:

- a. Photoelectric effect
- b. Stark effect
- c. Thermionic effect
- d. Piezo-electric effect**
- e. None of these

***Piezo-electric effect***

*electric polarization produced in certain crystals by the application of mechanical stress.*

(47) The fruits without seed, like banana, are called:

- a. seedless fruits
- b. parthenogenesis fruits
- c. parthenocarpic fruits**
- d. placental fruits
- e. Organic fruits

***parthenocarp** (literally meaning virgin fruit) is the natural or artificially induced production of fruit without fertilization of ovules. The fruit is therefore seedless*

(48) Animal which captures and readily kills living animals for its food is called:

- a. Parasite
- b. Scavenger
- c. Predator** – not our moderator 😊
- d. Mammal
- e. None of these

(49) In a railway track, two rails are joined end to end with a gap between them because:

- a. Steel can be saved
- b. Accidents due to contraction in winter can be avoided**
- c. Air gaps are necessary for bearing the weight of running train
- d. Accidents due to expansion in summer can be avoided**
- e. All of these

(50) Name the famous book of Ibn-Sina in which he discussed human physiology and medicine:

- a. Al-Qanoon
- b. Al-Masudi
- c. New Renaissance
- d. Tadhkira
- e. None of these** (I think it was "The Canon of Medicine")

1) One of the countries through which equator passes is:

- (a) Kenya
- (b) Malaysia**
- (c) Malta
- (d) Pakistan

2) Copper can be converted into gold by:

- (a) Artificial radioactivity
- (b) heating
- (c) Electroplating
- (d) Chemical reaction

3) The three elements needed for healthy growth of plants are:

- (a) N, P, K
- (b) N, C, P**
- (c) N, K,
- (d) N, S, P

4) Clocks, which moves with the velocities compareable with the velocity of light, run:

- (a) fast
- (b) slow
- (c) equal to the velocity of light
- (d) with zero velocity

5) **Max Planck received the noble prize in Physics in 1918 for his discovery of:**

- (a) electron
- (b) energy quanta
- (c) photon
- (d) positron

6) Bronze medal is made up of metals:

- (a) (copper,nickel)
- (b) (copper; tin)
- (c) (copper; silver)
- (d) (copper; zinc)

7) Addison's disease is caused by the excessive secretion of:

- (a) Antidiuretic Hormone
- (b) Luteinising Hormone
- (c) Melanophore stimulating Hormone
- (d) Adrenocorticotrophic Hormone

8) Development of calf muscles in ladies who wear high heels is a common example of:

- (a) Natural Selection
- (b) inheritance of acquired character
- (c) Use and disuse of organ
- (d) Artificial selection

9) Margalla Hill is a branch of:

- (a) Karakorum range
- (b) Hindukash range
- (c) Himalaya range
- (d) Nanga Parbat range

10) Humming bird belongs to a category called:

- (a) Ectotherm
- (b) Endotherm
- (c) Exotherm
- (d) Heterotherm.

The branch of zoology, which deals with the study of insects is called \_\_\_\_\_

2) The disease \_\_\_\_\_ is caused by the deficiency of Vitamin B1 (Thiamine).

3) Oil rises in a wick of oil lamp because of a property of matter, called \_\_\_\_\_

4) The production of generally identical reproduction is called as \_\_\_\_\_

5) \_\_\_\_\_ is the fastest planet of the solar system.

6) Mercury metal is \_\_\_\_\_ times heavier than water.

7) Relative density of milk is measured by an instrument known as \_\_\_\_\_

8) The temperature of a human body is measured by an instrument known as \_\_\_\_\_

9) Gold and silver are known as \_\_\_\_\_ metals.

10) The amount of ozone in the atmosphere is expressed in \_\_\_\_\_.

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(c) N, K,  
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(b) (copper, tin)  
(c) (copper, silver)  
(d) (copper, zinc)
- 7) Addison's disease is caused by the excessive secretion of:
- (a) Antiduretic Harmone  
(b) Luteinising Harmone  
(c) Melanophore stimulating Harmone  
(d) Adrenocorticotrophic Harmone
- 8) Development of calf muscles in ladies who wear high heels is a common example of:
- (a) Natural Selection  
(b) inheritance of acquired character  
(c) Use and disuse of organ  
(d) Artificial selection
- 9) Margalla Hill is a branch of:
- (a) Karakorum range  
(b) Hindukash range  
(c) Himalaya range  
(d) Nanga Parbat range

10) Humming bird belongs to a category called:

- (a) Ectotherm
- (b) Endotherm
- (c) Exotherm
- (d) Heterotherm.

5) Rectified spirit contains alcohol about:

(a) 80% (b) 95% (c) 70%

(d) 85%

(6) Which of the following elements is not present abundantly in earth's crust: (a) Silicon (b) Radium (c) Aluminum

(d) Carbon

(7) The famous book; Al - Qanoun was written by the Muslim scientist: (a.) J abar bin Hayyan (b) Zakariya Al - Razi (c) Abu Ali Sina

(d) Abdul Qasim Majreeti

(8) Basic metals can be converted into gold by:

(a) heating (b) beating (c) artificial nuclear radioactivity (d) chemical reaction

(9) A light year is a unit of:

(a) time (b) energy (c) length (d) mass

(10) One of the main function of the earth's ozone layer is to:

(a) prevent global warming (b) filter out ultraviolet rays (c) absorb pollution (d) all of the above

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the largest planet of solar system is \_\_\_\_ (J upiter)

b. the temperature of the dead human body on Celsius scale is \_\_\_\_

c. for a large span of a long jump, two things are taken into account viz i angle with which one jumps and ii \_\_\_\_ (speed/ angle of projection)

d. the number of the spinal nerves in the man is \_\_\_\_ pairs (31)

e. a primary cell can \_\_\_\_ be charged again (not)

f. Halos around the moon are formed because of the phenomenon of \_\_\_\_ (optical phenomena)

g. Scattering of light \_\_\_\_ the duration of the day (make)

h. Muscle stiffness is caused by a disease called \_\_\_\_ (Parkinsons)

i. Oil rises in a wick of oil lamp on account of a property of matter called \_\_\_\_

j. Muslim scientist Ali al Tabari is famous for his work on \_\_\_\_ (medical sciences)

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The conversion of non-diffusible substances into diffusible ones by the action of enzymes is called :

Diamond is the purest naturally occurring crystalline form of : Carbon

Caustic soda is extensively used for making : making Surf

When a person can see nearer objects but not the distant ones he is said to be suffering from :  
nearsightedness (myopia)

Marble is -- rock : metaphoric

Curie is a unit of : radioactivity

The brown colour of rust is because of : oxidation

The movement of food through esophagus is by the muscular action known as : peristaltic

Granite is a form of -- rock :

Cellulose -- is the main chemical substance in the plant cell wall :

Cell -- was first discovered by Robert Brown :

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.  
.

Fill in the blanks with suitable words : ( 1 each)

a. Heavenly objects, which resembles stars and emit radio waves are called \_\_\_\_\_

b. \_\_\_ are hot springs that erupt hot water and steam from time to time

c. Hot liquid rock beneath the earth's surface is called \_\_\_\_\_

d. The first simple microscope was invented by \_\_\_\_\_

e. \_\_\_\_\_ is the power house of the cell

f. Ability of the air to absorb long heat waves from the earth after allowing the short waves from sun to pass through it is known as \_\_\_\_\_

g. Computer works on the principle introduced by the Muslim scientist \_\_\_\_\_

h. Coldest planet of the solar system is \_\_\_\_\_

i. The rupture of red blood cells is called \_\_\_\_\_

j. Muslim Scientist Ali ibn Al Tabari is famous for his work on \_\_\_\_\_

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.

(i) The purpose of computer is \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) polio is caused by \_\_\_\_\_

(iii) The stalagmite is deposit of \_\_\_\_\_

(iv) Bauxite is one of \_\_\_\_\_

(v) The chemical name of washing soda is \_\_\_\_\_

(vi) The main constituent of Sui gas is \_\_\_\_\_ colour has the shortest wave length.

(vii) \_\_\_\_\_ colour has the shortest wave length.

(viii) Glass is a \_\_\_\_\_

(ix) Monomers of protein are \_\_\_\_\_

(x) Ascorbic acid is vitamin \_\_\_\_\_

(xi) The solar system has \_\_\_\_\_

(xii) Aids is caused by \_\_\_\_\_

(xiii) In a normal resting person the rate of heart beat is \_\_\_\_\_

(xiv) The science which deals with heredity is known as \_\_\_\_\_

(xv) In Pakistan Copper mineral is found in \_\_\_\_\_



- (xvi) The most abundant element in the earth crust is \_\_\_\_\_
- (xvii) \_\_\_\_\_ is an apparatus used for measuring the pressure of gases.
- (xviii) The smallest branches of an artery lead into tiny blood vessels are called \_\_\_\_\_
- (xix) The living part of a plant cell is composed of a nucleus and \_\_\_\_\_
- (xx) The fastest revolving planet is \_\_\_\_\_

Monomer of proteins are \_\_\_\_\_.

- (b) Water transport in plants occurs within \_\_\_\_\_.
- (c) Underground horizontal stems are called \_\_\_\_\_.
- (d) In the eye, only \_\_\_\_\_ contain receptors for light energy.
- (e) Plant \_\_\_\_\_ control plant responses to environmental stimuli.
- (f) \_\_\_\_\_ are often called the power houses of the cell.
- (g) The rate at which a current changes direction is called its \_\_\_\_\_.
- (h) The energy of electrons at the negative terminal of a battery is called \_\_\_\_\_.
- (i) \_\_\_\_\_ is the smallest planet of the solar system.
- (j) Diamond is an allotropic form of the element \_\_\_\_\_.

(i) When the resultant of all the forces acting on a body is zero the body is said to be in a state of \_\_\_\_\_.

(ii) Gamma Rays are similar to \_\_\_\_\_.

(iii) The phenomenon of separation of ordinary light into its constituent colours is known as \_\_\_\_\_.

(iv) If a body weighs 600 kg on the surface of the earth then the weight of the same body on the surface of moon will be \_\_\_\_\_.

(v) When a bullet penetrates into a target, kinetic energy of a bullet is converted into \_\_\_\_\_.

A process of digestion begins in \_\_\_\_\_.

(b) Sometimes when white blood corpuscles greatly increase in number, they cause a disease called \_\_\_\_\_.

(c) The principle of wireless telegraphy was discovered by \_\_\_\_\_.

(d) Earth is one of the \_\_\_\_\_ planets which revolves round the sun.

(e) The planet nearest to the sun is \_\_\_\_\_.

Pressure cooker works on the principle that the boiling point of a liquid \_\_\_\_\_ with the increase of pressure.

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ is the best conductor of electricity.

(iii) Blood Cells are manufactured by \_\_\_\_\_ of the body.

(iv) The smallest organism which causes disease is virus and even smaller is \_\_\_\_\_.

(v) Neutron, Positron and Proton have \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ charges respectively.

If the mass/volume ratio of a box containing stones is equal to the mass volume ratio of a box containing feather than the box containing \_\_\_\_\_ has smaller volume of material in it.

(ii) In any one kind of atom, the number of proton, electrons is the same, it is the number of \_\_\_\_\_ which may change from atom to atom of the same element.

(iii) The \_\_\_\_\_ scale of temperature is called the absolute scale.

(iv) The type of radiation that is unaffected by magnetic field is called \_\_\_\_\_.

(v) If we know the mass of an object and the force applied on it, it is possible to calculate \_\_\_\_\_ of the object.

Active transport in animals and plants required metabolic energy and \_\_\_\_\_ to carry the substances across cell membranes electrical gradient.

(ii) Diseases that spread through air are called \_\_\_\_\_ disease.

(iii) Large trees give off \_\_\_\_\_ for the support of their heavy spreading branches.

(iv) When iron is less in body the quantity of \_\_\_\_\_ in cell decreases.

(v) Arteries become hard due to deposition of \_\_\_\_\_ in them.

The age of a tree can be determined by counting \_\_\_\_\_.

b) In a normal resting man, the rate of heart beat is \_\_\_\_\_ per minutes.

c) In Pakistan copper is found in \_\_\_\_\_.

d) American space shuttle \_\_\_\_\_ is the first winged space ship to orbit and return to airport landing.

e) \_\_\_\_\_ a defect of vision which does not permit to see clearly the distant objects.

f) The brightest planet is \_\_\_\_\_.

Quartz is chemically a \_\_\_\_\_.

(ii) Chicken egg is composed of \_\_\_\_\_.

(iii) Visible light energy has the wavelength range of \_\_\_\_\_.

(iv) The particles with positive charge but having mass equal to that of electron is called \_\_\_\_\_.

(v) Gas in children's play-balloons going upward is \_\_\_\_\_.

(vi) Standard pressure is \_\_\_\_\_.

(vii) Iron corrodes due to the formation of \_\_\_\_\_

(i) Starch is a polymer of \_\_\_\_\_.

(ii) A big astronomical observatory known as the \_\_\_\_\_ was established during the reign of Caliph Mamoon.

(iii) Adrenalin is secreted by the Adrenal \_\_\_\_\_.

(iv) \_\_\_\_\_ planet is nearest to the earth.

(v) CFC is the abbreviation of \_\_\_\_\_.

(vi) The process of conversion of a material from solid state directly to gaseous state is called \_\_\_\_\_.

(vii) A junction diode is formed by PWP semiconductor pieces whereas junction transistor is a sandwich made up of P \_\_\_\_\_ transistor.

The capacity to do work is called \_\_\_\_\_.

(ii) The energy possessed by a body due to its position is called \_\_\_\_\_.

(iii) Kitab al-Manazir is a publication by a famous Muslim scientist about \_\_\_\_\_.

(iv) \_\_\_\_\_ usually lies in the centre of an animal cell.

(v) Calcium and \_\_\_\_\_ are the essential elements of bones.

(vi) Proteins are formed by combination of \_\_\_\_\_.

(vii) Rainwater dissolves sulphur dioxide to form \_\_\_\_\_

(viii) The set of instructions given to a computer is called \_\_\_\_\_.

(ix) Chemicals such as penicillin which set on \_\_\_\_\_ are called antibiotics.

(x) Comet Shoemaker Levy 9 hit the planet \_\_\_\_\_ in July this year.

(i) In a heat engine, heat energy is changed into \_\_\_\_\_ (mechanical energy, magnetic energy, light energy)

(ii) Frequency of audible sound in Hertz (Hz) is \_\_\_\_\_ (20 – 20,000Hz, 20,000 – 30,000Hz, 30,000 – 4,000Hz)

(iii) Deficiency of vitamin B causes \_\_\_\_\_ (rickets, beriberi, night blindness)

(iv) Cheapest source of producing electricity is \_\_\_\_\_ (coal, natural gas, water)

(v) The smallest unit of measurement of wavelength is \_\_\_\_\_ (micrometer, angstrom, manometer)

(vi) The chemical generally used in refrigerators is \_\_\_\_\_ (ethylene, glycofreon, methyl alcohol)

(vii) The unit of 'TON' to specify air conditioners is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ (10,000 BTU/hour, 12,000 BTU/hour, 16,000 BTU/hour)

(viii) Unit of electricity 'KILOWATT HOUR' is the unit of (force, work, power)

(ix) Period of famous Muslim scientists is \_\_\_\_\_ (3rd – 5th century, 6th – 7th century, 7th – 13th century A.D.)

(x) Heat radiation travels at a speed equal to \_\_\_\_\_ (half the speed of light, speed of light, speed of wind)

\_\_\_\_\_

1. Which is the outermost planet in the solar system?

- A. Mercury
- B. Pluto
- C. Neptune
- D. Uranus

2. The SI unit of charge is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Ampere
- B. Coulomb
- C. Ohm
- D. Volt

3. Very High Frequency (VHF) have \_\_\_\_\_ wavelengths.

- A. shorter
- B. shortest
- C. longer
- D. longest

4. Long-sight defect could be corrected by using \_\_\_\_\_ lens.

- A. concave
- B. vonvex
- C. diverging
- D. none of these

5. Deficiency of Vitamin-A results in \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. night blindness
- B. rickets
- C. scurvy
- D. hair fall

6. For a fixed mass of gas at constant temperature, if we decrease volume, the pressure will \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. also decrease
- B. increase
- C. remains constant
- D. none of these

7. The lifespan of Red Blood Cells is \_\_\_\_\_ days.

- A. 60
- B. 120
- C. 180
- D. 240

8. The density of water is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- B. 1.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- C. 2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- D. none of these

9. Radioactivity was discovered by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Kelvin
- B. Thomson
- C. Rutherford
- D. Bacquerel

10. A device which converts chemical energy into electrical energy is called \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. motor
- B. generator
- C. moving-coil meter
- D. battery

Answers:

- 1. C
- 2. B
- 3. A
- 4. B
- 5. A
- 6. B
- 7. B
- 8. A
- 9. D

10. D

11. The Sun is a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Star
- B. Planet
- C. Asteroid
- D. Meteor

12. The average adult has a blood volume of about \_\_\_\_\_ liters.

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 7

13. The most abundant element in the universe is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Oxygen
- B. Hydrogen
- C. Carbon Dioxide
- D. Silicon

14. The most abundant element in the Earth's crust is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Oxygen
- B. Hydrogen
- C. Carbon Dioxide
- D. Silicon

15. Each day human body breathe in \_\_\_\_\_ liters of air.

- A. 5,000 to 10,000
- B. 10,000 to 15,000
- C. 15,000 to 20,000
- D. 20,000 to 25,000

16. Deficiency of Vitamin-D results in \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. night blindness
- B. rickets
- C. scurvy
- D. hair fall

17 The SI unit of "pressure" is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. pascal
- B. joule
- C. tesla
- D. henry

18. The most densest substance on the Earth is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Platinum
- B. Copper
- C. Steel
- D. Osmium

19. A camera uses a \_\_\_\_\_ to form an image.

- A. convex lens
- B. concave lens
- C. condenser lens
- D. none of these

20. Which from the following is NOT a conductor?

- A. Aluminium
- B. Silicon
- C. Graphite
- D. All are conductors

Answers:11. A12. B13. B14. A15. C16. B17. A18. D19. A20. D

## **CURRENT AFFAIRS**

- Operation desert shield was launched by US defend KSA in? 1990
2. Suez canal was nationalizes by Egypt in? May 1956
  3. Operation Gibraltar resulted into which war? Pak India
  4. International Day of peace is celebrated since? 21 Sept
  5. Martin Luther King Jr was assassinated in the age of? 39
  6. Operation Enduring freedom was conducted by the US in?
  7. Ozone layer restricts? UV light
  8. World water day is celebrated every year on? 22nd March
  9. Metal used to galvanize iron is called? Zinc
  10. Galileo invented? Telescope
  11. Book of kings commonly called shahnama was written by? Ferdowsi
  12. IR radiations from the Sun are strongly absorbed by? CO<sub>2</sub>
  13. Humidity depends upon? Temperature , Location , Weather
  14. The self interest perused by individuals causing collective destruction is called theory of?
  15. The theory that a single dominant power can maintain world peace is called? Hegemonic Theory

Suez canal was constructed in what year? **1869**

Killer Mountain? **Nanga Parbat**

PPP was estd in? **1967**

Deepest Ocean? **Pacific**

Quetta Mashhad bus service started by Musharraf under vision 2050 started in? **2008**

Ultra vires means? **Beyond Powers**

Status Quo means? **Present Condition**

Persona Grata means? **Acceptable Person**

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- b) 23rd september
- c) 12th October
- d) None of these.

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- a) Civil rights Movement using non-violence disobedience in USA.
- b) Civil rights Movement using violence in South Africa
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5: Which of the following countries has absolutely no military forces?

- a) Costa Rica
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- d) None of these

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- a) Birmingham
- b) Barcelona
- c) Baltimore
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- a) predict, in order to prevent, which countries are most likely to engage in ethnic cleansing.
- b) demonstrate how well a country is providing for its people's welfare and security.
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15: In international Relations, a global system containing two dominant powers is labelled with which of the terms?

- a) Bipolar
- b) Nationalist
- c) Isolationist
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- a) Tragedy of the commons
- b) Population implosion.
- c) carrying capacity
- d) None of these

20: The process through which a country increases its capacity to meet its citizens' basic human needs and raise their standard of living is called:

- a) Self-determination
- b) Democratisation
- c) Development
- d) None of these

1) the first constructed barrage of pakistan is

- a) jinnah barrage
- b) sukkur barrage
- c) tunssa barrage
- d) none of these

2) where was jesus christ born?

- A) iraq
- b) jerusalem
- c) mecca
- d) none of these

3) raw is an abbreviation of

- a) radical army wing
- b) research and warning
- c) research and analysis wing
- d) none of these

4) who was the first viceroy of india?

- A) lord ripon
- b) lord canning
- c) lord curzon
- d) none of these

5) according to rousseau legitimate political authority is based on

- a) slavery
- b) force
- c) social conduct
- d) none of these

6) east india company was established in

- a) 1603
- b) 1602
- c) 1600
- d) none of these

7) british government sold kashmir to gulab sing in

- a) 1846
- b) 1845
- c) 1843
- d) none of these

8) gymmanphobia is the fear of

- a) nudity
- b) gyms
- c) hotels

9) mac moban is the border between

- a) india and china
- b) india and nepal
- c) india an bangladesh
- d) none of these

10) places experincing equal impact of an earthquake are called

- a) snowlines
- b) seismic belts
- c) seismic lines
- d) none of these

11) which is the deepest ocean in the world

- a) arctic
- b) atlantic
- c) pacific
- d) none of these

12) largest airport of the world is

- a) newyork airport
- b) frankfurt airport
- c) dubai airport
- d) none of these

13) "wafa" news agency belongs to

- a) palestine
- b) jordan
- c) syria
- d) none of these

14) "fbi" of america was established in

- a) 1901
- b) 1902
- c) 1903
- d) none of these

15) who was the founder of republican party of usa

- a) alexander hamiltion
- b) franklin roosevelt
- c) george was hington
- d) none of these

16) who was the first chief minister of baluchistan from may 1972 to february 1973?

- A) sher bux murree
- b) sardar attaullah mengal
- c) nawab akbar bugti
- d) none of these

17) who was the first muslim chief of air staff of pakistan?

- A) air marshal asghar khan
- b) air marshal noor khan
- c) air marshal feroz khan
- d) none of these

18) which country is the biggest producer of uranium in the world?

- A) france
- b) south africa
- c) canda
- d) none of these

19) in pakistan the first martial law was imposed on

- a) august 1956
- b) september 1956
- c) october 1956
- d) none of these

20) the federal government

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

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- b) Population implosion.
- c) carrying capacity
- d) None of these

20: The process through which a country increases its capacity to meet its citizens' basic human needs and raise their standard of living is called:

- a) Self-determination
- b) Democratisation
- c) Development
- d) None of these

the first constructed barrage of pakistan is

- a) jinnah barrage
- b) sukkur barrage
- c) tunssa barrage
- d) none of these

2) where was jesus christ born?

- A) iraq
- b) jerusalem
- c) mecca
- d) none of these

3) raw is an abbreviation of

- a) radical army wing
- b) research and warning
- c) research and analysis wing
- d) none of these

4) who was the first viceroy of india?

- A) lord ripon b) lord canning c) lord curzon d) none of these

5) according to rousseau legitimate political authority is based on

- a) slavery
- b) force
- c) social conduct
- d) none of these

6) east india company was established in

- a) 1603
- b) 1602
- c) 1600
- d) none of these

7) british government sold kashmir to gulab sing in

- a) 1846
- b) 1845
- c) 1843
- d) none of these

8) gymmanphobia is the fear of

- a) nudity
- b) gyms
- c) hotels
- d) none of these

9) mac moban is the border between

- a) india and china
- b) india and nepal
- c) india and bangladesh
- d) none of these

10) places experincing equal impact of an earthquake are called

- a) snowlines
- b) seismic belts
- c) seismic lines
- d) none of these

11) which is the deepest ocean in the world

- a) arctic
- b) atlantic
- c) pacific
- d) none of these

12) largest airport of the world is

- a) newyork airport
- b) frankfurt airport
- c) dubai airport
- d) none of these

13) "wafa" news agency belongs to

- a) palestine
- b) jordan
- c) syria
- d) none of these



14) "fbi" of america was established in

- a) 1901
- b) 1902
- c) 1903
- d) none of these

15) who was the founder of republican party of usa

- a) alexander hamilton
- b) franklin roosevelt
- c) george washington
- d) none of these

16) who was the first chief minister of baluchistan from may 1972 to february 1973?

- A) sher bux murree
- b) sardar attaullah mengal
- c) nawab akbar bugti
- d) none of these

17) who was the first muslim chief of air staff of pakistan?

- A) air marshal asghar khan
- b) air marshal noor khan
- c) air marshal feroz khan
- d) none of these

18) which country is the biggest producer of uranium in the world?

- A) france
- b) south africa
- c) canada
- d) none of these

19) in pakistan the first martial law was imposed on

- a) august 1956
- b) september 1956
- c) october 1956
- d) none of these

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the world highest Mountain is in

- (a) Nepal
- (b) Italy
- (c) Srilanka
- (d) China

**(ii)** on the map of the world which country appears as long shoe?

- (a) Italy
- (b) Malta
- (c) Croatia
- (d) Moldova

**(iii)** The Headquarter of Red Cross are in:

- (a) London (b) New York (c) Berlin (d) Geneva

**(iv)** Diamer-Bhasha Dam has been planned on the river:

- (a) Jehlum
- (b) Chenab
- (c) Indus
- (d) None of these

**(v)** Hajj Scam 2010 struck a blow to:

- (a) Fazal-ur-Rehman
- (b) Azam sawati, Hamid Saeed Kazmi
- (c) Ishaq Dar
- (d) Inamullah

**(vi)** Who was the special representative of USA for Afghanistan and Pakistan Affairs?

- (a) Richard Holbrook
- (b) Joan Alizabeth
- (c) Gen. Mc Arthur
- (d) None of these

**(vii)** AFPAK policy was announced in:

- (a) 2008
- (b) 2009
- (c) 2007
- (d) None of these

**(viii)** Ship mounted energy project (activated in Pakistan: 2010) is sponsored by:

- (a) Saudi Arabia
- (b) China
- (c) Turkey
- (d) None of these

**(ix)** Asian Development Bank was established in

- (a) 1964
- (b) 1966
- (c) 1968
- (d) 1960

**(x)** Who were the three statesmen who formulated Non-aligned Movement?

- (a) Gandhi, Naseer, Tito
- (b) Nehru, Naseer, Tito
- (c) Chou-en-lai, Bhutto, Nehru
- (d) Soe Kamo, Naseer, Tito

**(xi)** The permanent secretariat of SAARC is established at:

- (a) Kathmandu
- (b) Dhaka
- (c) Delhi
- (d) Islamabad

**(xii)** Which of the following is the largest emitter of Carbon dioxide in the atmosphere?

- (a) China
- (b) America
- (c) Russia
- (d) India
- (e)

**(xiii)** The Rio conference on sustainable development was convened in:

- (a) 1972
- (b) 1992
- (c) 2002
- (d) None of these

**(xiv)** World Trade Organization was established in:

- (a) 1992
- (b) 1993
- (c) 1994
- (d) 1995

**(xv)** How many official working languages are recognized by UNO?

- (a) 8
- (b) 6
- (c) 7
- (d) 4

**(xvi)** The first UN conference on sustainable development happened in:

- (a) 1952
- (b) 1962
- (c) 1972
- (d) 1982

**(xvii)** Mirani Dam is located in:

- (a) Sindh
- (b) Balochistan
- (c) Punjab
- (d) None of these

(xviii) The founder of wikileaks scam belongs to:

- (a) America
- (b) England
- (c) Australia
- (d) Austria

(xix) There are how many non permanent members of Security Council?

- (a) 12
- (b) 13
- (c) 14
- (d) 10

(xx) Pakistan has become non permanent member of Security council for:

- (a) Five times
- (b) Two times
- (c) Three times
- (d) Six times

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Which of the following countries is the world's largest emitter of Carbon Dioxide in the atmosphere?

- a) **China** b) America c) Russia d) India

2) Who is Stanley McChrystal?

- a) **Commander US forces in Afghanistan** b) Head of the US Central Command (CENTCOM) c) NATO Commander in Afghanistan d) None of these

3) The headquarters of Green Peace International is located at:

- a) Vancouver b) Amsterdam c) **London** d) Paris

4) The oldest internet search engine among the following is:

- a) Google b) MSN Search c) Yahoo d) **Ask.com**

5) The power generating capacity of Diamer-Basha Dam would be:

- a) 3450 MW b) 3800 MW c) **4500 MW** d) None of these

6) ANTARA is the news agency of:

- a) **Indonesia** b) Malaysia c) Turkey d) None of these

7) The largest opium producer province in Afghanistan is:

- a) **Helmand** b) Nangarhar c) Badakhshan d) None of these

8) Silk Air is an airline of:

- a) Sri Lanka b) Switzerland c) Singapore d) **China**

9) Channel Tunnel is an under sea rail tunnel linking:

- a) England and Ireland b) **England and France** c) France and Germany d) None of these.

10) The Strait of Malacca is the main shipping channel between the India Ocean and:

- a) The North Pacific Ocean b) **South Pacific Ocean** c) South Atlantic Ocean d) None of these

- 11) The recently published book " Between Dreams and Realities " is written by:  
a) **Shamshad Ahmad Khan** b) Gohar Ayub c) Sahibzada Yakoob Ali Khan d) None of these
- 12) The largest Agency of FATA by population is:  
a) Bajaur Agency b) North Waziristan c) **South Waziristan** d) None of these
- 13) Which of the following categories of Nobel Prize was established in 1968?  
a) Medicine b) Literature c) **Economics** d) None of these
- 14) Total cultivable Land of Pakistan is approximately:  
a) **80 million hectares** b) 120 million hectares c) 150 million hectares d) None of these.
- 15) Who is Francois Fillon?  
a) Prime Minister of Italy b) President of Germany c) **Foreign Minister of France** d) None of these
- 16) The largest island in Indian Ocean is:  
a) Sri Lanka b) Sumatra c) **Madagascar** d) None
- 17) 3 May is observed Internationally as:  
a) Environment Day b) Population Day c) **Press Freedom Day** d) None of these
- 18) 2016 Summer Olympics will be held at:  
a) Sydney b) Madrid c) Chicago d) **Rio de Janeiro**
- 19) Kyat is the currency of:  
a) Nepal b) **Myanmar** c) Bhutan d) None
- 20) Environment Treaty Kyoto Protocol will be expired in:  
a) **2012** b) 2014 c) 2015 d) None of these.
- 1) Which of the following countries is the world's largest emitter of Carbon Dioxide in the atmosphere?  
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1. Who is Nicolas Sarkozy?

- a) German Chancellor
- b) Canadian President
- c) French President
- d) President of Georgia

2. What position Hu Jintao holds in China

- a) General Secretary of Communist Party
- b) President of the Country
- c) Both a & b
- d) Prime Minister of the country

3. Who is the president of World Bank

- a) Robert Bruce Zorlick
- b) Robert Bruce Gate
- c) Robert Bruce Lohaf
- d) Bill Gates

4. Where is the head quarter of the Amnesty International located
- a) Geneva
  - b) London
  - c) Paris
  - d) New York
5. Asian Development Bank (ADB) was established in:
- a) 1964
  - b) 1966
  - c) 1968
  - d) None of these
6. Who were the three statesmen who formulated Non-Aligned Movement (NAM)
- a) Gandhi, Nasser, Tito
  - b) Nehru, Nasser, Tito
  - c) Chou-en-lai, Bhutto, Nehru
  - d) Soe Karno, naseer, Tito
7. The permanent Secretariat of SAARC is established at:
- a) Kathmandu
  - b) Dhaka
  - c) Dehli
  - d) Islamabad
8. Who was the founder of HAMAS in 1987
- a) Sheikh Ahmen yas in
  - b) Yasser Arafat
  - c) Abu Nidal
  - d) None of these
9. How many official working languages are recognized by UNO
- a) 8
  - b) 6
  - c) 4
  - d) none of these
10. In which month does the UN General Assembly usually meet every year?
- a) August
  - b) September
  - c) October
  - d) November
11. Which of the following countries have the power of veto in General Assembly of UNO?
- a) USA
  - b) Russia
  - c) China
  - d) All of these
12. The term of office of a judge of the International Court of Justice is?
- a) 5 Years
  - b) 7 Years
  - c) 9 years
  - d) None of these

13. Alliance among Indian, Germany, Japan and Brazil to support each others bid for permanent seat on UN Security Council is called

- a) Alliance 4
- b) G 4
- c) Big 4
- d) None of these

14. The Iran – Pakistan – India gas pipeline is also known as

- a) Friendly pipeline
- b) Peace pipeline
- c) Great pipeline
- d) None of these

15. The first parliamentary elections in Afghanistan were held in

- a) 2004
- b) 2005
- c) 2006
- d) None of these

16. Which is the National Flower of Pakistan

- a) Tulip
- b) Rose
- c) Jasmine
- d) None of these

17. After “pustuns” the largest – ethnic group in Afghanistan is

- a) Uzbeks
- b) Hazaras
- c) Tajiks
- d) None of these

18. The Capital of Argentina is

- a) Columbia
- b) Barcelona
- c) Buenos Aires
- d) Peru

19. Which is the largest country in Africa

- a) Sudan
- b) Nigeria
- c) Libya
- d) None of these

20. Name the Currency of Sri Lanka?

- a) Rupiyah
- b) Lek
- c) Ringgit
- d) None of these

Transparency International is based in:

- a. New York
- b. London
- c. Berlin
- d. None of these



ii. The largest source of electricity generation in Pakistan comes through:

- a. Thermal
- b. Hydel
- c. Coal
- d. None of these

iii. Pakistan's largest export partner is:

- a. Saudi Arabia
- b. America
- c. Japan
- d. None of these

iv. India is constructing Kishanganga Dam in:

- a. Jammu
- b. Srinagar
- c. Baramulla
- d. None of these

v. Wafaq is the news agency of:

- a. Syria
- b. Jordan
- c. Egypt
- d. None of these

vi. Former US Vice-President Al Gore has won Nobel Peace Prize 2007 for his campaign against:

- a. Child Labour
- b. Human Rights Violations
- c. Global Warming
- d. None of these

vii. May 3, each year is internationally observed as:

- a. World Environment Day
- b. Human Rights Day
- c. Press Freedom Day
- d. None of these

viii. The world's largest producer of Uranium is:

- a. Australia
- b. Canada
- c. South Africa
- d. None of these

ix. The district of the country having lowest population density is:

- a. Khuzdar
- b. Kalat c. Kharan d. None of these

x. Qantas is an airline of:

- a. USA
- b. Australia
- c. Singapore
- d. None of these

xi. The first Muslim Nobel Laureate was:

- a. Anwar Saadat of Egypt
- b. Yasser Arafat of Palestine
- c. Abdus Salam of Pakistan
- d. None of these

xii. Darfur conflict is in:

- a. Somalia
- b. Sudan
- c. Liberia
- d. None of these

xiii. Parachinar is the main town of:

- a. Khyber Agency
- b. North Waziristan
- c. South Waziristan
- d. None of these

xiv. One US Barrel oil is equal to:

- a. 20 litres
- b. 30 litres
- c. 50 litres
- d. None of these

xv. Ringgit is the currency unit of:

- a. Singapore
- b. Philippines
- c. Malaysia
- d. None of these

xvi. Pakistan is the Chairman of:

- a. Non-Aligned Movement
- b. SAARC
- c. Group of 77
- d. None of these

xvii. The First President of America who made an official visit to Pakistan was:

- a. Richard Nixon
- b. Dwight D. Eisenhower
- c. Lyndon B Johnson
- d. None of these

xviii. The 'Aid to Pakistan Consortium' meet every year in:

- a. London
- b. New York
- c. Paris
- d. None of these

xix. General Michael Hayden is the:

- a. President of Chile
- b. Defense Secretary of United States
- c. Commander NATO's force in Afghanistan
- d. None of these

xx. Which of the following International Organizations has no formal structure and Secretariat?

- a. Green Peace
- b. D-8
- c. G-8
- d. None of these

Q.1 write only correct answers in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

(1) Patronas towers are located in:

- a. Singapore
- b. Chicago
- c. Kuala Lumpur
- d. None of these

(2) Name of the present UN secretary general is :

- a. Kofi Annan
- b. Ban Ki Moon
- c. Boutros Ghali
- d. None of these

(3) The length of common border between India and Pakistan is :

- a. 900 miles
- b. 1000 miles
- c. 1100 miles
- d. None of these

(4) Last SAARC conference was held in 2004 at:

- a. Islamabad
- b. Kathmandu
- c. Colombo
- d. None of these

(5) China became the member of the World Trade Organization in:

- a. 1998
- b. 2002
- c. 2004
- d. None of these

(6) The number of players in each team of basketball game is:

- a. 5
- b. 7
- c. 9
- d. None of these

(7) Which is the largest Surah of Holy Quran:

- a. Surah Al-Imran
- b. Sura Al-Baqarah
- c. Surah Yaseen
- d. None of these

(8) The Olympic games in 2004 were held in:

- a. Athens
- b. Sydney
- c. California
- d. None of these

(9) How many members the National Security Council (Pakistan) has:

- a. 11
- b. 13
- c. 15
- d. None of these

(10) Nobel peace Prize for the year 2006 was awarded to:

- a. Dr. Mahatir Mohammad
- b. Dr Mohammad Yunus
- c. Dr Abdul Kalam
- d. None of these

(11) Denzil Washington is renowned as:

- a. USA army general.
- b. British Naval Commander
- c. Hollywood actor
- d. None of these

(12) The number of OIC member states is:

- a. 55
- b. 57
- c. 59
- d. None of these

(13) Mahbub-ul-Haq Human Development Center is located at:

- a. Karachi
- b. Lahore
- c. Islamabad
- d. None of these

(14) Hugo Chavez is the president of:

- a. Venezuela
- b. Brazil
- c. Bolivia
- d. None of these

(15) what is the name of the only Pakistani who won the Nobel Prize:

- a. Dr Ashfaq Ahmed
- b. Dr. Abdus-Salam
- c. Dr. Abdul Qadeer
- d. None of these

(16) Maple leaf is the National emblem of:

- a. Germany
- b. China
- c. Canada
- d. None of these

(17) Name of Bangladesh parliament is:

- a. People National Assembly
- b. Majlis-I-Shoora
- c. Jatiya Sangsad
- d. None of these

(18) India has constructed "Baglihar Dam" in occupied Kashmir's district of:

- a. Udhampur
- b. Doda
- c. Jammu
- d. None of these

(19) "Hamas" was founded in 1987 by:

- a. Yasser Arafat
- b. Ismail Haniyeh
- c. Khalid Meshal
- d. None of these

(20) which of the following regions of Balochistan will be irrigated through Kachi canal project:

- a. Quetta
- b. Zhob
- c. Nasirabad
- d. None of these

.

1).. How many medals were won by Pakistan in the 18th Commonwealth games?

- (a) 3 (b) 5 (c) 7 (d) None of these

(2).. The Currency of China is:

- (a) Rouble (b) Yen (c) Yuan (d) None of these

(3).. In the absence of President, who becomes the acting President of Pakistan?

- (a) Speaker of the NA (b) Chairman Senate (c) Chief Justice of Pakistan (d) None of these

(4).. Han Myung has become the First Woman Prime Minister of:

- (a) South Korea (b) North Korea (c) Vietnam (d) None of these

(5).. Zalmay Khalilzad is the US Ambassador to:

- (a) Iraq (b) Syria (c) Lebanon (d) None of these

(6).. H3N1 is the name of a:

- (a) Medicine (b) Vaccine (c) Virus (d) None of these

(7).. Biman is the AirLine of:

(a) Sri Lanka (b) Nepal (c) Bangladesh (d) None of these

(8).. Which country's border with Pakistan is called Durand line:

(a) Iran (b) Afghanistan (c) Iran (d) None of these

(9).. Xinhua is the news agency of:

(a) China (b) Russia (c) North Korea (d) None of these

(10).. The headquarters of the UN Security Council is located at:

(a) Washington (b) Paris (c) New York (d) None of these

(11).. Who is the Governor of the State Bank of Pakistan?

(a) Dr. Shamshad Akhtar (b) Dr. Ishrat Hussain (c) Sulman Shah (d) None of these

(12).. Nobel Peace Prize for the year 2005 was awarded to M. Elbardei together with:

(a) United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)

(b) International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) (c) World Health Organization (WHO)

(d) None of these

(13).. Who is the US Assistant Secretary of state for South Asian and Central Asian affairs?

(a) Rian C. Crocker (b) Nancy Powell (c) Richard A. Boucher (d) none of these.

(14).. What was the magnitude of the Earthquake that shook northern Pakistan and Azad Kashmir on

October, 8, 2005?

(a) 5.7 (b) 7.5 (c) 7.7 (d) None of these.

(15).. Rafiq Bahauddin al Harriri had been the Prime Minister of :

(a) Libya (b) Lebanon (c) Syria (d) None of these.

(16).. Angela Merkel is the :

(a) President of France (b) First lady of Britain (c) Chancellor of Germany (d) none of these

(17).. Fourth Estate applied to:

(a) Executive (b) Secret Agency (c) Press (d) None of these.

(18).. The "Spirit of Islam" author is:

(a) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan (b) Syed Amir Ali (c) Allama Iqbal (d) none of these.

(19).. The South Asian Association for regional cooperation (SAARC) Standing Committee had agreed in

principle to grant an observer status to:

(a) China and Japan (b) Britain and France (c) US and Korea (d) None of these

(20).. George Washington was the first President of USA. Who is the incumbent Vice President of America?

(a) George Bush (b) Gerald Ford (c) Dick Cheney (d) None of these.

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1).The world's oldest international human rights organization is

a) amnesty international b) freedom house

c) anti slavery d) non of these

2). The constitution of European union has not been ratified by

- a) Italy b) Netherlands
- c) France d) non of these

3). After united states, the largest contributor in the united nations budget is

- a) Germany b) France
- c) UK d) non of these

4). Ariana is an airlines of

- a) Australia b) Egypt
- c) Iran d) non of these

5). What percentage Pakistan produces electricity from thermal source

- a) 30 % b) 50%
- c) 70% d) non of these

6). Chinas fastest growing economy is facing a major challenge of

- a) population explosion b) shortage of electricity
- c) challenges of WTO regime d) non of these

7). US president George bush has created 'millennium challenge Account' to

- a) improve national security b) provide aid to iraq and afghanistan
- c) help poor countries pursuing democratic ideals d) non of these

8). 38th parallel is a boundary line between

- a) Canada and America b) north and south Vietnam
- c) greek and turkish port of Cyprus d) non of these

9). In which month does the un general assembly usually meet every year

- a) January b) march
- c) September d) non of these

10). Pakistan has recently been given observer status in

- a) organization of economic development cooperation and development (oecd) b) gulf cooperation council (gcc)
- c) shanghai cooperation organization(sco)
- d) non of these

11). The project to reduce water logging and salinity area in Pakistan has been financially supported by

- a) world bank b) IMF
- c) Asian Development Bank d) non of these

12). Pakistan and US navies recently conducted joint exercises in the Arabian Sea by the name of

- a) Optimum Impact b) Divers Move
- c) Inspired Union d) non of these

13). Which of the following internet search engine will introduce the worlds biggest digital library

- a) yahoo b) google
- c) giga blast d) non of these

14). The recently appointed United nations high commissioner for refugees Antonio guterres is the former prime minister of

- a) denmark b) Romania
- c) Canada d) non of these

15). When a country grants another country MFN (most favored nation) status in mutual trade, it implies

- a) providing same trade concessions as are being given to other countries b) trade will be through exchange of commodities rather than foreign exchange
- c) imports and exports payments will be in local currencies only d) non of these

16). The programme 'united nations millennium development goals' is focusing on

- a) eradicate extreme poverty and hunger b) achieve universal primary education
- c) promote gender equality and empower women d) all of the above

17). The largest agency of FATA (federally administered tribal areas) by area is

- a) north waziristan b) south waziristan
- c) Khyber agency d) non of these

18). Reuter is the news agency of

- a) USA b) Germany
- c) UK d) non of these

19). SAARC human resource development centre is located at

- a) Delhi b) Colombo
- c) Karachi d) non of these

20). Under Vision 2025 WAPDA will construct SATPARA Dam on Indus Rive in

- a) Balochistan b) NWFP
- c) Northern Areas d) non of these

1. 1988 noble peace prize has been awarded to:

- a. Diego Cordovez
- b. Anwar Sadat

**c. United Nations**

2. Dan Quayle is:

- a. Mexican footballer

**b. American Politician**

- c. Prime Minister of Brazil



3. Gen. Augusto Pinochet is:

a. Leader of Contrast in Nicaragua

b. Military Dictator of el-Salvador

**c. President of Chile**

4. Robert Mugabe is:

**a. President of Zimbabwe**

b. President of Kenya

c. Prime Minister of Angola

5. Sakharov is:

a. Anti-Soviet Polish Leader

b. Secretary General of the Hungarian Communist Party

**c. Soviet Nuclear Scientist**

6. The last day of the Quaid-e-Azam was written by:

a. M. A. H. Isphani

b. Fatima Jinnah

**c. Col. Illahi Bukhs h (probably, iam not sure)**

7. The new Olympic Champion in Hockey is:

a. Australia

b. West Germany

**c. England (during the year 1988)**

8. The process of European integration is scheduled to be completed by:

a. 1990

b. 1992

c. 1994

**(Do you have any idea about that? Wild guess is option c)**

9. The Bofors Scandal occurred in:

a. Italy

**b. India**

c. Japan

16. What is the actual name of F-16:

**a. Fighting Falcon**

b. Atomic Bomber

c. Concord

d. Jumbo Jet

17. "Daughter of the East" is an autobiography of:

a. Fatima Jinnah

b. Nusrat Bhutto

c. Rana Liaquat Ali

**d. Mohtarma Benazir Bhutto**

18. The Headquarters of Asian Development Bank is in:

a. Tokyo

b. Bangkok

**c. Manila**

d. Jakarta

19. Pakistan left CENTO in:

a. 1971

b. 1975

**c. 1979 (when it was dissolved)**

d. 1981

20. Gorbachev's Peredys hka is:

a. Free Trade

**b. Breathing space (I think, please comment)**

c. Terrorist Movement

d. Non-Alignment

21. Premadasa is:

a. President of Chile

b. European Comedian

c. Terrorist Movement

**d. President Sri Lanka**

22. Sunsu ke Uno is:

a. Maker of Micro-Computers b. Prime Minister of Singapore c. Chinese Town **d. Prime Minister of J apan**

23. India launched its first Missile with the name of:  
a. Indira  
b. Verna  
**c. Agni**  
d. Monica
24. Who has been named as the first recipient of Gaddafi International Prize for Human Rights:  
a. Hosni Mubarak  
**b. Nelson Mandela**  
c. Rajiv Gandhi, d. Mrs. Margaret Thatcher
32. The constitution of European Union has not been ratified by:  
a. Italy  
b. Netherlands  
**c. France**  
d. None of these
33. After United States, the largest contributor in the United Nations Budget is:  
a. Germany  
b. France  
c. U.K.  
**d. None of these (Japan is and was in 2005 as well)**
34. "Ariana" is an Airlines of:  
a. Australia  
b. Egypt  
c. Iran  
**d. None of these**
36. China's fastest growing economy is facing a major challenge of:  
**a. Population Explosion (not sure, major problem facing Chinese economy, as I found on the internet, was income inequalities, so I related it with population)**  
b. Shortage of Energy  
c. Challenges of WTO regime  
d. None of these
37. U.S. president George Bush has created Millennium Challenge Account to:  
a. Improve national security network  
b. Provide financial aid to Iraq and Afghanistan  
**c. Help poor countries pursuing democratic ideals**  
d. None of these
38. 38th parallel is a boundary line between:  
a. Canada and America  
b. North and South Vietnam  
c. Greek and Turkish Port of Cyprus  
**d. None of these (its boundary line between North and South Korea)**
39. In which month does the U.N. General Assembly usually meet every year:  
a. January  
b. March  
**c. September**  
d. None of these
46. The largest Agency of FATA (Federally Administered Tribal Areas) by area is:  
a. North Waziristan  
**b. South Waziristan**  
c. Khyber Agency  
d. None of these
47. Reuter is the news agency of:  
a. USA  
b. Germany  
**c. UK**  
d. None of these
48. SAARC Human Resource Development Center is located at:  
a. Delhi  
b. Colombo  
c. Karachi  
**d. None of these (it is in Islamabad)**

49. Under "Vision 2025" WAPDA will construct SATPARA Dam on Indus river in:

- a. Balochistan
- b. NWFP
- c. Northern Areas**
- d. None of these

**2006**

50. How many medals were won by Pakistan in the 18th Commonwealth games:

- a. 3
- b. 5**
- c. 7
- d. None of these

51. The currency of China is:

- a. Rouble
- b. Yen

**c. Yuan**

d. None of these

52. In the absence of President, who becomes the acting President of Pakistan:

a. Speaker of the National Assembly

**b. Chairman of the Senate**

c. Chief Justice of Pakistan

d. None of these

53. Han Myung has become the First Woman Prime Minister of:

**a. South Korea**

b. North Korea

c. Vietnam

d. None of these

69. George Washington was the First President of USA. Who is the incumbent Vice President

of America:

a. Georgen Bush

b. Gerlad Ford

**c. Dick Cheney (in 2006)**

d. None of these

70. Petronas towers are located in:

a. Singapore

b. Chicago

**c. Kuala Lumpur**

d. None of these

71. Name of the present UN Secretary General is:

a. Kofi Annan

**b. Bon Ki Moon**

c. Batrus Ghali

d. None of these

72. The length of common border between India and Pakistan is:

a. 900 miles

b. 1000 miles

c. 1100 miles

**d. None of these (its 1809 miles)**

SAARC conference was held in 2004 at:

**a. Islamabad**

b. Kathmandu

c. Colombo

d. None of these

74. China became the member of World Trade Organization in:

a. 1998

b. 2002

c. 2004

**d. None of these (China officially became member of WTO on 11-12-2001)**

75. The number of players in each team of basketball game is:

**a. 5**

b. 7

c. 9

d. None of these

76. Which is the largest Surah of the Holy Quran:  
a. Surah Al-Imran  
**b. Surah Al-Baqarah**  
c. Surah Yaseen  
d. None of these
77. The Olympic games in 2004 were held in:  
a. Athens  
**b. Sydney**  
c. California
78. Nobel Peace Prize for the year 2006 was awarded to  
a. Dr. Mahatir Mohammad  
**b. Dr. Mohammad Yunus**  
c. Dr. Abdul Kalam  
d. None of these
79. Denzil Washington is renowned as:  
a. USA army general  
b. British Naval Commander  
**c. Hollywood Actor**  
d. None of these
80. The number of OIC member states is:  
a. 55  
**b. 57**  
c. 59  
d. None of these
81. Mahbub-ul-Haq Human Development Center is located at:  
a. Karachi  
b. Lahore  
**c. Islamabad**  
d. None of these
82. Hugo Chaves is the president of:  
**a. Venezuela**  
b. Brazil  
c. Bolivia  
d. None of these
83. What is the name of the only Pakistani who won a Nobel Prize:  
a. Dr. Ashfaq Ahmed  
**b. Dr. Abdus-Salam**  
c. Dr. Abdul Qadeer  
d. None of these
84. Maple leaf is the National emblem of:  
a. Germany  
b. China  
**c. Canada**  
d. None of these
85. Name of Bangladesh Parliament is:  
a. People National Assembly  
b. Majlis-i-Shoora  
**c. J atia Sangsad**  
d. None of these
94. Former US Vice-President Al Gore has won Nobel Peace Prize 2007 for his campaign against:  
a. Child Labour  
b. Human Rights Violations  
**c. Global Warming**  
d. None of these
95. May 3, each year is Internationally observed as:  
a. World Environment Day  
b. Human Rights Day  
c. Global Warming  
**d. None of these (its known globally as World Press Freedom Day)**

96. The world's largest producer of uranium is:  
a. Australia  
**b. Canada**  
c. South Africa  
d. None of these
97. The district of the country having lowest population density is:  
a. Khuzdar  
b. Kalat  
**c. Kharan (with a population density of only 4 ppl/km<sup>2</sup>, Awaran and Chagai share the same with Kharan.)**  
d. None of these
98. Qantas is an airlines of:  
a. USA  
**b. Australia**  
c. Singapore  
d. None of these
99. The first Muslim Nobel Laureate was:  
**a. Anwar Sadaat of Egypt**  
b. Yasser Arafat of Palestine  
c. Abdul Salam of Pakistan  
d. None of these
100. Darfur conflict is in:  
a. Somalia  
**b. Sudan**  
c. Liberia      d. None of these
101. Parachinar is the main town of:  
a. Khyber Agency  
b. North Waziristan  
c. South Waziristan  
**d. None of these (it's capital town of Kurram agency)**
110. What position Hu J antao holds:  
a. General Secretary of Communist Party  
b. President of the Country  
**c. Both 'a' and 'b'**  
d. None of these
111. Who is the president of World Bank:  
**a. Robert Bruce Zoellick**  
b. Robert Bruce Gate  
c. Robert Bruce Lohaf  
d. Bill Gates
112. Where is the headquarter of the Amnesty International located:  
a. Geneva  
**b. London**  
c. Paris  
d. New York
113. Asian Development Bank (ADB) was established in:  
a. 1964  
**b. 1966**  
c. 1968  
d. None of these
114. Who were the three statesmen who formulated Non-Aligned Movement (NAM):  
a. Gandhi, Nasser, Tito  
**b. Nehru, Nasser, Tito**  
c. Chou-en-Lai, Bhutto, Nehru  
d. Soe Kamo, Nasser, Tito
115. The permanent Secretariat of SAARC is established at:  
**a. Khatmandu**  
b. Dhaka  
c. Dehli  
d. Islamabad

116. Who was the founder of HAMAS in 1987:

**a. Sheikh Ahmed Yasin**

b. Yasser Arafat

c. Abu Nidal

d. None of these

117. How many official working languages are recognized by UNO:

a. 8

**b. 6**

c. 4

d. None of these

125. After 'Pashtuns', the largest ethnic group in Afghanistan is:

a. Uzbeks

b. Hazaras

**c. Tajiks**

d. None of these

126. The capital of Argentina is:

a. Columbia

b. Barcelona

**c. Buenos Aires**

d. Peru

127. Which is the largest country in Africa:

**a. Sudan**

b. Nigeria

c. Libya

d. None of these

128. Name the currency of Sri Lanka:

**a. Rupiyah**

b. Lek

c. Ringgit

d. None of these

129. Which of the following countries is the world's largest emitter of Carbon Dioxide in the atmosphere?

a) **China** b) America c) Russia d) India

130) Who is Stanley McChrystal?

a) **Commander US forces in Afghanistan** b) Head of the US Central Command (CENTCOM)

c) NATO Commander in Afghanistan d) None of these

131) The headquarters of Green Peace International is located at:

a) Vancouver b) **Amsterdam** c) London d) Paris

132) The oldest internet search engine among the following is:

a) Google b) MSN Search c) **Yahoo** d) Ask.com

133) The power generating capacity of Diamer-Basha Dam would be:

) 3450 MW b) 3800 MW c) **4500 MW** d) None of these

134) ANTARA is the news agency of:

a) **Indonesia** b) Malaysia c) Turkey d) None of these

135) The largest opium producer province in Afghanistan is:

a) **Helmand** b) Nangarhar c) Badakhshan d) None of these

# PAK STUDIES

- i) The total area of Pakistan is \_\_\_\_\_ out of which \_\_\_\_\_ percent is covered by Baluchistan Province.
- ii) The recent total population of Pakistan is \_\_\_\_\_ out of which \_\_\_\_\_ percent lives in urban areas.
- iii) There are \_\_\_\_\_ Divisions in Pakistan and \_\_\_\_\_ districts in the State of Azad Jammu and Kashmir.
- iv) The boundary between Pakistan and Afghanistan measures about \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- v) The State of Azad Jammu and Kashmir contains \_\_\_\_\_ of total area and \_\_\_\_\_ of total population.
- vi) Two most important western tributaries of River Indus are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- vii) The first Muslim Educational institution was founded in \_\_\_\_\_ by Sir Syed Ahmad Khan by the name of \_\_\_\_\_
- viii) Muslim League was founded in \_\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_\_
- ix) The pamphlet issued in England in \_\_\_\_\_ demanding national status for the north-west of Indian subcontinent with the name of Pakistan was entitled \_\_\_\_\_
- x) Members of the cabinet mission included \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- xi) According to the agreement of division of assets of British India, Pakistan was to receive \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the joint assets.
- xii) Quaid-e-Azam died on \_\_\_\_\_ and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan was assassinated on \_\_\_\_\_
- xiii) The GNP increased in Pakistan from \_\_\_\_\_ in early 1970s to \_\_\_\_\_ in early 1980s.
- xiv) Congress and Muslim League agreed on Communal Representation and national independence in \_\_\_\_\_ and signed the famous \_\_\_\_\_
- xv) Rasul Barrage is built on \_\_\_\_\_ and Warsak Dam is built on \_\_\_\_\_
- xvi) The title Quaid-i-Azam was coined by \_\_\_\_\_
- xvii) Sind Sagar Doab is situated between rivers \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- xviii) Two important species of trees found on the warm rainy slopes at 3000 to 5000 ft. of Murree Hills are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- xix) Two important oil fields of Pakistan are located at \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- xx) Nation celebrates September 6th as \_\_\_\_\_

Quran was for the first time translated in Urdu by \_\_\_\_\_

- ii) In the Sub-continent Suhrawardiyah Silsilah was founded by \_\_\_\_\_
- iii) Haji Shariatullah founded the \_\_\_\_\_ Movement in Bengal.
- iv) The total area of Pakistan is \_\_\_\_\_ sq kilometers.
- v) The main river of Balochistan Plateau is \_\_\_\_\_
- vi) The Standard time of Pakistan is the local time of \_\_\_\_\_
- vii) “\_\_\_\_\_” was written by \_\_\_\_\_.
- viii) The height of K2 is \_\_\_\_\_

1). Sir syed ahmed khan advocated the inclusion of Indians in Legislative Council in his famous book, Causes of the Indian Revolt, as early as \_\_\_\_\_

- a) 1850 b) 1860
- c) 1870 d) non of these

2). Who repeatedly refers to Sir Syed as Father of Muslim India and Father of Modern Muslim India

- a) Hali b) Abdul Qadir
- c) Ch. Khaliquz Zaman d) non of these

3). Military strength of East India Company and the Financial Support of Jagat Seth of Murshidabad gave birth to events at

- a) Plassey b) Panipat
- c) non of these

4). Clive in one of his Gazettes made it mandatory that no Muslim shall be given an employment higher than that of chaprasy or a junior clerk has recorded by

- a) Majumdar b) Hasan Isphani
- c) Karamat Ali d) non of these

5). The renowned author of the Spirit of Islam and a Short History of the Saracens was

- a) Shiblee b) Nawab Mohsin
- c) non of these

6). Nawab Sir Salimullah Khan was President of Bengal Muslim League in

- a) 1903 b) 1913
- c) 1923 d) non of these

7). The first issue of Maulana Abul Kalam Azads 'Al Hilal' came out on 13 July

- a) 1912 b) 1922
- c) 1932 d) non of these

8). At the annual session of Anjuman Hamayat Islam in 1911 Iqbal's poem was recited, poetically called

- a) sham-o-shahr b) shikwa
- c) jawab-i-shikwa d) non of these

9). Sir Sultan Muhammad Shah, the Agha Khan headed the historic Simla Deputation which successfully presented Muslim demands on 01, October 1906 before

- a) Lord Curzon b) Lord Irwin
- c) Lord Minto d) non of these

10). Quaid-i-Azam said in an interview on any hope of India and Pakistan coming to a peaceful settlement 'provided the Indian government shed the superiority complex and deal with Pakistan on an equal footing given to special correspondent from

- a) Germany b) France
- c) Switzerland
- d) non of these

11). Which are the aligned years in Pakistan's foreign policy

- a) 1963-1972 b) 1954-1962
- c) 1947-53 d) non of these



12). Zia established a course for Pakistan that enabled the government to manage a complex

- a) foreign policy b) co-existence
- c) non of these

13). In the hindu kush mountains all passes connect Pakistan with

- a) china b) Afghanistan
- c) Tajikistan d) non of these

14). The hasni tribe is settled in

- a) southern NWFP b) western Balochistan
- c) central sind d) non of these

15). Rechna and Bari Doabs are considered

- a) thickly populated region b) very thickly populated region c) most thickly populated region
- d) non of these

16). In connection with land reforms the Punjab tenancy act was passed in

- a) 1877 b) 1887
- c) 1897 d) none of these

17). Excavations at moenjo daro have revealed in earthen vessels

- a) millet grains b) lentills
- c) rice grains d) non of these

18). Kalabagh iron deposits are largest in Pakistan with an estimated reserve of

- a) 309 m tons b) 509 m tons
- c) 709 m tons d) non of these

19). Cotton textile the largest industry of Pakistan employ industrial labour force of magnitude of

- a) 80 % b) 65 %
- c) 50% d) non of these

20). The emergence of gwadar port and its development has promoted

- a) rural – urban migration b) urban-urban migrational
- c) non of these

1. From 1858 upto about 1870 nearly all British Politicians, authors blamed the Muslims for:

- a. Disloyalty
- b. Independence
- c. Leadership
- d. None of these

2. Indo-Muslim culture in details is overwhelmingly:

- a. Central Asian
- b. Arabian
- c. Iranian
- d. None of these

3. "The Millat and Menace of Indianism" is written by:

- a. Muhammad Ali
- b. Ch. Rehmat Ali
- c. Shaukat Ali
- d. None of these

4. Indian Khilafat Deputation visited England to put their views before Lloyd George in:

- a. 1940
- b. 1930
- c. 1920
- d. None of these

5. The Lucknow Pact was conceived by:

- a. Lord Chemsford
- b. John Simon
- c. Edward Cadogan
- d. None of these

6. Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan was leader of:

- a. Muslim League
- b. Unionist Party
- c. Congress
- d. None of these

7. In 1917 Khairi Brothers suggested a plan of partition of India in conference of the Socialist International held in:

- a. London
- b. Oslo
- c. Stockholm
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8. In 1928 Agha Khan III advocated independence of each province at the meeting of All parties convention in:

- a. Patna
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9. Founder of Pakistan M.A. Jinnah declared unequivocally that "it is impossible to work a democratic parliamentary government in India" in press interview given to:

- a. The Hindustan Times
- b. Manchester Guardian
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10. Kazi Saeed-ud-Din Ahmad, an Aligarh geographer clearly demarcated areas to substantiate the two nation theory were in all:

- a. Four
- b. Six
- c. Eight
- d. None of these

11. On 7th August, Muhammad Ali Jinnah left India for the last time and flew to:

- a. Quetta
- b. Lahore
- c. Karachi
- d. None of these

12. Junagadh was a small maritime state and had an area of:

- a. 4500 Sq Km
- b. 9000 Sq Km
- c. 10000 Sq Km
- d. None of these

13. Tethys's deposits finally turned to be:

- a. Western Ghats
- b. Himalayas
- c. Karakoram
- d. None of these

14. The Salt Range lies in the large accumulation of pure salt at Khewra and:

- a. Attock
- b. Jhelum
- c. Kalabagh
- d. None of these

15. Land holdings in Pakistan are characterized by:

- a. Huge farms
- b. Very big farms
- c. Large farms
- d. None of these

16. The Pakistan Forest Institute, a national organization was established in:

- a. 1957
- b. 1947
- c. 1967
- d. None of these

17. Relics of stone tools found in caves and terraces that date back to Pleistocene period have been discovered in:

- a. Sind
- b. Punjab
- c. Balochistan
- d. None of these

18. National Highway Authority receipts to the tune of 1850 million rupees have been reported by May:

- a. 2002
- b. 2003
- c. 2004
- d. None of these

19. Recent earthquake of October, 2005 was result of:

- a. Volcanic activity
- b. Tectonic dislocation
- c. Severe flooding
- d. None of these

20. Pakistan foreign policy is the safe-guarding of its sovereignty, security and:

- a. International Relations
- b. External Trade
- c. Territorial integrity
- d. None of these

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16. The Pakistan Forest Institute, a national organization was established in:

- a. 1957 (b. 1947 (c. 1967 (d. None of these



17. Relics of stone tools found in caves and terraces that date back to Pleistocene period have been discovered in:

- a. Sind
- b. Punjab
- c. Balochistan
- d. None of these

18. National Highway Authority receipts to the tune of 1850 million rupees have been reported by May:

- a. 2002
- b. 2003
- c. 2004
- d. None of these

19. Recent earthquake of October, 2005 was result of:

- a. Volcanic activity
- b. Tectonic dislocation
- c. Severe flooding
- d. None of these

20. Pakistan foreign policy is the safe-guarding of its sovereignty, security and:

- a. International Relations
- b. External Trade
- c. Territorial integrity
- d. None of these

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The first Muslim general entered Victorious in the sub-continent Indo-Pak in the year:

- (a) 612 AD
- (b) 712 AD
- (c) 812 AD
- (d) None of these

(2) On the execution of Muhammad Bin Qasim, the rule of Caliph ended and Arab princes in Mansura (Sindh) and Multan (Punjab) established their independent dynasties in Sub-continent in the year:

- (a) 861 AD
- (b) 871 AD
- (c) 881 AD
- (d) None of these

(3) Who became the first Sultan of newly established Muslim Sultanate of Delhi in 1207:

- (a) Shahabudin Ghuri
- (b) Qatub-din Aibek
- (c) Zaheer-u-din Babar
- (d) None of these

(4) Who has written the book entitled "The Making of Pakistan"

- (a) Qurashi I.H.
- (b) — Muhammad Ali Ch.
- (c) Waheed-uz-Zaman
- (d) None of these

(5) Who was first appointed Nazim of Nadva-ul-ulema in 1883:

- (a) Maulana Shibli
- (b) Maulvi Abdul Ghafoor
- (c) Maulana Syed Muhammad Ali
- (d) None of these

(6) Pakistan's ideology is based on the ideals of:

- (a) Democracy
- (b) Theocracy
- (c) Islam
- (d) None of these

(7) Quaid-e-Azam called Islam "Our bedrock and sheet anchor" while addressing:

- (a) Punjab Students Federation
- (b) Muslim Students Peshawar
- (c) Indian Muslims
- (d) None of these

(8) The resolution for formation of All-Indian Muslim League was passed at the meeting of All India Educational Conference (1906) and was moved by:

- (a) Nawab Viqar ul Mulk
- (b) Nawab Mohsin ul Mulk
- (c) Nawab Salim ullah
- (d) None of these

(9) The demand of separate electorate for Indian Muslims was first accepted in the Act of:

- (a) 1909
- (b) 1919
- (c) 1935
- (d) None of these

(10) The provincial governments of Congress resigned and All-India Muslim League as a mark of relief observed the "Day of Deliverance" on:

- (a) 22 Oct. 1939
- (b) 22 Nov. 1939
- (c) 22 Dec. 1939
- (d) None of these

(11) The Lahore Resolution was amended and Pakistan was made an integral part of League's objective. The amendment was made in the Annual session (1941) of All India Muslim League, which was held at:

- (a) Karachi
- (b) Lahore
- (c) Madras
- (d) None of these

(12) Radcliffe Commission submitted its formula for the division of India in to two countries to Lord Mountbatton on:

- (a) 9 August 1947
- (b) 19 August 1947
- (c) 29 August 1947
- (d) None of these

(13) Ch. Rahmat Ali, the architect of the name of the Pakistan, died on:

- (a) Feb. 2, 1951
- (b) Feb. 12, 1951
- (c) Feb. 22, 1951
- (d) None of these

(14) Liaquat Ali Khan, the first Prime Minister of Pakistan, while addressing a meeting at Rawalpindi was assassinated on:

- (a) Oct 6, 1951
- (b) Oct 16, 1951
- (c) Oct. 26, 1951
- (d) None of these

(15) The Legal Framework Order, which amended a constitution of Pakistan unilaterally was issued by:

- (a) Yahya Khan
- (b) Ayub Khan
- (c) Zia-ul-Haq
- (d) None of these

(16) The country, which supported the Pakistan Movement before the emergence of Pakistan:

- (a) Iran
- (b) Indonesia
- (c) Saudi Arabia
- (d) None of these

(17) Durand Line, which divides the borders of Pakistan and Afghanistan is as long as:

- (a) 2252 Km
- (b) 2262 Km
- (c) 2272 Km
- (d) None of these

(18) Which mountain range is located between China and Pakistan:

- (a) Siwaliks
- (b) Hindu Kush Range
- (c) Great Himalayas
- (d) None of these

(19) What is the total area of Pakistan (in square kilometers):

- (a) 695095
- (b) 795095
- (c) 796096
- (d) None of these

(20) The Regional Cooperation for Development (RCD) was established among Pakistan, Iran and Turkey in 1964 and was annualled in:

- (a) 1969
- (b) 1979
- (c) 1989
- (d) None of these

Mahmud of Ghazni waged war against rebellious India in the year of:

- a. 900
- b. 1000
- c. 1100
- d. None of these

ii. Shahab-ud-Din Muhammad Ghuri defeated Pirthviraj in the year 1192 in the field of:

- a. Panipat
- b. Nagpur
- c. Tarori
- d. None of these

iii. Qutb-ud-Din Aibak was succeeded on Delhi throne by:

- a. Aram Shah
- b. Iltumish
- c. Razia Sultana
- d. None of these

iv. The downfall of Muslim rule in India started with the demise of:

- a. Akbar
- b. Aurangzeb
- c. Bahadur Shah Zafar
- d. None of these

v. The Holy Quran was first translated into Persian by:

- a. Shah Ismail Shaheed
- b. Shaikh Ahmad Sirhindi
- c. Shah Waliullah
- d. None of these

vi. Anjuman-e-Islamia Punjab was founded for the renaissance of Islam in the year:

- a. 1849
- b. 1859
- c. 1869
- d. None of these

vii. "Pakistan's Constitution should incorporate the essential principles of Islam, which are as good and relevant in our day, as were 1300 years ago. But Pakistan should not be a theocratic state ruled by priests." This statement was given by:

- a. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
- b. Allama Iqbal
- c. Quaid-e-Azam
- d. None of these

viii. Who was appointed first President of Muslim league?

- a. Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk
- b. Nawab Vigar-ul-Mulk
- c. Nawab Saleem Ullah
- d. None of these

ix. Who divided Bengal into East and West Bengal in July 1905?

- a. Lord Curzon
- b. Lord Minto (c. Lord Morely (d. None of these

x. Dyarchy was first introduced in the Act of:

- a. 1909
- b. 1919
- c. 1935
- d. None of these.

xi. The resolution of non-cooperation with British Government was passed in the meeting of All India National Congress in 1920, which was held at:

- a. Madras
- b. Bombay
- c. Nagpur
- d. None of these

xii. The Simon Commission arrived in India on:

- a. 3rd February, 1927
- b. 3rd February, 1928
- c. 3rd February, 1929
- d. None of these

xiii. The British Prime Minister Ramsay Macdonald announced the Communal Award in 1932 at the end of:

- a. First Round Table Conference
- b. Second Round Table Conference
- c. Third Round Table Conference
- d. None of these

xiv. All India Muslim League observed the "Direct Action Day" on:

- a. August 6, 1944
- b. August 6, 1945
- c. August 6, 1946
- d. None of these.

xv. Objective Resolution was passed by the Constituent Assembly of Pakistan on:

- a. March 12, 1947
- b. March 12, 1948
- c. March 12, 1949
- d. None of these

xvi. With regard the division of power between Federation and Provinces the Constitution of Pakistan (1962) was provided with:

- a. Single list of subjects
- b. Two lists of subjects
- c. Three lists of subjects
- d. None of these

xvii. The height of Pakistan's highest mountain Pak-Godwin Austin is as high as:

- a. 26, 250 ft
- b. 27, 250 ft
- c. 28, 250 ft
- d. None of these

xviii. The Government of Pakistan established the Indus River System Authority in the year:

- a. 1960
- b. 1970
- c. 1980
- d. None of these

xix. Under the Indus Water Treaty of 1960 Pakistan has the right to use exclusively the water of:

- a. Ravi, Sutleg and Chenab
- b. Sutleg, Chenab and Jhelum
- c. Chenab, Jhelum and Indus
- d. None of these

xx. At present Pakistan has vast natural resources and items of mineral as many as:

- a. 14 items
- b. 15 items
- c. 16 items
- d. None of these.

i). Who rejected the verdicts of jurists that idol worshippers are liable to be murdered?  
(a) Mahmood Ghaznawi (b) **Shamud-din Iltumish**  
(c) Jalal-ud-Din Deroz (d) None of these

ii). Who constructed five canals to remove scarcity of water?  
(a) Alauddin Khaliji (b) Ghyas-ud-Din Tughlaq  
(c) **Feroz Shah Tughlaq** (d) Akbar

iii). Who laid foundation of Agra city?  
(a) **Sikandar Lodhi** (b) Babur  
(c) Shah Jahan (d) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan ( 😊 this option shows good sense of humour of the Paper setter)

iv). Who wrote "Humayun Nama"?  
(a) Shahabuddin (b) **Gulbadan Begum**  
(c) Humayun (d) Qudrat Ullah Shahab ( 😊 )

v). Who accepted Akbar's "Din-e-Ilahi"?  
(a) Todar Mal (b) Ma'an Singh  
(c) **Birbal** (d) None of these

vi). Which office held supreme judicial authority during Mughal rule?  
(a) **King** (b) Qazi-ul-Qazat  
(c) Saddar-us-Sadur (d) None of these

- vii). Who supported muslim participation in politics?  
(a) Wiqar-ul-Mulk (b) Mohsin-ul-Mulk  
(c) Maulana Zafar Ali khan (d) Allama Iqbal
- viii). Who is the author of "Hunter par Hunter"?  
(a) Deputy Nazir Ahmed (b) Sir syed Ahmed Khan  
(c) Maulana Zafar Ali khan (d) None of these
- ix). Who drafted "Wardha Scheme" under the guidance of Ghandi?  
(a) Abul Kalam Azad (b) Nahru  
(c) Dr. Zakir Hussain (d) None of these
- x). How many muslim seats were secured by All India Muslim League in 1945-46 Election of Provincial assemblies?  
(a) 396 (b) 425  
(c) 441 (d) None of these
- xi). Who presided over the session of Constituent Assembly of Pakistan 10 August 1947?  
(a) Quaid-e-Azam (b) Liaqat ali khan  
(c) Ch. Khaliq-uz-Zaman (d) Sir Agha Khan
- xii). Who rejected the theory of composite nationalism advanced by the Indian National Congress?  
(a) Mualana Maudoodi (b) Allam Mashriqi  
(c) Hussain Ahmed Madni (c) Quaid-e-Azam
- xiii). Who was convicted in Rawalpindi Conspiracy Case?  
(a) Shorash Kashmiri (b) Habib J alib  
(c) Faiz ahmed Faiz (d) None of these
- xiv). In which constitution of Pakistan, the Ministers were neither members of the parliament nor answerable to parliament?  
(a) 1956 (b) 1962  
(c) 1973 (d) None of these
- xv). From which country Pakistan purchased Gawader?  
(a) Kuwait (b) Iran  
(c) Muscat (d) None of these
- xvi). Which provincial Chief Minister was dismissed on the issue of One Unit?  
(a) Chief Minister NWFP (b) Chief Minister Sindh  
(c) Chief Minister Punjab (d) Chief Minister Baluchistan
- xvii). Which Radio Station already existed at the time of creation of Pakistan?  
(a) Peshawar (b) Karachi  
(c) Quetta (d) None of these
- xviii). Under Yahya's LFO, what option National Assembly had if it couldn't frame the constitution within 120 days?  
(a) Dissolved automatically (b) President will dissolve it  
(c) Extension in time frame (d) None of these

xix). What percentage of total polled votes in East Pakistan was secured by Awami League in 1970 elections?

- (a) 54 % (b) 60 %  
(c) 75 % (d) None of these

xx). When was the state of Swat included in Pakistan?

- (a) 4th April 1969 (b) 28th July 1969  
(c) 29th June 1970 (d) None of these

1.name the saint,who first came in lahore.

- A.Ali Makhdum Hujwari  
B.Shaikh ismail  
c.data gunj baksh  
d.none of these.

2.Ghiyas-ud-din balban declared himself king of delhi sultanate in the year

- a.1166  
b.1266  
c.1366  
d.none of these

3.who founded daulatabad and shifted the capital of delhi sultanate?

- A.Ghiyas-ud-din Tughluq  
b.muhammad tughluq  
c.feroze shah tughluq  
d.none of these

4.who set up the chain of justice to redress the grievances of oppressed people?

- A.zaheer-ud-din babar  
b.shahab-ud-din shahjahan  
c.aurangzeb alimgir  
d.none of these

5.who was known in history as Mujaddid Alf Thani,the reformer of second millenium?

- A.shaikh ahmed sirhindi  
b.shah waliullah  
c.sir syed ahmed khan  
d.none of these

6.who called the's piritual guide"as shopkeepers?

- A.shaikh ahmed sirhindi  
b.shah waliullah  
c.sir syed ahmed khan  
d.none of these

7.when nadva-tul-ulema came into being?

- A.1873 (b.1883( c.1893 (d.none of these



8.who initiated the cult of shivaji against the muslims of india?

- A.bal ganga dher tilak
- b.bennerji
- c.pandit madan mohan
- d.none of these

9.who led simla deputation in 1906?

- A.sir agha khan
- b.sir syed ahmed khan
- c.nawab muhsin ul mulk.
- d.none of these

10.when nehru committee was constituted to propose the future constitution of India?

- A.feb 1927
- b.feb 1928
- c.feb 1929
- d.none of these

11.when the congress ministries resigned from their offices?

- A.nov 1927
- b.feb 1928
- c.feb 1929
- d.none of these

12.who first thought of the possibility of a muslim republic embracing the present central asian states in north west of sub-continent?

- A.abdul halim sharar
- b.syed jamal ud din afghani
- c.ch.rehmat ali
- d.none of these

13.when simla conference was concluded with failure?

- A.june14,1945
- b.july14,1945
- c.aug14,1945
- d.none of these

14.who negotiated with cabinet mission(1946)on behalf of all india national congress?

- A.ghandi
- b.nehru
- c.a.k.azad
- d.none of these

15.when abu ala maududi was awarded death punishment by military court on"qadiani issue"?

- A.march 1953
- b.april 1953 (c.may 1953 (d.none of these

16. muhammad ali bogra, the then p.m of pak, presented his constitutional formula to the constituent assembly on

- a. sep7,1953
- b. oct7,1953
- c. nov7,1953
- d. none of these

17. when was the 17th amendment bill ratified by the president, after getting passed by both houses of majlis e shura?

- A. dec29,2003
- b. dec30,2003
- c. dec31,2003
- d. none of these

18. when was the local govt. system under the devolution of power plan, 2001, inaugurated?

- A. aug4,2001
- b. aug14,2001
- c. aug 24,2001
- d. none of these

19. when was gas (natural) discovered at sui baluchistan?

- A. 1950
- b. 1952
- c. 1954
- d. none of these

20. the suleman mountain, one of the western, is as high as

- a, 1100ft
- b, 2200ft
- c, 3300ft
- d, none of these.

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Who recalled Muhammad Bin Qasim from Sindh?

- (a) Caliph Walid
- (b) Caliph Sulaiman
- (c) Caliph Abdul Aziz
- (d) None of these

**(ii)** What was the real name of Shah Waliullah?

- (a) Qutubddin Ahmed Faruqi
- (b) Qutubddin Ahmed Siddiqui
- (c) QUTubddin Ahmed Syed
- (d) None of these

**(iii)** Who was the formal teacher of Syed Ahmed Bareilvi?

- (a) Sheikh Ahmed Sirhandi
- (b) Shah Waliullah
- (c) Shah Abdul Aziz
- (d) None of these

**(iv)** Who for the first time translated the Holy Quran in Urdu language?

- (a) Shah Waliullah and Shah Abdul Aziz
- (b) Shah Abdul Qadir and Shah Rafiuddin
- (c) Syed Ahmed Baralvi and Shah Ismail Dehlvi
- (d) None of these

**(v)** Faraizi Movements was primarily a religious movement. What change did it bring in the movement?

- (a) Transferred it into a guerrilla movement
- (b) Transferred it into a political movement
- (c) Transferred it into a Cultural movement
- (d) None of these

**(vi)** Which of the following was/were the drawback(s) of the Government of India Act 1858?

- (a) Control of the Secretary of State for India and his council was bureaucratic in nature
- (b) Expenses of the Secretary of State for India and his Council became a burden on Indian revenues:
- (c) Both of these
- (d) None of these

**(vii)** By how many member(s) the Executive Council of the Governor General was enlarged under the Indian Council Act of 1861 ?

- (a) One member
- (b) Two members
- (c) Four members
- (d) None of these

**(viii)** As per the Government of India Act 1858, the transfer of the control of the Government of India from the East India Company and assumption by the Crown was to be announced by Queen's Proclamation, which was accordingly read in a Darbar. Where was this Darbar held?

- (a) Calcutta
- (b) Delhi
- (c) Allahabad
- (d) None of these

**(ix)** Where, during the War of Independence, was Sir Syed Ahmed Khan working/ posted.

- (a) Delhi
- (b) Bijnaur
- (c) Aligarh
- (d) None of these

**(x)** Sir Syed Ahmed Khan established a Translation Society (later, renamed as 'Scientific society') in 1864. In which town was it founded?

- (a) Bijnaur
- (b) Aligarh
- (c) Ghazipur
- (d) None of these

**(xi)** In 1867, some prominent Hindus of Banaras launched a movement for the replacement of Urdu written in Nastaleeq by Hindi written in Devanagiri script as the Court language. In which province(s) was this movement started?

- (a) Bengal Province
- (b) Central Provinces
- (c) North-western Provinces
- (d) None of these

**(xii)** What was the designation of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan in M.A.O school at Aligarh?

- (a) Secretary, Managing Committee
- (b) President, Managing Committee
- (c) Parton, Managing Committee
- (d) None of these

**(xiii)** Which organization is considered the first Muslim political body contitured to repres the Muslims of the subcontinewnt as a whole?

- (a) Anjuman-e-Mussalmanan-e-Hind
- (b) Central National Mohammadan Association
- (c) Urdu Defence Association
- (d) None of these

**(xiv)** Mention the importance annoucments(s) that was/were made by the Governor General Lord Hardinge in thie Darbar at Delhi in 1911?

- (a) Annulment of the partition of Bengal
- (b) Transfer of Capital from Calcutta to Delhi
- (c) Both of these
- (d) None of these

**(xv)** Which Muslim leader left the politics after the cancellation of the partition of Bengal?

- (a) Nawab Salimullah Khan
- (b) Nawab Waqar-ul-Mulk
- (c) Nawab Hamidullah Khan
- (d) None of these

**(xvi)** First sesstion of All-indian Muslim League was helo on 29-30 December 19074. where was it held?

- (a) Lahore
- (b) Aligarh
- (c) Karachi
- (d) None of these

**(xvii)** "Few individuals significantly alter the source of history. Fewer still modify the map of the world. Hardly anuone can be created with creating a nation-state. Mohammad Ali Jinnah did all three". Who made these remarks about Quaid-e-Azam?

- (a) Stanley Wolpert
- (b) Ian Stephens
- (c) Lawrence Ziring
- (d) None of these

**(xviii)** The All-indian Muslim League observed 'Day of Delivemce' after the resignation of the All-India Congress minstereis. On what date was it observed?

- (a) 22 octuber 1938
- (b) 22 December 1938
- (c) 22 October 1939
- (d) None of these

**(xix)** Who was the first leader of opposition in the first National Assembly constituted under the 1962 contitution of Pakistan?

- (a) Sardar Bahadur Khan
- (b) Khan. A sabur
- (c) Mumtaz Daultana
- (d) None of these

(xx) In which year Pakistan become 'Republic'?

- (a) 1947
- (b) 1956
- (c) 1962
- (d) None of these

the silsilah chishtiyah was founded in sub continent by whom?

- A) kh. Bahaud din naqshbandi
- b) kh muinud din ajmeri
- c) sh. Bahaud din zakria
- d) none of these

2) when shah waliullah died?

- A) 1162
- b) 1762
- c) 1862
- d) none of these

3) who was appointed the first principal of darul ulum deoband?

- A) maulana mamluk ali
- b) haji muhammad abid
- c) maulana muhammad qasim
- d) none of these

4) who floated the idea of establishment of anjuman-e-hamiat-e-islam?

- A) maulana shibli
- b) kh. Hamid ud din
- c) munshi charag din
- d) none of these

5) all india national congress was established by a british civil servant in 1885. Name the officer

- a) madan mohan
- b) lord dufferin
- c) a.o hum
- d) none of these

6) viceroy lord curzon divided the bengal in east and west on:

- A) 19th may 1905
- b) 19th june 1905
- c) 19th july 1905
- d) none of these

7) which year proved the turning point of the muslim destiny in the history of india?

- A) 1905
- b) 1906
- c) 1907
- d) none of these

8) where the annual sessions of national congress and muslim league were held simultaneously?

- A) dehli
- b) bombay
- c) lucknow
- d) none of these

9) who was the author of "emergence of pakistan"?

- A) i.h quureshi
- b) waheed-ud-zaman
- c) muhammad ali ch.
- D) none of these

10) when sir stafford cripps announced his farmula to seek the co-operation between the national congress and muslim league?

- A) march 30,1940
- b) march 30,1942
- c) march 30,1944
- d) none of these

11) when the simla conference under the presidentship of lord wavell was ended?

- A) june 14, 1945
- b) july 14, 1945
- c) august 14, 1945
- d) none of these

12) by whom the farmula of 3rd june 1947 to divide india was announced?

- A) lord atlee
- b) lord wovell
- c) lord mount batten
- d) none of these

13) who was the first president of consituent assembly of pakistan?

- A) quaid-e-azam
- b) liaquat ali khan
- c) sikandar mirza
- d) none of these

14) under whom leadership the consituent of 1956 was passed?

- A) liaquat ali khan
- b) ch. Muhammad ali
- c) sikandar mirza
- d) none of these

15) when the consituent of 1973 was proclaimed?

- A) april 12, 1972
- b) march 23, 1973
- c) august 14, 1973
- d) none of these

16) when indus water treaty was signed between india and pakistan?

- A) 1960
- b) 1962
- c) 1969
- d) none of these

17) in which constitution the presidential and parliamentary system at centre and provinces were adopted respectively?

- A) 1956
- b) 1962
- c) 1972 (d) 1973

18) when was the 18th ammendment bill passed by national assembly?

- A) april 12, 2010
- b) march 12, 2010
- c) may 12, 2010
- d) none of these

19) how much amount was allocated for the agriculture sector in the 7th five year plan?

- A) rs.13600 million
- b) rs.14600 million
- c) rs.15600 million
- d) none of these

20) which pass connects para channa and kohat with afganistan?

- A) khyber pass
- b) kurram pass
- c) gomal pass
- d) none of these

.

Who was the governor of Sindh after Muhammad Bin Qasim?

- a. Zaid Bin Marwan
- b. Yazid Bin Muhallab
- c. Abdullah Bin Haris
- d. none

2. who was the mughal emperor who accepted the british pension firstly?

- a. Alamgir-II
- b. Shah Alam-II
- c. Akbar-II
- d. None

3. Ahmad Shah Abdali launched his early invasion against:

- a. Mughal
- b. Marhatas
- c. Sikhs
- d. None

4. The British fought Plassy war against:

- a. Haider Ali
- b. Tipu Sultan
- c. Sirajuddula
- d. None

5. Dars-i-Nizami was named after:

- a. Nizamuddin Auliya
- b. Nizamul Mulk
- c. Mullah Nizamuddin
- d. None

6. Before 1857 how many Universities on Western pattern were established in India?

- a. 16
- b. 13
- c. 3
- d. None

7. When the MAO College at Alligarh was started?

- a. 1864
- b. 1877
- c. 1875
- d. None

8. Anjuman-i-Himayat e Islam was started in:

- a. 1849
- b. 1884
- c. 1885
- d. None

9. The constitution of All India Muslim League was written by:

- a. Mohsin ul Mulk
- b. Muhammad Ali J ohar
- c. Nawab Salimullah of Dacca
- d. None

10. The first session of Muhammad Educational Conference was held in Bangal:

- a. 1886
- b. 1899
- c. 1906
- d. None

11. The London branch of Muslim League was started by:

- a. Syed Amir Ali
- b. Sir Wazir Hassan
- c. Has an Bilgrami
- d. None

12. "Hamdard" was edited by

- a. Moulana SHoukat Ali
- b. Moulana Muhammad Ali J ohar
- c. Moulana Zafar Ali Khan
- d. None

13. "Shudhi" movement was started by:

- a. J awahr Lal Nehru
- b. Tilak
- c. Gandhi
- d. None

14. Majlis-ii-Ahrar was found in:

- a. 1928
- b. 1929
- c. 1931
- d. None

15. In Kas hmir the ceas efire between Pakistan and India was signed on:

- a. 27th july 1948 (b. 27th july 1949 (c. 27th july 1950 (d. None



16. Islamabad was declared capital of Pakistan in:

- a. 1959
- b. 1960
- c. 1961
- d. None

17. Majority of Southern Pakistan population lived along the:

- a. River Indus
- b. River Ravi
- c. River Jhelum
- d. None

18. The Aryan arrived in South Asia in :

- a. 3000BC -3500BC
- b. 4000BC- 4500BC
- c. 4500BC-5000BC
- d. None

19. The most ancient civilization is:

- a. Harrapa
- b. Mohjudaru
- c. Mehargarh
- d. None

20. The author of "The Case of Pakistan" is

- a. Rafiq Afzal
- b. S M Ikram
- c. I.H. Qureshi
- d. None

Q1: Sindh was conquered by Mohd bin Qasim during the \_\_\_\_\_ period

- a. Umayyads
- b. Abbasids
- c. Tulun
- d. Idrisids

02. Mohd bin Qasim was the nephew of \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Sulayman bin Abdul Malik
- b. Abdul Malik bin Marwan
- c. Walid bin Abdul Malik
- d. Hajjaj bin Yousaf

03. Raja Dahir was the ruler of \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Lahore
- b. Dehli
- c. Sindh (d. Depalpur)

04. Debul and Alor are the names of \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Places of Ancient Sindh
- b. Old Gardens of Sindh
- c. Ancient bulding
- d. None of them

05. Who was Sisakar ?

- a. Wazir of Hajjij bin Yousaf
- b. Wazir of Mohd bin Qasim
- c. Wazir of Raja Dahir
- d. None of the above

06. Mohd bin Qasim tortured to death in a prison in Iraq during the caliphate of \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Sulaiman
- b. Walid
- c. Yazid
- d. None of them

07. In 133 A.H / 750 A.D. the Abbasids overthrew the \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Safvids
- b. Mughals
- c. Umayyads
- d. Meds

08. The Abbasids Governor \_\_\_\_\_ came to Sindh in 140 A.H. / 757 A.D.

- a. Hisham
- b. Walid
- c. Musa
- d. Yasir

09. In 367 A.H / 777 A.D , Subuktigin , a Turkish slave became the master of \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Lahore
- b. Multan
- c. Depalpur
- d. Ghazni

10. Mahmood `s first important battle was fought against \_\_\_\_\_ near Peshawar in 8 Muharram 392 A.H 25 November 1001 A.D.

- a. J aipal
- b. Sukhpal (c. Anandpal (d. None of them

11. Abu-al-Fath Daud was the Ismail ruler of \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Lahore
- b. Multan
- c. Sindh
- d. Depalpur

12. Mahmood set out on the expedition to Somnath on 17 october \_\_\_\_\_

- a. 1023 A.D
- b. 1024 A.D
- c. 1025 A.D
- d. 1026 A.D

- a. 1024 A.D
- b. 1026 A.D
- c. 1028 A.D
- d. 1030 A.D

14. In \_\_\_\_\_ A.D the first battle of Traain was fought between Mohd Gauri and Rajputs under the command of Govind Rai brother of Prithvi Raj, Mohd Gauri defeated in this battle.

- a. 1189
- b. 1190
- c. 1191
- d. 1192

15. In \_\_\_\_\_ A.D the second battle of Train was fought and Rajput defeated in this battle.

- a. 1190
- b. 1191
- c. 1192
- d. 1193

Answers :

01. A , 02. D , 03. C , 04. A , 05. C  
06. A , 07. C , 08. A , 09. D , 10. A  
11. B , 12. B , 13. D , 14. C , 15. C

01. About the end of 2nd century B.C some unusual upheavals in the Central Asia let loose series of human floods that brought about after-wave of invasions into Indo-Pak Sub-continent, First invasion was made by :

- a. The Kushanas
- b. The Sakas
- c. The Bacirians
- d. The Parthians

02. One of the main objectives of All - India Muslim League at the time of its creation was :

- a. To be loyal to the Indian British Government
- b. To take active part in the politics of the country
- c. to be close to Hindu community
- d. Not to take sides with any Indian community

03. The power of the Legislative councils was increased by

- a. Minto - Morley Reforms, 1909
- b. Simon Commission Report
- c. 3rd Round Table Conference
- d. Gandhi - Irwin Pact

04. Hindi - Urdu controversy of 1867 had far-reaching consequences because

- a. It was the forerunner of the Two-Nation Theory
- b. Made Muslims think to be close to the Hindu culture
- c. To depend on the British Government for justice
- d. To be indifferent to the Controversy

05. The elections should be held on the basis of general adult franchise. This demand was made in

- a. Minto - Morley Reforms, 1909
- b. Lucknow pact
- c. Cripps Mission
- d. Gandhi - Irwin Pact

06. Aligarh Muslim College started by Sir Syed Ahmed Khan in 1877 had a clear programme

- a. To keep the Muslim community abreast with western knowledge
- b. To make Muslims learn Arabic and Persian only
- c. To give students military education
- d. To educate Muslim youth to be politically active

07. "The future form of Government would be federal to be joined by provinces and Indian states." This principle was settled in

- a. Nehru Report
- b. 1st Round Table Conference
- c. Simon Report
- d. Minto - Morley Reforms, 1909

08. Simla Deputation of 1906 had the following purpose

- a. For future elections in the country Muslim community would get separate electorate
- b. The Deputation was advised to take active part on politics
- c. The Deputation was directed to be friendly with the rulers
- d. To be in harmony with the Hindu Community of India

09. During the Khilafat Movement, "Chauri chaura" tragedy assumed greater significance. Which of the following incidents was peculiar to that

- a. Country-wide strike of the traders
- b. A police station was burnt in a village
- c. Communal riots erupted
- d. The people refused to pay Government taxes

10. Ch. Rahmat Ali published a leaflet "Now or Never. Are We To Live or Perish Forever" issued on January 28, 1933 ; from Cambridge with the objective

- a. To create a separate and independent Muslim state
- b. To develop amity with the British as a Muslim community
- c. To grow the concept of Indianism
- d. To work with other Indian Communities for liberation of India

Answers :

01. C , 02. A , 03. A , 04. A , 05. B  
06. A , 07. B , 08. A , 09. B , 10. A

01. Moplah's contribution is that

- a. They took part in Khilafat Movement
- b. They went to Kerala to organize anti-British movement
- c. They were Arab tribes on the Malabar shores who seized ships of East India company
- d. They remained involved in a guerilla warfare with the British Government

02. Arya Samaj was founded in 1875

- a. To protect the interest of India
- b. To revive and reform Hinduism
- c. To cooperate with the British Government
- d. To be a social organization working for the good of the poor

03. In the election of 1945-46

- a. In NWFP, the Muslim League got majority and won the Muslim seats
- b. Muslim League formed ministry in NWFP with Dr. Khan Sahib as the Chief Minister
- c. In Bengal Muslim League won 89 out of 110 Muslim seats and formed ministry with H.S. Suhrawardy as Chief Minister
- d. None of the above

04. For what purpose Muslim League changed its manifesto in 1913 ?

- a. Became hostile towards the British
- b. Demanded self-government suitable for India
- c. to remain aloof from Indian politics
- d. To criticise and oppose the Hindu community

05. Who seconded the Pakistan Resolution from Punjab ?

- a. Nawab Muhammad Ismail
- b. Dr. Muhammad Alam
- c. Abdul Hameed Khan
- d. Syed Zakir Ali

06. The Kanpur Mosque episode took place in August 1913. Its result was

- a. It made the Muslims feel ignored by the Indian Government
- b. The Muslims were disappointed by the Hindu Press
- c. They decided to leave India and migrate to neighbouring Muslim countries
- d. It created political awakening among the Indian Muslims

07. On May 28, 1920, Khilafat Committee passed a resolution in support of Non-Cooperation Movement started by Mr. Gandhi with the result

- a. It created amity between Muslims and Hindus to work together to get their grievances redressed by the Government of India
- b. It could not be activated due to Hindu - Muslim differences
- c. The Congress opposed the movement
- d. By and large the Muslim community did not want to get Hindu support

08. Indicated the main reason for the failure of Land Reforms in Pakistan

- a. Landlords got stay order from courts
- b. Landlords surrendered hilly lands
- c. Landlords got favour from Consolidation Wing of Board of Revenue
- d. Landlords transferred land in the name of their family members

09. The Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam was founded in 1884, with the objective

- a. It was for social gathering among Muslim of Punjab
- b. To help Muslims to secure Government jobs
- c. To encourage non-communal approach to provincial problems
- d. To defend Islam against the onslaughts of the missionaries and to provide western education along with religious instructions

10. Ex-state of "Amb" is famous for

- a. Tidal Forests
- b. Natural Forests
- c. Artificial Forests
- d. Beta Forests

Answers :

01. A , 02. B , 03. C , 04. A , 05. B  
06. D , 07. A , 08. D , 09. D , 10. B

Q1. Why Syed Amir Ali resigned from the Muslim league in 1913 ?

- a. The Muslim league did not do sufficient work for its members
- b. It criticised the Government
- c. It supported the Hindu cause
- d. The party had no clear cut policy

02. What is the most provision of the Simon Commission Report published in 1930 ?

- a. Recommendation for the introduction of federal system of government in India
- b. Dyarchy should continue
- c. No reforms in the provinces
- d. The importance of the majority community should be accepted

03. Indicate the highest civil award among the following

- a. Sitara-e-Shujaat
- b. Hilal-e-Shujaat
- c. Nishan-e-Shujaat
- d. Tamgha-e-Shujaat

- a. All-India Congress did not wish to join the Federal Government
- b. There was state of emergency on the eve of World War II
- c. There was law and order problem in India
- d. The Indian princes refused to join in Federation

05. "Education Foundation" were set up in the provinces with a view to

- a. Encouraging education in the rural areas
- b. Encouraging private sector investment in education
- c. Encouraging primary education and adult education
- d. Encouraging education at all levels

06. The provincial elections under the Act of 1935 held in 1937 had the following results

- a. The Muslim League won the majority of seats reserved for the community
- b. By and large Muslim league failed miserable in the contest
- c. The Congress had success only in a few provinces
- d. A number of political parties boycotted the elections

07. Sulphur is formed at

- a. Koh-e-Sultan (Chagi)
- b. Kala-Chitta Range (Attock)
- c. Warchha
- d. Hazro (Attock)

08. Quaid-e-Azam in his presidential address of 25th session of Muslim League at Lucknow on Oct 15, 1937 gave direction about

- a. Power and self-reliance for political success
- b. Cooperation with majority community
- c. To remain loyal to the Government
- d. Muslim to keep away from politics

09. An agreement for cooperation was signed during Turkish President Kennan Evremo's visit to Pakistan in Feb 1980 in the field of

- a. Defence production
- b. Tourism
- c. Research and Development
- d. Shipping

10. Sindh Muslim League passed on of the following resolutions in 1938

- a. Federalism to continue
- b. Muslims to join other communities for political progress
- c. Concentration on education
- d. Resolved to have division of India on the basis of Two Nation Theory

Answers :

01. D , 02. A , 03. C , 04. B , 05. D  
06. B , 07. A , 08. A , 09. C , 10. D



01. The Muslim League Resolution of "Divide and Quit" in 1943 was against the movement of quit India proposed in 1942 by

- a. Late Mr. Gandhi
- b. Pandit Nehru
- c. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
- d. Pant

02. The institution of Mohtasib was established by

- a. Constitution of 1973
- b. Presidential Order 1983
- c. Article 276 of the interim Constitution 1972
- d. All of the above

03. Gandhi - Jinnah talks of 1944 failed due to

- a. Opposition by the Khaksars
- b. Red Shirts
- c. The Ahrar
- d. Two - Nation Theory

04. Quaid-e-Azam sent 600 hundred soldiers to a Muslim country to fight for her freedom. Many of those soldiers laid their lives while fighting. That country preserved the tales of the bravery of those soldiers in a book titled "The Six Hundred Brave Pakistani Soldiers". They fought for

- a. Libya
- b. Egypt
- c. Indonesia
- d. Morocco

05. The Simla Conference of 1945 failed due to

- a. Arrogance of the Congress leaders
- b. Callousness by F.M. Lord Wavel the Viceroy of India
- c. The derogatory approach about Muslim by the Hindu Press
- d. Demand by the Quaid to have all Muslim seats to be allocated to the Muslim league

06. At the NAM Summit in Durban (1998), which issue was discussed concerning Pakistan ?

- a. Child Labour
- b. Environment Pollution
- c. Kashmir Problem
- d. Repayment of Loans

07. The result of the election 1945-46 showed

- a. That the Unionist Party won majority of Muslim seats
- b. The Jamaat Ulema-i-Hind captured a few seats
- c. The National Muslims got a few seats
- d. The Muslim League captured all the reserved seats for the Muslims at the centre

08. Indicate the decision taken in the second SAARC Summit (Banglore) 16 Nov, 1986

- a. Inflation be curbed
- b. A permanent Secretariat was to be set up at Khatmandu
- c. A trade agreement was signed
- d. Mutual problems should be resolved by peaceful means

09. "Qissa Sohni Mahinwal" was written by

- a. Hafiz Barkhurdar
- b. Hashim Shah
- c. Fazal Shah
- d. Waris Shah

10. The interim Government was formed in 1946. Who was the Prime Minister

- a. Pandit Nehru
- b. F.M. Lord Wavel
- c. Liaquat Ali Khan
- d. None of the above

Answers:

01. A , 02. B , 03. D , 04. C , 05. D

06. C , 07. D , 08. C , 09. C , 10. D

01. Pakistan attended a four-day SAARC Japan-funded workshop in Sep 1999. The workshop was on

- a. The role of media in preventing prostitution
- b. The role of media in preventing Child Labour
- c. The role of media in Drug prevention
- d. The role of media in curbing terrorism

02. Sir Cyril Radcliffe announced the Boundary Commission Award on August 17, 1947. Which was biased due to whom ?

- a. Lord Mountbatten
- b. Pandit Nehru
- c. S.V. Patel
- d. Maharaja Sadul Singh of Bikaner

03. The concept of acting in aid of civil power by the armed forces has been laid down in the Constitution of Pakistan 1973 vide.

- a. Article 245
- b. Article 270
- c. Article 243 (d. Article 200)

04. Why Quaid-e-Azam launched Direct Action day on August 16, 1946 ?

- a. To protest against breach of pledge by Viceroy FM Lord Wavell
- b. To oppose the Congress policies
- c. To get support from the masses for party membership
- d. To curb the upsurge of the National Muslims

05. Muslim Bagh is famous for

- a. Copper
- b. Iron ore
- c. Gypsum
- d. Chromite

06. Late Mr. Ghandi renounced his formal leadership from Congress in

- a. 1934
- b. 1940
- c. 1946
- d. 1947

07. Article 25 of the Constitution of 1973 deals with

- a. Rule of law
- b. Equal protection of law
- c. Equality of citizen
- d. All of the above

08. Quaid-e-Azam resigned from membership of Congress in

- a. 1913
- b. 1916
- c. 1920
- d. 1922

09. A former president of the dissolved Constituent Assembly had challenged the legality of the proclamation of the Governor General in

- a. Asif Patel & other V. The Crown
- b. Maulvi Tamiz-ud-Din Khan's Case
- c. Miss Asma Jilani Case
- d. State V. Doss

10. India recognised the provisional Government of Bangladesh on

- a. Dec 6, 1971
- b. Dec 16, 1971
- c. Jan 1, 1972
- d. Dec 18, 1971

Answers :

01. B , 02. A , 03. A , 04. A , 05. D

06. D , 07. C , 08. C , 09. B , 10. B

Q. In which year War of Independence was fought:

Ans. 1857.

Q. Where Muhammadan Anglo-Oriental school was established:

Ans. Aligarh.

Q. Who established Indian National Congress?

Ans. A.Hume.

Q. When Congress was established? Ans. 1885.

Q. When Sir Syed was born?

Ans. 1817.

Q. When Sir Syed died?

Ans. 1898.

Q. When was Bengal partitioned?

Ans. 1905.

Q. When the partition of Bengal was annulled?

Ans. 1911.

Q. When did Quaid-e-Azam join Muslim League?

Ans. 1913.

Q. When did the First World War started?

Ans. 1911.

Q. When did the First World War came to an end?

Ans. 1918.

Q. When did the Muslim League came into existence?

Ans. 30 September 1906.

Q. Who was the first President of Muslim League?

Ans. Sir Agha Khan.

Q. When did Simla deputation call on Viceroy Lord Minto?

Ans. 1906.

Q. When Minto-Morley Reforms were enforced?

Ans. 1909.

Q. When was Lucknow Pact agreed?

Ans. 1916.

Q. When J allianwala Bagh incident occurred?

Ans. 13 April 1919.

Q. When did Khilafat Movement start?

Ans. 1918.

Q. Who was secretary of Khilafat deputation?

Ans. Has an Muhammad Hayat.

Q. Who was the editor of "Comrade"?

Ans. Maulana Muhammad Ali J auhar.

Q. Who was the editor of "Hamdard"?

Ans. Muhammad Ali J auhar.

Q. Who was the editor of "Al-Hilal"?

Ans. Maulana Azad.

Q. Name the newspaper of Maulana Zafar Ali Khan?

Ans. Zamindar.

Q. When treaty of Sevres was signed?

Ans. 20 August 1920.

Q. Who was Khalifa of Turkey?

Ans. Sultan Abdul Majid.

Q. Non-cooperation Movement was started during the days of?

Ans. Khilafat Movement.

Q. Who was Prime Minister of England during the period of Khilafat Movement?

Ans. Llyde George.

Q. Who issued Fatwa in favour of Khilafat Movement?

Ans. Maulana Azad and Maulana Abdul Bari.

Q. Who announced the end of Khilafat Movement?

Ans. Gandhi.

Q. When Princess of Wales visited India?

Ans. November 1921.

Q. When did Tragedy of Chora Churi happen?

Ans. 4 February 1922.

Q. How many Policemen were burned to death in the Tragedy of Chora Churi?

Ans. 21.

Q. When did Montague visit India?

Ans. 10 November 1917.

Q. When did Montague-Chelmsford Reforms were introduced in India?

Ans. 1919.

Q. How many members were in the council of state in the Montague-Chelmsford Reforms?

Ans. 60.

Q. When Diarchy was introduced in Indian Act?

Ans. 1919.

Q. When Diarchy was introduced in the 8 provinces of India?

Ans. February 1921.

Q. When Diarchy was introduced in NWFP?

Ans. 1932.

Q. How long Diarchy remained in force in India?

Ans. 1921-1937.

Q. Rowlett Act was enforced on:

Ans. 18 March 1919.

Q. When was the formation of Simon Commission announced?

Ans. 8 November 1927.

Q. When Quaid-e-Azam said, "This is Parting of Ways"?

Ans. All Parties Conference in Calcutta.

Q. When Quaid-e-Azam presented his 14 points?

Ans. On Muslim League Delhi session 1929.

Q. When did Allama Iqbal Delivered his famous Address in "Allahabad"?

Ans. 30 December 1930.

Q. When Labour Party came in power in England?

Ans. May 1929.

Q. When First Round Table Conference was called in London?

Ans. 12 November 1930.

Q. How many total delegates were in the First Round Table Conference?

Ans. 89.

Q. Who presided over the First Round Table Conference?

Ans. George 5th.

Q. When did Second Round Table Conference was called?

Ans. 7 September 1931.

Q. When Third Round Table Conference started?

Ans. 17 November 1932.

Q. When Pona Pact was signed?

Ans. 25 September 1932.

Q. Who were the signatories of Pona Pact?

Ans. Ambidkar and Gandhi.

Q. How many seats were in 1937 Elections of Provincial Assemblies? Ans. 1535.

Q. What was the total number of representative?  
Ans. 1771.

Q. How many seats were capture by Congress?  
Ans. 706.

Q. How many seats were in Provinces for Muslims?  
Ans. 491.

Q. How many seats were captured by Muslim League?  
Ans. 211.

Q. When congress ministries came to an end?  
Ans. 14 November 1939.

Q. When day of deliverance was solemnized?  
Ans. 22 December 1939.

Q. When Pakistan Resolution was passed?  
Ans. 23 March 1940.

Q. When Cripps Mission came into India?  
Ans. 23 March 1942.

Q. Quit India Movement was started in?  
Ans. 1942.

Q. When Nadir Shah invaded on India?  
Ans. 1739.

Q. When the Battle of Plasay was fought?  
Ans. 1758.

Q. Sultan Teju was defeated by the British in the year:  
Ans. 1799.

Q. "Hujjat-al-Baligha" was written by:  
Ans. Shah Wali Ullah.

Q. Who started Faraizi Movement?  
Ans. Haji Shariat Ullah.

Q. Who wrote Asrar-Sanadeed?  
Ans. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan.

Q. When Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was designated as a member of Imperial Council?  
Ans. 1877.

Q. When Sir Syed was designated as member of Viceroy's Legislative Council?  
Ans. 1878.

Q. Who wrote "Khutbat Ahmedia"?  
Ans. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan.

Q. Who wrote "Taiban-ul-Qalam"?  
Ans. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan.

Q. Who started "Tehzib-ul-Akhlaq"?  
Ans. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan.

Q. M.A.O College was established in the year:  
Ans. 1875.

Q. When Mohammedan Educational Conference was formed?  
1866.

Q. When British Indian Association was formed?  
Ans. May, 1866.

Q. When Indian National Congress was formed?  
Ans. 1885.

Q. Who formed Indian Patriotic Association?

Ans. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan in 1888.

Q. Who was the founder of Mohammedan Defense Association?

Ans. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan.

Q. Who was the founder of Indian National Congress?

Ans. Allan Octavian Hume.

Q. Who was the founder of Brahmo Samaj?

Ans. Raja Ram Mohan Ray.

Q. Who was the founder of Parathna Samaj?

Ans. Dr. Atama Ray Pand Ring.

Q. Who was the founder of Deo-Samaj?

Ans. Sita Mand Agnihotri.

Q. Who was the founder of Ram Krishan Messia?

Ans. Ram Krishan Persat.

Q. Who was the founder of Arya Samaj?

Ans. Dianand Sarswati.

Q. When Anjuman Himayat Islam was established?

Ans. 24 September 1884.

Q. Who were the founders of Anjuman Himayat Islam?

Ans. Khalifa Hamid-ud-Din, Dr. Din Muhammad Nazir, Munshi Chiragh Abdul Rahim.

Q. Who was the first President of Anjuman Himayat Islam?

Ans. Khalifa Hamid-ud-Din.

Q. When Islamia College Railway Road was established?

Ans. 1907.

Q. When Islamia College for Girls Copper Road was established?

Ans. 1939.

Q. When Hindi-Urdu Controversy started?

Ans. 1867.

Q. When Indian Council Act was enforced?

Ans. 1861 and 1892.

Q. When Bengal was partitioned?

Ans. 1905.

Q. Who was the head of Simla Deputation?

Ans. Sir Agha Khan.

Q. Majlis Khadam-e-Kaba was established in?

Ans. 1913.

Q. What was „Muslim Outlook“?

Ans. This was the name of a Journal that was started by Khilafat Deputation in London.

Q. When Treaty of Sevres was signed?

Ans. 10 August 1920.

Q. Was Moplas against British?

Ans. Yes, they supported Khilafat Movement.

Q. Who was General Dyre?

Ans. General Dyre ordered to shoot in Jalianwala Bagh.

Q. Who founded Cow Protection Society?

Ans. Bal Ganga Dhar Tilak.

Q. Who wrote Bande Mathram?

Ans. Bamkin Chander Chiterji.

Q. Who founded Mahasabah?  
Ans. Madan Mohan Malviya.

Q. Who was the chief protagonist in Shudhi?  
Ans. Swami Sharad Nand.

Q. Who was Bankim Chatterji?  
Ans. He was the writer of "Anand Math" a novel.

Q. Who is writer of "Toward Pakistan"?  
Ans. Waheed-uz-Zaman.

Q. Who is the writer of "Emergence of Pakistan"?  
Ans. Chaudry Muhammad Ali.

Q. Who wrote the "Struggle for Pakistan"?  
Ans. I.H. Qureshi.

Q. Why Pirpur Report was prepared?  
Ans. To investigate the tyrannies of Congress on Muslims.

Q. Why Shraf Report was prepared?  
Ans. To investigate the cruelties on Congress in Bihar.

Q. Who wrote "India Wins Freedom"?  
Ans. Abul Kalam Azad.

Q. When Muslims solemnized day of deliverance?  
Ans. 22 December 1939.

Q. Who wrote "Verdict on India"?  
Ans. B. Nichols on.

Q. Who published "Tehzeeb"?  
Ans. Abdul Haleem Sharar.

Q. Who is the author of "Foundation of Pakistan"?  
Ans. Sharif-ud-Din Pirzada.

Q. Who wrote "Evolution of Pakistan"?  
Ans. Sharif-ud-Din Pirzada.

Q. Who were Khari brothers?  
Ans. They were Professor Abdul Satter Khari and Dr. Abdul Jabbar Khari.

Q. Who wrote "The Making of Pakistan"?  
Ans. K.K. Aziz.

Q. Who wrote "Now or Never"?  
Ans. Chaudry Rehmat Ali.

Q. Who wrote "A Federation of Cultural Zone for India"?  
Ans. Dr. Abdul Latif.

Q. Who wrote "A Path Way to Pakistan"?  
Ans. Chaudry Khaliq-uz-Zaman.

Q. Who wrote "Pakistan Naguzir Tha"?  
Ans. Syed Hasan Riaz.

Q. Who was Master Tara Singh?  
Ans. He was the leader of Sikhs.

Q. When "Quit India Movement" was started?  
Ans. 1942.

Q. Who wrote "Father and Daughter"?  
Ans. Begum Shah Nawaz.

Q. When Simla Conference was held?  
Ans. 25 June 1945.



Q. Who wrote "Transfer of Power in India"?

Ans. V.P.Menon.

Q. Who were Members of Cabinet Mission?

Ans. i. Straford Cripps ii. A.V.Alexander iii. Sir Pathic Lawrence.

Q. When Quaid-e-Azam called for Direct Nation Day?

Ans. 16 August 1946.

Q. Who was the last Viceroy of Britain?

Ans. Lord Mountbattan.

Q. Who were the members of Punjab Boundary Commission?

Ans. i. Justice Muhammad Munir ii. Justice Shah Din iii. Justice Tega Singh iv. Justice Mehar Chand Mahajan.

Q. Who proposed the resolution in the meeting and by whom meeting was presided over?

Ans. the meeting was presided over by Quaid-e-Azam and Maulvi Fazl-ul-Haq proposed the Resolution.

Q. Who confirmed the Resolution as a representative of Punjab?

Ans. Zafar Ali Khan.

Q. Who supported the Resolution as a representative of Sindh?

Ans. Sir Abdullah Haroon.

Q. Who confirmed the Resolution as a representative of Balochistan?

Ans. Qazi Muhammad Essa.

Q. Who supported the Resolution as a representative of NWFP?

Ans. Aurangzeb.

Q. In which election Muslim League won all the seats reserved for the Muslims?

Ans. December 1945. QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

(Pakistan since Independence)

Q. What was the name of that committee which was formed by Constituent Assembly?

Ans. The Committee of Basic Principles.

Q. Soon after Independence Pakistan went against India over Kashmir?

Ans. 19th October 1947.

Q. When Quaid-e-Azam died?

Ans. 11 September 1948.

Q. When Kashmir cease-fire was agreed under U.N.O?

Ans. 26 July 1949.

Q. When Liaquat Ali Khan was murdered?

Ans. 16 October 1951.

Q. When Army took over in bloodless coup d'etat?

Ans. 7 October 1958.

Q. Who and when first Pakistan Constituent Assembly was dissolved?

Ans. Malik Ghulam Muhammad dissolved the Constituent Assembly on 21 December 1954.

Q. How the Islamic Identity of Pakistan had been declared in the 1956 Constitution?

Ans. Pakistan had been declared as Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

Q. When Ayub Khan announced "Basic Democracy"?

Ans. 26 October 1959.

Q. When Presided Ayub Khan signed 1962 Constitution? Ans. 1st March 1962.

Q. When Martial Law of Presided Ayyub Khan was lifted?  
Ans. 8 June 1962.

Q. When war broke out between India and Pakistan?  
Ans. 6 September 1965.

Q. When cease-fire was announced?  
Ans. 23rd September 1965.

Q. When Tashkent Agreement was signed?  
Ans. 10 January 1966.

Q. When government announced Agartala Conspiracy case against Sheikh Mujibur-Rehman and thirty-four others?  
Ans. 6 January 1968.

Q. When assassination attempt was made on President Ayyub?  
Ans. 7 November 1968.

Q. When President Ayyub resigned?  
Ans. 25 March 1969.

Q. When Yahya Khan took over?  
Ans. 25 March 1969.

Q. When political restrictions were lifted by Yahya Khan?  
Ans. 1st January 1970.

Q. When Legal Framework Order was issued?  
Ans. 28 March 1970.

Q. On what date elections were held?  
Ans. 7 December 1970.

Q. When provincial assembly results were held?  
Ans. 17 December 1970.

Q. When Bhutto threatened to withdraw from constitution making?  
Ans. 17 February 1971.

Q. When Yahya Khan dismissed civilian cabinet?  
Ans. 21 February 1971.

Q. When Pakistan was dismembered?  
Ans. 16 December 1971.

Q. What name has been given to the Upper House in 1973 Constitution?  
Ans. Senate.

Q. What name has been given to the Lower House in 1973 Constitution?  
Ans. National Assembly.

Q. Who is Chief Executive by the National Assembly in accordance with the Constitution of 1973?  
Ans. Prime Minister.

Q. When Objectives Resolutions was passed by the Constituent Assembly?  
Ans. 12 March 1949.

Q. When first Martial Law was declared in Pakistan?  
Ans. 7 October 1958.

Q. In which Constitution East Pakistan had been given the representation in accordance with the proportion of its population?  
Ans. 1956 Constitution.

Q. When 1956 Constitution was abrogated?  
Ans. 1958.

Q. When did General Zia Imposed Martial Law?  
Ans. 5 July 1977.

Q. Who suspended the Constitution of 1973?  
Ans. General Zia-ul-Haq.

Q. When "Eighth Amendment" was introduced by the Constitution?  
Ans. 1985.

Q. When Zia's plane crashed?  
Ans. 17 August 1988.

Q. When Second Constitution was implemented?  
Ans. 1962.

Q. When was the third Constitution implemented?  
Ans. 14 August 1973.

Q. When first Martial Law was withdrawn?  
Ans. 9 June 1962.

Q. When was the Third Martial Law lifted?  
Ans. 30 December 1985.

Q. When did President Ayyub resign from his office?  
Ans. 25 March 1969.

Q. General Zia held Presidential Referendum in:  
Ans. 1984.

Q. When were four units merged into one unit?  
Ans. 1955.

Q. Who abrogated first Constitution?  
Ans. Ayyub Khan.

Q. Who were the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Governor-Generals of Pakistan?  
Ans. Quaid-e-Azam, Khawaja Nazim-ud-Din, Malik Ghulam Muhammad.

Q. Who were the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Prime Ministers of Pakistan?  
Ans. Liaquat Ali Khan, Khwaja Nazim-ud-Din, Muhammad Ali Bogra.

Q. When did second Martial Law was imposed?  
Ans. 25 March 1969.

Q. Pakistan became Nuclear Power on:  
Ans. 28 May 1997

PAKISTAN'S FOREIGN POLICY

Q. What is the length of common border between India and Pakistan?  
Ans. 2200 Km.

Q. How many wars were fought between India and Pakistan?  
Ans. Three viz 1948, 1965 and 1971.

Q. When Treaty of Tashkent was signed?  
Ans. 1965.

Q. When Simla Pact was signed?  
Ans. 1972.

Q. When SAARC was established?  
Ans. 1980.

Q. When India exploded its first nuclear device?  
Ans. 1974.

Q. What is the length of common border of China and Pakistan?  
Ans. 600 Km.

Q. What is the name of Chinese province to which join the borders of Pakistan?

Ans. Sankiang.

Q. When Peoples Republic of China was established?

Ans. 1949.

Q. When were the common borders of China and Pakistan duly demarcated?

Ans. 1965.

Q. How much area was gained by Pakistan as a result of his demarcation?

Ans. 750 square meters.

Q. Did Pakistan supporter China to make her permanent of UNO?

Ans. Yes.

Q. How long is Pakistan's border with Afghanistan?

Ans. 1800 Km.

Q. Khyber connects Pakistan with:

Ans. Afghanistan.

Q. When Russia invaded over Afghanistan?

Ans. December 1979.

Q. When Russia signed withdrawal agreement?

Ans. 1988.

Q. When did Russia withdraw its forces from Afghanistan?

Ans. 1989.

Q. What is the length of common border of Pakistan and Iran?

Ans. 900 Km.

Q. When R.C.D. was signed?

Ans. 1964.

Q. When did R.C.D. converted into E.C.O?

Ans. 1985.

Q. When did Pakistan become the member of U.N.O?

Ans. 30 September 1947.

Q. When did U.N.O start functioning?

Ans. 24 October 1945.

Q. What are the important organs of U.N.O?

Ans.

i. General Assembly.

ii. Security Council.

iii. Economic and Social Council.

iv. Trusteeship Council.

v. World Court of Justice.

vi. Secretariat.

Q. What are the total members of Security Council?

Ans. 15 members.

Q. When and where did OIC come into being?

Ans. 1965, in Morocco.

Q. When and where was the Second Islamic Conference held?

Ans. 1974, in Lahore.

Q. Where atomic explosions were carried out in Pakistan?

Ans. Chaghai (Balochistan).

Q. When did Pakistan join the Non-aligned Movement?

Ans. 1979.

Q. What is the Pakistani major export?

Ans. cotton.

Q. When Munir Report was prepared?

Ans. 1953.

Q. When Pakistan launched Ghauri Missile?

Ans. 6 April 1998.

Q. When Pakistan exploded its nuclear device?

Ans. 28 May 1998.

Q. How many devices were exploded on 30th May 1998?

Ans. One device.

Q. When did Pakistan rejoin Commonwealth?

Ans. 1989.

Q. When did the State Bank of Pakistan established?

Ans. 1st July 1948.

Q. When did Quaid-e-Azam die?

Ans. 11 September 1948.

Q. When did Indian occupy Jundgadh?

Ans. 8 November 1948.

Q. When did Objective Resolution pass?

Ans. 12 March 1949.

Q. When National Bank of Pakistan was formed?

Ans. 8 November 1949.

Q. When did Liaquat Ali Khan visit USA?

Ans. May 1950.

Q. When Liaquat Ali Khan was assassinated?

Ans. 16 October 1951.

Q. When Martial Law was imposed in Lahore?

Ans. 6th March 1953.

Q. When Muhammad Ali Bogra became Third Prime Minister of Pakistan?

Ans. 17 April 1953.

Q. When Defense Pact between USA and Pakistan was signed?

Ans. May 1954.

Q. When constituent assembly was dissolved by Governor General Ghulam Muhammad?

Ans. 24th October 1954.

Q. When Chaudry Muhammad Ali took over as the 4th Prime Minister of Pakistan?

Ans. 11 August 1955.

Q. When West Pakistan turned into One Unit?

Ans. 14th October 1955.

Q. When first constitution of Pakistan was introduced?

Ans. 23rd March 1956.

Q. When Sikandar Mirza dissolved East Pakistan Cabinet?

Ans. 26th May 1956.

Q. When H.S. Suhrawardy took over as 5th Prime Minister of Pakistan?

Ans. 12th September 1956.

Q. When I.I. Chandrigar was appointed 6th Prime Minister of Pakistan?

Ans. 17th October 1957.

Q. When Malik Firuz Khan Noon took over as the 7th Prime Minister of Pakistan?  
Ans. 16th December 1957.

Q. When Noon-Nehru agreement was signed?  
Ans. 11th September 1958.

Q. When Martial Law was imposed in the country?  
Ans. 7th October 1958.

Q. When EBDO was promulgated?  
Ans. 25 March 1959.

Q. When System of Basic Democracies was introduced?  
Ans. 26th October 1959.

Q. When Capital was shifted to Islamabad?  
Ans. 26th November 1959.

Q. When Field Martial Ayyub Khan was elected President by 80,000 Basic Democrates?  
Ans. 14th February 1960.

Q. When Constitution of 1962 was enforced?  
Ans. 1st March 1962.

Q. When Basic Democracy Election was held in East Pakistan?  
Ans. 10th November 1964.

Q. When Ayyub Khan defeated Miss Fatima J innah in Presidential Election by 49,951 to 28,691 votes?  
Ans. 2nd J anuary 1965.

Q. When Six Points of Sheikh Mujib-ur-Rehman were announced?  
Ans. 5th February 1965.

Q. When Rann of Kuch War between Indian and Pakistan was fought?  
Ans. April 1965.

Q. When Indo-Pakistan was started?  
Ans. 6th September 1965.

Q. When Tashkent Declaration was signed?  
Ans. 10 J anuary 1966.

Q. When did Field Martial Ayyub Khan relinquish office of President and General A.M.Yahya Khan imposed Martial Law in Pakistan?  
Ans. 25 March 1969.

Q. When One Unit was cancelled?  
Ans. 1st April 1970.

Q. When National Assembly Election held?  
Ans. 7th December 1970.

Q. When Provincial Assemblies Election held?  
Ans. 17th December 1970.

Q. When Indian Army attacked East Pakistan?  
Ans. 22nd November 1971.

Q. When State of Emergency was declared?  
Ans. 23rd November 1971.

Q. When Indian attacked West Pakistan?  
Ans. 3rd December 1971.

Q. When cease-fire in East Pakistan was announced?  
Ans. 16th December 1971.

Q. When Z.A.Bhutto took over as the 4th President of Pakistan? Ans. 20 December 1971.

Q. When Hamood-ur-Rehman Commission on East Pakistan was appointed?  
Ans. 24th December 1971.

Q. When Sheikh Mujib-ur-Rehman was freed?  
Ans. 3rd January 1972.

Q. When Simla Agreement was signed?  
Ans. 3rd July 1972.

Q. When Constitution of 1973 was enforced. Ch. Fazal Elahi was sworn in as the 5th President and Mr.Z.A. Bhutto as the 10th Prime Minister of Pakistan?  
Ans. 14th August 1973.

Q. When National Assembly declared the Ahmadis as a minority in Pakistan?  
Ans. 7th September 1974.

Q. When Awami Party was banned after the assassination of Hayat Sher Pao and on 20th October 1975 Supreme Court upheld this decision?  
Ans. 10th February 1975.

Q. When National Assembly Elections held. PPP won sweeping victory but other parties refused to accept the results?  
Ans. 7th March 1977.

Q. When PNA started country wide movement against Bhutto Government?  
Ans. 14th March 1977.

Q. When talks between PNA and Bhutto Government held. An agreement was reached but could not be implemented?  
Ans. 3rd to 15th June 1977.

Q. When General Zia-ul-Haq imposed Martial Law in Pakistan. Mr. Z.A. Bhutto and other leaders were taken in custody?  
Ans. 5th July 1977.

Q. When Supreme Court announced that Martial Law was legal?  
Ans. 10th November 1977.

Q. When Hadood Ordinance was promulgated?  
Ans. 10th February 1979.

Q. When Wafaqi Shariat Court was established?  
Ans. 26th May 1980.

Q. When Zakat and Ushr Ordinance was issued?  
Ans. 20th June 1980.

Q. When Zia-ul-Haq addressed U.N.O.?  
Ans. 1st October 1980.

Q. When Islamic University was established?  
Ans. 10th November 1980.

Q. When Ramazan Ordinance was promulgated?  
Ans. July 1981.

Q. When Majlis-e-Shoora was formed?  
Ans. 4th December 1981.

Q. When Qazi Courts were established?  
Ans. February 1983.

Q. When 6th Five-Year Plan was made?  
Ans. May 1983.

Q. When Wafaqi Mohtasib was appointed?  
Ans. August 1984.

Q. When Interest Free Banking was introduced? Ans. July 1984.

Q. When Nizam-e-Salat was introduced?

Ans. August 1984.

Q. When Presidential Referendums held?

Ans. 19th December 1984.

Q. When Election Schedule for 1985 elections announced?

Ans. 12th January 1985.

Q. When National Assembly Elections held?

Ans. February 1985.

Q. When Provincial Assembly Elections held?

Ans. 8th February 1985.

Q. When Zia-ul-Haq nominated Muhammad Khan Junejo as Prime Minister of Pakistan?

Ans. 10th March 1985.

Q. When Muhammad Khan Junejo sworn-in as Prime Minister of Pakistan?

Ans. March 1985.

Q. When Martial Law was lifted and Fundamental rights restored?

Ans. December 1985.

Q. When President Ghulam Ishaq Khan dissolved the National and Provincial Assemblies?

Ans. 6th August 1990.

Q. When National Assembly elections held in 1990?

Ans. 24th October 1990.

Q. When Provincial Assembly elections held in 1990?

Ans. 27th October 1990.

Q. When Mian Nawaz Sharif was elected leader of the Parliamentary group?

Ans. 1st November 1990.

Q. When Member of National Assembly sworn-in?

Ans. 3rd and 4th November 1990.

Q. When Mian Nawaz Sharif elected as the 13th Prime Minister of Pakistan?

Ans. 6th November 1990.

Q. When President Ghulam Ishaq Khan dissolved the National Assembly and Nawaz Sharif's Government was dismissed. Mir Balakh Sher Mazari was sworn-in as caretaker Prime Minister in 1993?

Ans. 19th April 1993.

Q. When President appointed Nazim Hasan Shah as permanent Chief Justice of Pakistan?

Ans. 27th April 1993.

Q. When Nawaz Government and National Assembly was restored. Supreme Court declared Presidential Order ultra vires Judgment passed?

Ans. 26th May 1993



## *PREVIOUS PAPERS.*

What is Moon? Satellite

2. Charge on Neutron? Neutral

3. Current flow means? Flow of electron

4. What is freezing point of Water? 0C

5. When Muslim league come into being? 1906

6. First president of Pakistan Muslim League? Ch. Khaliquzzaman (1949)

7. Which melts in room temperature? Mercury

8. Who is the chairman of Senate of Pakistan? Raza Rabbani

9. What is Soap? Salt

10. What type of gas in electric bulb? None of these(use Argon, neon etc)

11. Who is Saudia King? Salman

12. Who put martial law in 1977? Zia ul Ha

13. Who abrogated constitution in 1958 and put martial law? Sikandar Mirza

14. Who is chancellor of Germany? Angela Markel

15. Second prime minister of Pakistan? Nazim ud din

16. Who murdered Hazrat Ali R.A? Abdal-Rahman ibn Muljam

17. Zakat obliged in ? 2.A.H

18. Battle of Trench? 5 Hijri

19. Australia Capital? Canbera

20. Who accompanied in Hijrat to Hazrat Muhammat PBUH? Hazrat Abu Bakar R.A

21. Evolution means? Continuous

22. Zamzam means? Stop flowing

23. After one unit in 1955 who become Chief minister of West Pakistan? Dr Khan Sahib(Khan Abdul J abbar Khan)

24. In 1946 ministry of finance to? Liaquat Ali Khan

25. Simon Commission report in year of ? 1930

26. Capital change to Delhi from Culcutta in? 1911

27. Dry ice? Solid Carbon dioxide

28. Indus Basin Treaty ? 1960

29. Sheetan ko pebble kaha marty? Muzdalfa

30. ILO? International Labour Organization

31. Kashghar is in ? China

32. Pakistan and China connect with? Khunjrab Pass

33. Lolyd Muhammeden authored by? Sir Syed Ahmed Khan

34. Hormuz lies between? Gulf of Oman and the Persian Gulf

35. Who abolished one unit? Yahya khan

36. J aliawala Bagh Massacre at? Amrster 1919

37. Sindh separated ? Govt of India Act 1935

39. After 1946 election the CM of NWFP? Dr. Khan Sahib(Khan Abdul J abbar Khan)

40. Which is landlocked country? Nepal

41. P.M of Iraq? Haider al abidi

42. New name of Burma? Myanmar

43. Pakistan and India boundary line? Radcliff

44. Thickest layer of earth?Mantle

45. Income tax rate is 10% if tax deducted is 1500 what will be the income? 15000

46. 1,2,4,7,11,16,22.....? 29
47. A boy purchase pen for Rs.80 and sold for 40? Loss Rs. 40
48. A man purchase book of 440 and sold in 400? Loss 40
49. CNG? Compressed Natural Gas
50. Quran Pak completed in? 23 years
51. J anat Ul Baqi? Madina
52. Daily wages of worker is 200 increased by 10%? 220
53. Hexagon ? Six sided
54. More elastic? Steel
55. Diamond is the form of? Carbon
56. 1st constitution assembly dissolved by? Governor General Malik Ghulam Muhammad
57. Montague Chelmsford reforms? 1919
58. Blood is cleaned by? Liver
59. Baqrah surah means? Cow
60. 4cm square area? 16cm<sup>2</sup>
61. 3% of 2000? 60
62. If 16 men complete work in 10 days how much days required completing work by 8 men? 20 days.
63. If 45% students fail and 550 pass total number of students? 1000
64. Four side equal ? Square
66. Animals Who kill other for food is called ? Predator
67. J addah seaport is on? Red sea
68. All that glitters is not Gold.
69. Glance at
70. Insensible to
71. Temperate in
72. Living on
73. No one took care... Died
74. He said good bye to his father
75. Elephant belongs to my sister and me.
76. Between 200-300 A.H 6 Hadith books were written.
77. SAARC has 8 members.
78. Rats and mice killed by rohtendecides

1. Alloy of bronze : copper and Tin
2. Death of Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH): 632AD
3. Compilation of Quran into book : Hazrat Abu bakar
4. 8th Amendment in constitution: Zia-ul-Haq
5. First C-n-C: General mersery
6. Governer General of State bank of pakistan: Ashraf mehmood wathra
7. 2nd Governer General of Pakistan: Nazimun din
8. Daughter's of Muhammad (PBUH) : 4
9. Mycology is study of : Fungi
10. Prisedent of France: francios Holland
11. Heptagon: 7 sides
12. Surah without Bis millah: Surah Touba
13. President of Iran: hassan rohani
14. Current Unit: Ampere

15. USA foreign Secretary: J ohn Kerry 68th Secretary of State of the United States.  
16. Permanent Representative of Pakistan to the United Nations: Maliha Lodhi  
17. Iraqi President: Fuad Masum  
18. Light year is measured : distance  
19. Simla deputation presented the memorial in front of viceroy Lord minto  
20. 8th Hijri Fateh Makkah.  
21. Scalene Triangle: No equal sides, No equal angles  
22. Vitamin A: Night Vision  
23. Carrot having: Vitamin A  
26: Pakistan area: 796,095 km<sup>2</sup>  
27. Egypt is situated in Africa  
28. Suez Chanel : Connects red sea to Mediterranean  
1909 reforms minto morely  
Carrot source of vit A  
Vit A deficiency night blindness  
Current unit ampere  
Light year unit of length  
Sun is star  
Warkha bin naufil  
Zunurain :Usman RA  
4 daughters of prophet  
Event of Miraj 10 nabvi  
Prophet pbuh died 8june 632AD  
Study of fungi mycology  
Used in pencil graphite  
Ozone prevents UV rays  
Member of contituent assembly 1946 jogendmath  
1973 constitution became effective on 14th august  
First marshal law 7th oct 1958  
One unit 1954  
AIML founded in Dhaka  
Simla deputation met curzon  
Annulement of bengal partition in 1911  
Lucknow pact between Aiml and congress  
Cabinet paln had three members  
Second gov general of pak namzimudin  
Plants intake O<sub>2</sub> and produce CO<sub>2</sub> at night  
Al aqs a mosque jerusulm  
Us states 50  
Egypt in Africa  
Suez canal connects red and mediterranean sea  
SG of un ban ki moon  
Bronze alloy cu and tin  
NATO north atlantic treaty org  
Without bis millah sura Tauba  
NWFP became province under british rule 1901  
1- Prophet's daughters; 4  
2- Hazrat Khadija took Muhammad PBUH to; Warqa Bin Naufil

3- Soorah without Bismillah; Tauba  
4- 1st compilation of Quran; Hazrat Abo-Bakar RA  
5- Zunnorain; Hazrat Usman RA  
6- Conquest of Makkah; 8th AH  
7- Miraj incident; 10th Nabwi  
8- Death of Muhammad PBUH; 632 AD (I wrote 633 AD)  
9- 1st Revelation; 610 AD  
10- Al-Aqsa mosque; Jerusalem  
Alaqa is a mosque in the old city of Jerusalem.  
Quran was converted into a book in the era of Hazrat Abu Bakr Siddique.  
8th Amendment in constitution is in the era of Gen Zia ul Haq in 1985 and was excessively used by President Ghulam Ishaq Khan.  
First commander and chief of Pakistan was Yousaf Iqbal.  
Second Governor General of Pakistan is Khawaja Muhammad Nazimuddin.  
Heptagon has seven sides.  
Scalene Triangle: No equal sides, No equal angles  
8th Hijri Fateh Makkah.  
Simla deputation presented the memorial in front of Viceroy Lord Minto  
Light year is a unit of length.  
Member of constitution assembly in 1946 was Jogendra Math.  
First martial law 7th Oct 1958.  
Partition of Bengal was in 1911.  
Freezing point of water is 32°F.  
Distillation is the process through which salt is removed from water.  
Meteorology is the scientific study of the atmosphere.  
Red, green and blue are primary colors.  
Rowlatt Act also known as The Anarchical and Revolutionary Crimes Act, 1919.  
Lack of Vitamin-A; Night-Blindness  
Carrot is a source of Vitamin A  
Mycology; Study of Fungi  
Electrons revolve around; Nucleus  
Battery; converts chemical to electrical  
Universal donor; O negative (That's what I have written)  
Sun; Star  
Plants intake/out-take at night; Oxygen/ Carbon dioxide  
Laughing gas; Nitrous oxide  
Freezing point of water; 32°F  
Salty water; Distillation (I wrote Filtration)  
Primary colors; I wrote Red-Green-Blue (Don't know the right answer)  
Pencil; Graphite  
Light-year; Length/distance  
Spider; 8 legs  
Bronze; Cu-Tin  
Meteorology; Study of atmosphere  
Unit of current; Ampere  
3. First C-in-C-General Dyer  
4. Governor General of SBP-Ashraf Mahmood Wathra  
5. 2nd Governor General of Pakistan-Nazimuddin

6. No. Of daughter's of SAW-4
  7. President of Iraq-Faud Masum
  8. US special representative for Afghanistan and Pakistan is-J ames Dobbins.
  9. Franc's President- François Hollande
  10. Turkey's President-Tayyip Erdoğan
  11. Iran's President- Hassan Rouhani
  12. Unit of Current-Ampere
  27. Zunurain (having 2 noors who got married to the daughters of SAW)-Usman
  28. Sound can't travel through vacuum.
  29. Chemical to electricity is-Battery
  30. Pak area-79695 km<sup>2</sup>
  31. Egypt in-Africa
  32. Suez Canal Connects-Red Sea Mediterranean sea
  35. US States-50
  38. 1st revelation took place in-610 AD
  39. Al-Aqsa mosque is in-J erusalem
  40. Jogendra Nath Mandal was the member of constitution assembly in-1946
  41. 1st Martial law took place in-7th Oct, 1958
  42. Partition of Bengal annulled-1911
  43. Luck now pact was between-Muslim+Congress
  44. Freezing point of water is 0 degree
  45. Salt gets off though-distillation
  49. 5,8, 11,? 14
  50. Electrons revolve around-Nucleus
  51. Pencil-Graphite
  52. Ozone protects-UV Rays
  53. One unit was initiated on 22th Nov & established/took place on-14th Oct, 1955
  54. KPK was constituted to become a province by British in-1946
- Normal body temperature  
location of genes in body,,DNA  
NO OF poles in magnet..2  
opposite charge...attract  
charge is store in...capacitor  
diameter always divide circle in..2parts  
no of bones in human skeleton...206  
right angle is ,,90  
ratio of 1km to 600m,,,5/3  
power set of (1,2,3) has no of elements ,,8  
for survival of species ,,reproduction is necessary  
study of medicine manufacturing is called,,,pharmacy  
saif ullah is tittle of which sahabi,,,khalid bin waleed RA  
muslim stay in ,,during social baycott  
who translated quran from arabic into persian,,,shah wali ullah  
basic belief in islam,,,5  
diamond is form of ,,carbon  
Ghzwa badar was happend in ,,2 hijri  
dangerous gas is,,,co  
all india muslim league was founded in ,,Dhaka

Quaid-e-Azam delivered 14 points in 1929  
 first president of Pakistan is Iskandar Mirza  
 who wrote now or never, Ch. Rahmat Ali  
 last viceroy of India is Lord Mountbatten  
 first martial law was imposed in 1958  
 Indus Basin Treaty was signed in 1960  
 On 27th December 2007, Benazir Bhutto  
 Gomal Pass connected Pakistan and Afghanistan  
 Zia ul Haq was died in 17th August 1988  
 Suez Canal is situated near to Egypt  
 Pakistan and Afghanistan border is called Durand Line  
 ECO founding members: Pakistan, Turkey, Iran  
 Muslim performed first Hajj in supervision of Hazrat Abu Bakr RA  
 2nd World War was 1939 to 1945  
 World Trade Center located in New York  
 2nd Islamic Summit was held in Lahore  
 Babri Masjid accident was happened in 1992  
 Present British Prime Minister is David Cameron  
 Iran Revolution was in 1979  
 Russia attacked on Afghanistan in 1979  
 Electron has negative charge  
 Guardian of Holy Prophet Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH) is Hazrat Abu Talib  
 Mangla Dam is situated in which province? None of these  
 Circumference divide circle into 360 degrees  
 Distance on circle circumference is called arc  
 Two circles having radius of 3, 5 and touching externally, center distance between them is ...8  
 0.01 can be written as  $\frac{1}{100}$   
 25% can be written as 0.25  
 a:b::c:d, b and c is called means  
 Motion of an object moving straight line is called linear motion  
 Null set is also called empty set  
 Afghanistan president is Ashraf Ghani  
 Capital of Nepal (Kathmandu)  
 2. Capital of USA (Washington DC)  
 3. Capital of Morocco (Rabat)  
 4. Kaaba first time constructed (Ibrahim a.s.)  
 5. Islamic revolution in Iran (1979)  
 6. Khunjerab Pass (Pak & China)  
 7. Last railway station in KPK (Landikotal)  
 8. Divine Books (4)  
 9. PLO Abbreviation  
 10. Abdul Kalam Azad belong to (India Congress)  
 11. Gomal Pass (Pak & Afghanistan)  
 12. Mangla Dam (None)  
 13. Uhud Battle (3 Hijri)  
 14. First mosque in Islam (Masjid Quba)  
 15. Madrasa name in Masjid Nabvi s.a.w. (Madrasa Suffa)

16. Zun norain (Hazrat Usman r.a)
17. Saifullah (Hazrat Khalid bin walid r.z)
18. Hazrat Ayesha father (Hazrat Abubakkar r.z)
19. Atom has charge (neutral)
20. Russia attack on Afghanistan(1979)
21. Fall of Dhaka took place (1971)
22. Founding member ECO (Pakistan, Iran, Turkey)
  - 1: Find the value... $5X=30$  ?
  - 3: Ratio of One kilometer to 600 meters ?
  - 5: Circumference of a circle is divided in ..... Degrees?
  - 6: A Right angle is an angle of ..... Degrees?
  - 7: Distance of any of any of circle to its center is known as .....?
  - 8: Null set means ....?
  - 9: A team won 4 hockey matches and lost 5 matches, The ratio of win to loss is..... ?
  - 10: A part of circumference of a circle is ?
  - 11: Diameter divides the circle in how many parts?
  - 12: In  $a:b :: c:d$ , b and c are called ?
  - 13: Radii of two externally touching circles are 3cm and 5cm, the distance between their centers will be?
  - 14: 0.01 is equal to?
  - 15:  $1=1, 2=8, 3=27, \dots\dots\dots$
  - 16: 0.25 ? What percent
  - 17: $1=1, 2=3, 3=5, 4=7, \dots\dots\dots?$
  - 18: An outer angle of a right angle is equal to ..... Degrees
  - 19: Find,  $4:x :: 5 : 15$
  - 20: Linear motion means.....?
- 1: Opposite charges ..... Each other
- 2: Number of poles in a magnet?
- 3: In computer Technology, processed data is called?
- 4: process of how Plants make their food ?
- 5: An electronic message is known as.....?
- 6: Essential process for continuation of species is .....?
- 7: Genes are located on.....?
- 8: Normal body temperature is ....?
- 9: Which one is more poisonous gas ....? ( Nitrogen, carbon, carbon mono oxide, neon)
- 10: study of preparing medicine is known as ...?
- 11: Smallest particle of matter is...?
- 12: Ratio of Hydrogen and oxygen in water ....?
- 13: ..... Is used in thermometer.
- 14: Electron has ..... Charge.
- 15: Diamond is a form of.....?
- 16: storage of charge is done in.....?
- 1: Quran was translated into Persian by ...?
- 2: Basic beliefs of Islam are .....?
- 3: Madrassah Suffa was established at which mosque...?
- 4: Who was the guardian of the Holy Prophet.....?
- 5: Battle of Badr was fought in .....Hijra?
- 6: Saif Ullah was the title of .....?

- 7: .....Idols were placed in Khana Kaaba?
- 8: Ameer-e Hajj was .....?
- 9: Bani Hasham stayed in .....During social bycott?
- 10: Superiority of Human Beings over Angels is due to.....?
- 1: President Zia-ul-Haq died on.....?
- 2: ..... Was martyred on 27th December 2007.
- 3: Gomal pass connects...?
- 4: Founding members of E.C.O...?
- 5 : Suez canal is near.....? Egypt
- 6: Russia attacked Afghanistan on....?
- 7: Tashkent was signed between?
- 8: Bangladesh was separated after the war of....?
- 9: Babri Mosque was demolished in the year....?
- 10: Economic corridor connects .....?
- 11: Second World War took place from.....To .....?
- 12:Mangla Dam is located in....?
- 13: Second Islamic Conference was held in which city?
- 14: Iranian Revolution in the year....?
- 15: Which department is responsible for the discovery of oil and gas in Pakistan...?
- 16: Capital of Morocco?
- 17: PM of India?
- 18: PM of Britain?
- 19: Afghanistan-Pakistan border is known as.....?
- 20: Geneva accord was signed on... ?Exact date
- 21: Tragedy of World Trade Center took place in the city of.....?
- 22: Gondwana port is located on which ocean/bay?
- 23:All India Muslim League was founded in the city of....?
- 24: Quaid-e-Azam presented his 14 points in the year....?
- 25:The pamphlet 'Now or Never' was written by .....?
- 26: Last Governor General of United India?
- 27: Last Governor General of Pakistan..?
- 28:First martial law in Pakistan was promulgated in the year.....?
- 29:Water dispute with India was settled through .....?
- Father of Hazrat Ayesha(R.A)... Hazrat Abu Bakr siddique(R.A)
- 2) obtuse angle... Greater than 90.
- 3) Geneva Accord... April 16,1988
- 4)  $1=5;2=4;3=6;4=5$  then  $5=7$
- 5)cube root of 3....27
- 6)ghazwa ohd.... 3 hijri
- 7)Muslim league founded... 1906
- 8) Allama Iqbal khutba in 1930..at Ilabad.
- 9)Last governor general of united India... Canning
- 10) last governor general of Pakistan...Sikandar Mirza
- 11) pak-afghan border... Durand line
- 12) khunjrab pass connects Pakistan & china.
- 13) last railway station of KPK.... Landi kotal
- 14) Turner in ... Balochistan
- 15) zun no rain... Hazrat Usman (R.A)



- 16) Iran inqilaab...1979
- 17) ECO founder member...Iran, pak,turkey
- 18)2nd world war..1939-45
- 19) Optic illusion... Mirage
- 20) first martial law...7 Oct 1958
- 21) Fatima J innah contested... Ayub Khan
- 22) mother of Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH)...Hazrat Amna (R.A)
- 23) parallelogram opposite angles... Equal
- 24) radius is distance from circumference point to centre.
- 25) sum of all angles of triangle..180
- 26)sum of all angles of circle...360
- 27) Zia ul Huq...17 aug 1988
- 28) Russia invaded Afghanistan... Dec 1979
- 29) Maracco capital...Rabat
- 30) KSA king... King Suleiman
- 1 Saifullah laqab...Hazrat Khalid bin waleed
- 2 Quran revealed ..Ramzan
- 3 jang e ohad ..3h
- 4 zunnurain..hazrat Usman RA
- 5 Hazrat ayesha RA daughter of..Abu bakar RA
- 6 Mother name of Hazrat Muhammad PBUH...Hazrat amna..
- 7 last governor of pak..Iskandar mirza
- 8 last governor of united india....
- 9 tashkent between..pak india
- 10 durand line..pak afghan
- 11 khunjerab pass..pak chine
- 12 gomal pass....pak afghan
- 13 turbat in which province..balochistan
- 14 muslim league found in...1906
- 15 cardiac related to...
- 16 capital of usa...Washington
- 17 capital of nepal....kathmandu
- 18 suez canal in...egypt
- 19 chronometer is used to measure?
- 20 barometer...air pressure
- 21 first Mosque...Quba
- 22 madrissah made in Masjid nabvi...Suffah
- 23 PLO stand for.... Palestine liberation organization
- 24 ECO members...p
- 25 ICC president name..zaheer abas s
- 26 abul kalam azad belongs to which party..congress
- 27 as mani kitabain..4
- 31) first masjid... Quba
- 32) circuit saver...Fuse
- 33) hereditary traits... Chromosome or DNA?
- 34) Bangladesh...Dec 16,1971
- 35) taskent...B/w pak & India
- 36) sound of thunder... Aftr light

37) volcano contain lava  
38) mangla dam... Punjab  
39) speed of car when stops... Zero  
40) Skeleton supports body or organs???

28 KSA king... King suleiman  
29 Russia invaded Afghanistan... Dec 1979  
30 Maracco capital...Rabat  
31 Zia ul Huq...17 aug 1988  
32 sum of all angles of triangle...180  
33 radius is distance from circumference point to...  
34 parallelogram opposite angles... Equal  
35 Optic illusion... Mirage..weak eye side...  
36 2nd world war..1939-45  
37 ECO founder member... Iran, pak,turkey  
38 Iran inqilaab...1979  
39 last railway station of KPK.... Landi kotal  
40 Allama Iqbal khutba in 1930...Allabad.  
41 cube root of 3....27  
42  $1=5;2=4;3=6;4=5$  then  $5=7$   
43 Geneva Accord... April 16,1988  
44 obtuse angle... Greater than 90.  
45 Two parallel lines....never meet  
46 Empty set is called....Null set  
47 Hereditary Traits are something like this..... DNA  
48 Neuron is unit of... Nervous system  
49 Nervous system desease...Epilepsy  
50 cardiac diseases relate to .....Heart  
51 skeleton function to...support the body..  
52 circuit saver...Fuse  
53 Bangladesh...Dec 16,1971  
54 speed of car when stops... Zero  
55 mangla dam... Punjab  
56 sound of thunder... Aftr light

ECO was founded by; Pakistan Iran and Turkey  
Revolution in Iran was in 1979  
Chronometer is used for Longitude(mine was incorrect)  
Lactometer is used for measuring milk  
Evaporation causes cooling(mine was incorrect)  
Allama Iqbal addressed all india muslim league in 1930 at Allahabad  
Medressah in Mashid e Nabwi SAWW is known as ?  
Saifullah was the laqb of Hazrat Khalid bin Waleed  
Last railway station in KPK is Landi Kotal  
Gomall Pass connects pak-afg  
Mangla Dam is Located in Mirpur, Azad Kashmir  
Russia aatcked Agh in 1979  
complete the series... 1,3,5,7,9  
Fatima J innah contested election against Ayub Khan  
Muslim League was formed in 1906

Uhud took place in 3 AH  
The sum of all angles of a triangle is 180  
Opposite sides of parallelogram are equal (mine was incorrect)  
hexagon has six sides  
circle has 4 right angles  
the angle between X and YX is.... I wrote 180. Please correct it.  
Obtuse angle is more than 90 degree  
Tashkent declaration was signed b/w India And Pakistan  
PLO stand for Palestine Liberation Org  
Zunorain was the title of Hazrat Usman RA  
Hazrat Ayesha was the daughter of Hazrat Abu Bakr RA  
0.5 is equal to  $1/2$   
.25 is 25%  
.1 is equal to  $1/10$   
Cubic root of 3 is 27  
Confide in  
exception for/of.... Confused  
the ratio b/w 100 cm and 1 km is... I wrote 1:100.... Please rectify  
Khanjrab connects pak-china  
Khatmandu is the capital of Nepal  
Rabbat is the capital of Morocco  
Sirimavo Bandaranaike was from srilanka  
The capital of USA is Washington DC  
KSA king is Shah Salman  
Radius is the distance from circumference point to centre.  
Last governor general of united India Lord Mount Baton  
Optic illusion is called Mirage  
Pak-afghan border is called Durand line  
Mother of Hazrat Muhammad SAWW was Hazrat Amna RA  
2nd world war was fought in 1939-45  
Last governor general of Pakistan was Sikandar Mirza  
 $1=5; 2=4; 3=6; 4=5$  then  $5=7$   
Zia ul Haq was killed in 17 Aug 1988  
obtuse angle is an angle of Greater than 90 degree  
Turbat is in Balochistan  
1 Bones in human body? 206  
2 27 dec 2007 is the assassinated date of ? Banzir bhutto  
3 indian PM? Narindar modi  
4 morocco capital? Rabat  
5 Russia attack in afghanistan? Dec 1979  
6 Russia went back from afghanistan, genava ? Feb 1989  
7 Charge storage ? Capacitor  
8 electron has ? -ve charge  
9 water has ratio of hydrogen & oxygen? 2:1  
10 Last governor general of pak? Ghulam  
11 last viceroy? Lord mountbatten  
12 Guardian of Holy Prophet(S.A.W.) ? Hazrat Abdulmutlib  
13 Null set ? Empty

- 14 Linear motion? Straight
- 15 Suez canal ? Egypt
- 16 Diamond? Carbon
- 17 Conductor? Copper
- 18 in a:b::c:d , b & c are? Mean
- 19 0.01 is equal to? 1/100
- 20 if 1=1, 2=3 ,3=5 ,4=7,\_\_\_\_\_? 5=11 or 5=9
- 21 study medicine in medical? Pharma
- 22 plant get food? Photosynthesis
- 23 animals need to ? Reproduction
- 24 freezng point of water? 0 degree
- 25 Gawadr port ? Pak & central asia
- 26 gomal pass? Pak & Afghanistan
- 27 ECO countries? Pak Iran turkey
- 28 2nd islamic cnfmce? Lahore
- 29 Babre masjid shaheed? 1992
- 30 bangladesh came into being? 1970
- 31 WWII? 1939-1945
- 32 Zia ul haq death? August 17, 1988
- 33 who is responsible for oil exploration in Pakistan? OGDCL
- 34 Now or never? Ch rehmat ali
- 35 Water agremnt b/w Pak & India? Indus water treaty
- 36 smallest particle of matter? Atom
- 37 Quaid 14 points? 1929
- 38 used in thermometer? Mercury
- 39 Genes r presnt in? Chromosomes
- 40 Suffa Madrassa ? In masjid e Nabvi
- 41 Saifullah was the title of? Hazrat khalid bin waleed R.A.
- 42 Banu Hashim stayed at which place during social boycott? Shib Abi Talib
- 43 Number of idols in kaaba? 360
- 44 first martial law in pakistan?1958
- 45 most poisonous gas? Co
- 46 normal body temperature C? 37
- 47 all india muslim league birth city? Dhakka
- 48 iran revolution? 1979
- British PM? Kamron
- 49 mangla dam province? Azad khas mir
- 50 Afghan PM? Ashraf Ghani
- 51 Pak Afghan border? Durand line
- 52 first Ameer e Hajj was ? Hazrat Abu Bakr R.A.
- 53 diameter divids circl in ? 2 parts
- 54 distance from the center of a circle to any point on the circle? Radius
- 55 circumference circl ? 360
- 56 Gowanda port is in which sea?
- 57 Holy Quraan was firstly translated in persian by?
- Wood burning emit carbon mono oxide.
- Why rainbow formed after rain.
- If heat temperature is increasing than what will be reaction of human body . Respiration

increases , decreases.  
Formula of water soda.  
Why pressure cooker cook in less time .  
Unit of current . Ohm watt ampere or none  
Albert e=mc<sup>2</sup> is scientist of which field physics.  
Best source of vitamin a is carrot .  
All india muslim league formed in 1906  
Present const of pakistan is .  
Quaid e azam become governer on 14 aug 1947  
Firs t prime minis ter liaquat ali khan.  
Kashmir election by UN in 1948 , 1949 .  
Nobel prize abdul salam was awarded in.  
State bank of pakis tan establsh ed 1949 .  
UN 24 oct 1945.  
Pakistan become member of un in .  
Who compiled holy quran .  
Nimaz is tas qa offered for rain.  
Ayat in quran 6666.  
Surah in quran 114.  
Longest surah al baqra.  
Shortest surah al kus ar , ikhlas .  
Fateh a war of khaibar Hazrat Ali A.S .  
Saifullah khalid bin walid  
Meaning of tauheed.  
Meaning zakkat .  
Work of ras ool .  
Meaning of holy quran.  
Nimaz without azan .  
Islamic calender introduced by .  
Res olution of pakis tan 1940 at lahore  
Dialys is is related with diseas of kidny.  
Vicery at partition of Indian  
Tarbela dam on which river?  
UN as sembly formed on which date?  
Why evaporation lowers temperature?  
Quaid took oath as governer general on which date?  
State bank inaugurated on which date?  
1 horse power equal to how many watts?  
Literal meaning of is lam?  
Literal meaning of sunnat?  
Nimaz e istis qa for what purpos e?  
Saifullah title of?  
Who conquered last baab of khyber?  
Which surat starts without bis millah?  
Longest surat?  
Shortest surat?  
Unit of current?  
Why pressure cooker cooks food fast?

Which gas helps in burning?  
Which gas is produced when wood burns?  
Why rainbow is formed only after rain?  
On which date UN ordered plebis cite in Kas hmir?

### MCQs Paper of Preventive Officer FPSC

Total Questions were 100. Here is given answers please identify if any answer is wrong

- 1 Sum of the Triange is (180)
- 2 1-5.2-4,3-6,4-5 (5-7)
- 3 Null set is also called ...empty set
- 4 1,3,5,7 ... (9)
- 5 100 cm is equal to km (1/1000)
- 6 In a:b :: c:d , b and c are called (Mean)
- 7 0.1 is equal to? 1/10
- 8 0.25 ? what percent 25%
- 9 0.5 is equal to (1/2)
- 10 parallelogram sides are not equal
- 11 Radius is the distance from circumference point to centre
- 12 Zig zag motion of an object moving ??? (straight)
- 13  $x=8, x=56$  ???? (7)
- 14 O is drawn by how many Right angles???? (4)
- 15 X,xy is angle of ?????? (180)
- 16 Distance on circle circumference is called ,,arc
- 17 A team won 4 hockey matches and lost 5 matches, The ratio 4:5.
- 18 Hexagon has sides 6
- 19 Obtuse angle is more than 90 degree
- 20 Cubic root of 3 is 27
- 21 Two parallel lines ( never meet )
- Science
- 22 Electric circuit is Protected by (Fuse)
- 23 Atom has charge (neutral)
- 24 Genes located in (Chromosomes) ?
- 25 Normal Pulse Rate (72)?
- 26 Chronometer is used for Longitude
- 27 Atmospheric pressure Measured by Barometer
- 28 Milk Quantity is measured by lactometer
- 29 water and co2 will make soda
- 30 Cardiac is Related to (Heart)
- 31 Neuron is unit of... nervous system
- 32 Nervous system disease...Epilepsy
- 33 Kidney relates with system (excrete)
- 34 Two Positive Charges.....Each Other (Attracts)??
- 35 Optic illusion is called weak sight????
- 36 Sound of thunder... Aftr light
- 37 volcano contain lava
- 38 speed of car when stops... Zero
- 39 Skeleton supports body or organs?

## Islamiat

- 40 Kaaba first time constructed (Adam)
- 41 Divine Books of Islam (4)
- 42 Uhud battle (3 hijri)
- 43 First mosque in Islam ( Masjid Quba)
- 44 Madrasa name in masjid nabvi s.a.w.(madrasa suffa)
- 45 Zunnorain (Hazrat Usman r.a)
- 46 Saifullah (Hazrat Khalid bin walid r.z)
- 47 Hazrat Ayesha father (Hazrat Abubakkar r.z)
- 48 Mother Name Of Muhammad (PBUH)
- 49 Holy Quran Revealed Month Ramzan

## Pak Studies

- 50 Tashkent was signed between ind/pak
- 51 Bangladesh was separated after the war of... 1971
- 52 Fall of Dhaka took place (1971) 16dec
- 53 Afghanistan-Pakistan border is known as.....Durand line
- 54 Allama Iqbal Addresses In 1930 (Allahabad)
- 55 Khunjab pass (pak & china)
- 56 Gomal pass (pak & afganistan)
- 57 Mangla Dam (None)
- 58 Last railway station in KPK (Landikotal)
- 59 President Zia-ul-Haq died on.....? exact date 17aug 1988
- 60 Fatimah Jinnah competed against ? (Ayub Khan)
- 61 Last Governor General of Pakistan.. Khawaja Nazimuddin
- 62 Last Governor General of United India Mountbatten
- 63 First martial law in Pakistan was promulgated in the year 1958
- 64 Abdul Kalam Azad belong to (India Congress)
- 65 Muslim League was formed in 1906
- 66 Turbat is in Balochistan G.K
- 67 Capital of Nepal (Kathmandu)
- 68 Capital of USA (Washington DC)
- 69 ICC president name..zaheer Abbas
- 70 Capital of Morocco (Rabat)
- 71 Islamic revolution in Iran (1979)
- 72 Founding member ECO (Pakistan, Iran, Turkey)
- 73 PLO Abbreviation (Palestinian Labour Org)
- 74 Russia attack on Afghanistan(1979)
- 75 Geneva accord.. 1988
- 76 King Of Saudi Arabia (Shah Faisal)
- 77 Second World War took place from 39-45
- 78 Bindra Nayeke belongs to which country Sri-lanka
- 79 Suez canal is near.....? Egypt was the answer.
- 80 Afghanistan president is ,,,"Asraf Ghani

## Batch-1 Paper

1. KPK province founded in – 1901

2. Simla delegation met with – Minto
3. Lucknow Pact b/w – Congress & AIML
4. Cabinet commission consist – 3 members
5. One unit – 1955
6. Revolt Act – Anarchy and Revolution Act
7. Governor of State Bank – Ashraf
8. President of 1 Constitutional Assembly – Molvi Tameez u Din
9. President of France – Ronald
10. President of Iraq – Fahad Mosam
11. President of Iran – Hassan Rohani
12. Daughters of Holy Prophet (PBUH) – 4
13. Hazrat Khadija took Prophet (PBUH) to – Warqa bin Nofal
14. Ratio of Zakat – 2.5%
15. Non- Muslim Minister – Nahat Mandel
16. Second Governor General – Khawaja Nazim
17. At the time of 8th Amendment PM was –
18. 1973 constitution enforced on – 14th August
19. WHO stands for – World Health Organization
20. Suez Canal – Red Sea & Mediterranean Sea
21. Prophet (PBUH) died – 8 June 632
22. Quran compiled in shape of book – Hazrat Usman
23. 7 sided shape – Heptagon
24. 4 equal sided shape called – Square
25. Degree and length not equal shape called \_\_\_\_\_?
26. Universal donor – O-ve
27. Chemical energy convert into electrical energy – Battery
28. Simon commission headed by – Stafford Simon
29. Sound not travel in – Vacuum
30. Plants takes in night – Oxygen
31. Primary color – RBG
32. Laughing gas – Nitrous Oxide
33. Carrot contains – Vitamin A
34. Salty water purifies through – desalination
35. Bronze is alloy of copper and tin
36. Freezing pint of water is – 32 F
37. Electron revolve – Nucleus
38. Led pencil consist – Graphite
39. Mycology – fungus
40. Light year is –
41. Secretary General of UNO – Ban ki Mon
42. US secretary of foreign affairs – John Carry
43. Minto Reforms – 1909
44. Vitamin A deficiency causes – Night blindness
45. Sun is a – Star
46. Who is called Zun-u-ran – Hazrat Usman
47. Metrology – Atmosphere
48. Egypt is in – Africa
49. NATO is abbreviation of –



50. First Martial Law – 7 Oct 1958
51. Fateh Makkah – 8 Hijri
52. Maki Surat – 86
53. Surat without Bismillah – Toba
54. Miraj – 27 Rajab (10 Nabvi)
55. Masjid Aqsa – Jerusalem
56. Spiders legs – 8
57. Asbab-e-Baghawat-e-Hind – Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
58. USA states – 50
59. Current unit is – Ampere
60. Total area of Pak – 796096 km<sup>2</sup>
61. First revelation of Quran – 610 AD
62. Which is greatest  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 236,  $\frac{1}{9}$  of 504,  $\frac{1}{3}$  of 741
63. Series – 1,3,5,7,11,13.....
64. 11,7,14,10,17,13,20,17.....
65. 10 men do work in 40 days than 20 men can do in how many days?
66. 17.1 of NBR is 51 ...?
67. Table purchase 400, sale 600, what is the %age of profit
68. 8 car wash in 18 min, at this rate how many car washed in 3 hrs
69. Average of three numbers is 32, if first two number is 16,24 which is the third
70. Factor of 12
71. Car sold 47930, which cost is 44000, calculate %age of profit
72. Premier election of 1946 – Khizar Hayat Tiwana
73. PML – 1949

***Its SADQA-E-JARIYA !!!! Please share with others  
.... might be helpful for someone.....***